

Time: 2 Hours

Marks: 60

1. Do as directed (Any six of the following): (2 marks each) (12 Marks)
- A gift was received by Prem. (Change the sentence into active voice)
  - Tina is always happy. (Change into Negative Sentence without changing the meaning)
  - ram asked shyam do you know today is my birthday (Punctuate the Sentence)
  - He threw the ball. (Change the sentence into passive voice)
  - Switzerland is the most beautiful country in the world (Change to comparative degree)
  - We should exercise or we cannot have good health. (Convert into a simple sentence)
  - How fast the is the train running? (Change into affirmative sentence)
  - Write any two features of the magazine "Law Teller"
  - Explain the citation: - Deena v Union of India AIR 1983 SC 1153
  - Give the full form of: (I) A.I.R (II) I.T.R
2. Write Short notes (Any two) (12 Marks)
- Rex non potest peccare
  - Explain different kinds of writs
  - Explain: i) amicus curie ii) Acquittal iii) revision
  - Ignorantia juris non excusat
3. Answer any two of the following: (6 marks each) (12)

Answer the following questions with reference to the Legislative Extract given below.

[A] **THE MEDICAL TERMINATION OF PREGNANCY ACT, 1971**  
(Act No. 34 of 1971)

[10th August, 1971]

An Act to provide for the termination of certain pregnancies by registered medical practitioners and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Twenty-second Year of the Republic of India as follows:

**1. Short title, extent and commencement-**

- (1) This Act may be called the Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971.
- (2) It extends to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

**Identify the following:**

- |                        |                     |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| a) Preamble            | b) Enacting formula |
| c) Commencement Clause | d) Long Title       |

**[B] THE PROTECTION OF HUMAN RIGHTS ACT, 1993**

(Act No. 10 of 1994)

[8th January, 1994]

An Act to provide for the Constitution of a National Human Rights Commission, State Human Rights Commission in State and Human Rights Courts for better protection of Human Rights and for the matter connected therewith or incidental thereto.

BE it enacted by the Parliament in the Forty-Fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:

**1. Short Title, Extent and Commencement-**

- (1) This Act may be called the Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993'
- (2) It extend to the whole of India Provided that it shall apply to the State of Jammu and Kashmir only in so far as it pertains to the matter relatable to any of the entries enumerated in List II in the schedule to the Constitution as applicable to that State.
- (3) It shall be deemed to have come in force on 28<sup>th</sup> day of September 1993.

**Identify the following:**

- |                   |                         |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| a) Short Title    | b) Official citation    |
| c) Date of assent | d) Date of Commencement |

**[C] THE MATERNITY BENEFIT ACT, 1961**

(Act No. 53 of 1961)

[12th December, 1961]

An Act to regulate the employment of women in certain establishments for certain periods before and after child-birth and to provide for maternity benefit and certain other benefits.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Twelfth Year of Republic of India as follows:

**1. Short Title, Extent and Commencement-**

- (1) This Act may be called the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.
- (2) It extends to the whole of India.
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as may be notified in this behalf in the Official Gazette:-
  - a) In relation to mines and to other establishment wherein such Persons are employed for the exhibition of equestrians, acrobatic and other performance, by the Central Government.
  - b) In relation to other establishment in a State, by the State Government.

**Identify the following:**

- |                      |                    |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| (a) Enacting Formula | (b) Long Title     |
| (c) Short Title      | (d) Date of Assent |

**[D].** Rupa entered into a contract with Ms. Shine for delivery of certain goods. But Rupa refuses to deliver the goods. Ms. Shine wants to file a case against Rupa and wants to collect case laws supporting her. What are the different methods to search case laws?

**4. Answer any two of the following: (12 marks each)**

**(24 Marks)**

[A] Write an essay on: any one of the following  
“Cyber crimes in India”

**Or**

Role of Judiciary in protecting Environment

[B]. What is the importance of Law Reports? Briefly explain about any two law reports?

[C]. Briefly outline the facts, issues and guidelines given by the Supreme Court in any one of the following cases:

M. C. Mehta Vs. Union of India (Oleum Gas Leak Case)

**Or**

Vishaka v State of Rajasthan

[D]. Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

There are many benefits of starting a legal system startup. A legal system startup can help to bring about positive change in the legal system, increase access to justice, and improve the quality of legal services. A legal system startup can also help to create new jobs and opportunities, and to boost the economy. Starting a legal system startup can be a challenge, but it is also an incredibly rewarding experience. If you are passionate about making a difference in the world and improving the legal system, then a legal system startup may be the perfect option for you. It helps to bring about positive change. If you are dissatisfied with the status quo of the legal system, then starting a legal system startup can be a great way to bring about positive change. legal system startups have the potential to create new and innovative solutions to old problems. If you have an idea for how to improve the legal system, then starting a legal system startup is one of the best ways to make your vision a reality. One of the most important benefits of starting a legal system startup is that you can help to increase access to justice. There are many people who do not have access to quality legal services, and as a result, they are unable to get the justice they deserve. If you start a legal system startup, you can help to provide access to quality legal services for those who need. You Can Improve the Quality of Legal Services. Starting a legal system startup can also help to improve the quality of legal services. There are many lawyers who provide poor quality services, and as a result, the public does not receive the quality of representation they deserve. If you start a legal system startup, you can help to ensure that lawyers are held accountable for providing quality services. This will ultimately lead to improved quality of legal services for everyone.

Starting a legal system startup can also help to create new jobs and opportunities. Many startups create new jobs by providing innovative solutions to old problems. If you start a legal system startup, you can help to create new jobs and opportunities for people who are looking for work. In addition, starting a legal system startup can also help to boost the economy by providing new products and services. Finally, one of the most important benefits of starting a legal system startup is that you can make a difference in the world. If you are passionate about making a difference, then starting a legal system startup is one of the best ways to make your vision a reality. You can use your startup to improve the lives of others and make the world a better place.

- A. Give a suitable title to this passage?
- B. What challenges are there for a Startup according to you?
- C. What are the benefits of Startups?
- D. Do you believe that startups improves the quality of legal service. Give reasons?
- E. How can startups improve the life of others?
- F. What according to the passage are the best part of startups?

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