Total No. of Questions: 3]	SEAT No. :
PA-1891	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-101

First Year B.B.A.

101: PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT (CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester - I)

	(CD)	35 2019 Tattern,	(Deffice)	ici i)
	_			[Max. Marks : 70
_				
npuls	ory Questi	ons:		[5]
a)	Managem	ent is basically		
	i) Disc	iplinary	ii)	Multi disciplinary
	iii) Mod	ern	iv)	None of the above
b)	Father of	Scientific Managem	ent is	·
	i) Eltor	n Mayo	ii)	Peter F. Drucker
	iii) Fred	rick W. Taylor	iv)	None of the above
c)	Esprit de	corps means	•	
	i) Paril	y of authority	ii)	Team spirit
	iii) Paril	y in controlling	iv)	None of the above
d)	Forecastin	ng is also called as_	An	alysis.
	i) Sing	le	ii)	Dual
	iii) Stati	stical	iv)	None of the above
e)	is	an in evitable factor	for achiev	ving economic growth.
	i) Char	nge	ii)	Crisis
	iii) Struc	cture	iv)	None of the above
Ma	ch the Pair	S.		[5]
			i)	A natural phenomenon
	_		,	Universal concept
				Inter-wined with behaviour
	Crisis		,	Human relation school
e)	Change		v)	A feeling of fear
	ms to to the All quarter of the	Hours] Ins to the candidate All questions are configures to the right in pulsory Question Multiple choice a) Managem i) Disciii) Mod b) Father of i) Eltoniii) Fred c) Esprit de i) Pariliii) Parili d) Forecastinii Singiii Statine)iii) Statine)iii) Structural Match the Pair a) Managem b) Elton Mag c) Motivation d) Crisis	ms to the candidates: All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full marks. mpulsory Questions: Multiple choice questions: a) Management is basically i) Disciplinary iii) Modern b) Father of Scientific Managem i) Elton Mayo iii) Fredrick W. Taylor c) Esprit de corps means i) Parily of authority iii) Parily in controlling d) Forecasting is also called as i) Single iii) Statistical e)is an in evitable factor i) Change iii) Structure Match the Pairs. a) Management b) Elton Mayo c) Motivation d) Crisis	Instantions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Impulsory Questions: Multiple choice questions: a) Management is basically i) Disciplinary ii) iii) Modern iv) b) Father of Scientific Management is i) Elton Mayo ii) iii) Fredrick W. Taylor iv) c) Esprit de corps means i) Parily of authority ii) iii) Parily in controlling iv) d) Forecasting is also called asAn i) Single ii) iii) Statistical iv) e)is an in evitable factor for achieve ii) Change ii) iii) Structure iv) Match the Pairs. a) Management i) b) Elton Mayo ii) c) Motivation iii) d) Crisis iv)

	\mathbf{C}	Ans	wer in one sentence.	[5]
		a)	What is meant by management?	
		b)	What is meant by Forecasting?	
		c)	What is meant by direction?	
		d)	What is meant by controlling?	
		e)	What is meant by outsourcing?	
	D)	Fill	in the blanks.	[5]
		a)	Management process is	
		b)	is basically a problems of decision-making or cho	osing
			among alternative courses of action.	
		c)	is the last step in the decision-making process.	
		d)	means assigning work to the others and giving	them
			authoring to do so.	
		e)	is a sequence of suddenly disturbing events v	vhich
			negatively impact the organization.	
Q2)	Ans	wer a	any 3 out of 5.	
	a)	Mar	nagement is both a science as well as an arts' Comment.	[10]
	b)	Dist	tinguish between Administration, Management and organization	1.[10]
	c)	Exp	lain contribution of peter Drucker.	[10]
	d)	Exp	lain the benefits of Delegation of authoring.	[10]
	e)	Exp	lain the principles of change Management.	[10]
<i>Q3</i>)	Writ	e sho	ort notes (any four).	[20]
	a)	Type	es of Management.	
	b)	Mar	nagement of Verghese Kurien.	
	c)	Type	es of planning.	
	d)	Imp	ortance of Direction.	
	e)	Tech	hniques of controlling.	
	f)	Kno	owledge Management.	



Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No.:
PA-1892	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-102 B.B.A.

