

11/5/2022  
VCD : \_\_\_\_\_ CLASS:FYBA SUB:POLITICAL SCIENCE-I HOUR:3 MARKS:100

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Notes: 1) All questions are compulsory.

2) Figure to the right indicates full marks.

Q. 1. Tick the correct answer. (2 Marks each) 50

1. How many lists have been prepared for Central-State Legal Relations?

A. Three B. Two C. Five D. Four

2. How many subjects are included in the team list in terms of national interest?

A.98 B.97 C.90 D.96

3. How many subjects are included in the state list in terms of state development?

A. 40 B.42 C.66 D.47

4. How many subjects are included in the concurrent list which is shared by the Center and the constituent states.

A. 40 B.42 C.43. D. 47

5. Parliament is empowered to make laws on matters which are not included in any of the lists.

A. Remaining rights B. Specific rights. C. Legal rights. D. Statutory rights

6. Who pays the salaries and allowances of the officers in the All India Service?

A. Central Government B. Component State Government C. President D. Prime Minister

7. Who has the power to impose President's rule as per Article 356 in the constituent states?

A. Prime Minister B. Chief Minister C. President D. Chief Justice

8. What is the role of the Center in terms of administrative relations in general?

A. Single. B. Triple. C. identical D. double

9. Who has divided the income between the Center and the constituent states?  
A. Constitution B. President C. Prime Minister D. Chief Justice.
10. Who imposes export tax on hemp and linen products?  
A. President. B. Central Government. C. State Government D. Governor
11. To whom do the constituent states depend financially?  
A. Parliament. B. Court. C. Central Government. C. Lok Sabha
12. What is meant by the Central Government not interfering in the jurisdiction of the States.  
A. Rights. B. Equality. C. Justice D. Autonomy
- 13 The formation of small states is a fundamental decision of India at the regional level.  
A. Development .B. Justice. C. of the state.D. Of the center
14. Separation creates financial problems and what problems?  
A. Social B. Government C. Ethical D. Educational
15. Which is the oldest and longest running national party.  
A. BJP. B. Shiv Sena C. Congress. D. Nationalist Congress
16. What is the fault of all political parties in India?  
A. Ethnicity. B. bigoted. C. Linguistics. D. dynastic
17. Which party made the Hindu nationalist movement more aggressive on the issue of Ram Janmabhoomi in the 90's?  
A. BJP. B. Congress. C. Shiv Sena. D. MNS
18. Which area of Sangh Parivar does BJP represent?  
A. Social. B. Political. C Ethical. D. Religious
19. Who is known as a right-wing ideologue?  
A. Nationalist Congress. B. Congress. C. BJP. D. Shiv Sena

20. Which party has the strongest hold in West Bengal, Tripura, Andhra Pradesh and Assam?

A. Congress. B. Trinamool Congress. C. National Conference. D. Communist Party.

21. Which party opposes free capitalism?

A. Communist Party of India. B. Congress party. D. Shiv Sena-BJP

22. In which state the Marxist party ruled for thirty consecutive years.

A. Kerala. B. West Bengal. C. Maharashtra. D. Tripura

23. Akali Dal is a party in which state.

A. Maharashtra. B. Assam. C. Punjab. D. Kerala

24. Which party demanded an independent Khalistan during the Partition of India?

A. Swarajya Paksha. B. Labor party. C. Congress party. D. Akali Dal

25. Which party was led by Master Tarasingh?

A. Akali Dal. B. Trinamool. C. Congress party. D. DMK

Q.2 Attempt any one of the following. 10

a) Discuss the changing nature of centre and state relations.

OR

b) Comment on the financial relations between centre and state.

Q.3. Attempt any one of the following. 10

a) Discuss the current status of Nationalist congress party.

OR

b) Explain the Ideology of the regional party-Shivsena.

Q.4. Attempt any one of the following. 10

a) Explain the role of caste in Indian politics.

OR

b) Discuss in brief - 'Communalism'.

Q.5. Attempt any one of the following. 10

a) Comment on the activities of international terrorist organization in India.

OR

b) Explain the causes of the criminalization of Indian politics.

Q.6 Write short notes (Any Two). 10

a) Corruption.

b) Financial emergency.

c) Reservation.