102 : BUSINESS COMMUNICATION SKILLS (2019 Pattern) (Semester - I)

		(2019 Pattern) (Semester - I)	
		[Max. Marks: 5	0
Instr		ons to the candidates:	
	1)	All questions are compulsory.	
	2)	Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
Q 1)	Wri	te answers in 20 words (Any 5):)]
	a)	Salutation means	
	b)	Methods of downward communication.	
	c)	Essencials of effective communication.	
	d)	Limitations of oral communication.	
	e)	Grapevine communication means	
	f)	Advantages of tele-conferencing are	
	g)	Limitations of voice mail are	
Q 2)	Lett	ter writing (Any three): [15	5]
	a)	Write Enquiry letter about the price and time of delivery for the offic furniture.	:e
	b)	Draft a letter asking for credit and giving references.	
	c)	Write complaint letter to Raj Electronics, Green Park, Mumbai, about receipt of wrong goods.	ıt
	d)	Draft a sales letter to promote Air Conditioner.	

Q3) Write answer (Any 1):

[10]

- a) Explain in detail the components and layout of business letter.
- b) What are the Barriers in Communication? How will you overcome the barriers in Communication?

Q4) Write Short Notes (Any three):

[15]

- a) Demerits of informal communication.
- b) Advantages of Body Language.
- c) Need of oral communication.
- d) Complimentary close
- e) Email



Total No. of Questions : 5]	SEAT No.:
PA-1893	[Total No. of Pages : 5

[5953]-103 F.Y. B.B.A.

103: BUSINESS ACCOUNTING (2019 Pattern) (Semester - I) (CBCS)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 70 Instructions to the candidates:

1) All questions are compulsory.

Q1) A)

- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Use of Simple calculator is allowed.

Fill	in the Blanks (Any Five):	5]
i)	Machinery is asset.	
	(Fixed / Current/Fictitious)	
ii)	Discount is recorded in the books.	
	(Cash/Trade/Premium)	
iii)	Accounting period of months.	
	(6/12/24)	
iv)	Bills Payable is a of the business.	
	(Liability/Income/Fixed Asset)	
v)	Ledger is prepared on the basis of	
	(Journal/Trial Balance/Fund Flow Statement)	
vi)	The entry which is recorded both the sides of the Cash Book	is
	known as	
	(Single Entry/Contra Entry/Duplicate entry)	
vii)	Trail Balance is a but not an account.	
	(Statement/Ledger/Journal)	

- B) State with reason whether the following statements are true or false (Any Five) [5]
 - i) Accounting is the process of communication.
 - ii) Sales Book records cash sales.
 - iii) Narration is a brief explanation of a transaction.
 - iv) In accounting, business is considered to be a separate entity form its owner.
 - v) Debit the receiver, Credit the giver is the rule Personal account.
 - vi) Bad debt is a profit.
 - vii) Tally is an Accounting Software.

C) Give answer in one sentence (Any Five)

[5]

- i) What is Capital?
- ii) Define Financial Accounting?
- iii) What is Goodwill?
- iv) What is Debtor?
- v) What is Current Asset?
- vi) Define the term depreciation?
- vii) What is Account?
- D) Classify the following accounts into Personal, Real & Nominal Account.

[5]

- i) Viraj A/c
- ii) Vehicle A/c
- iii) Wages A/c
- iv) Cash A/c
- v) Livestock A/c
- vi) Axis Bank A/c
- vii) Salary A/c
- Q2) Journalize the following transactions in the books of Priyanka for January, 2021. [12]

Date	Particulars
1	Purchased Goods for cash Rs. 15,000
5	Paid Commission Rs. 300
9	Received Cash from Manisha Rs.900
13	Sold furniture to Sumit for Rs. 7100 on Credit
17	Sold Goods to Vinit Rs. 5000 on credit.
19	Paid Travelling expenses Rs. 550 by cheque
21	Purchased Machinery Rs. 10,200 from Ekbote Bros.
24	Deposited Rs.4400 in Bank of Maharashtra.
27	Paid Fire Insurance Premium to Insurance company Rs. 850
30	Paid Salary to Vasant Rs. 8500

OR

Enter the following transactions of Tanuja Enterprise, Thane in Cash Book with Cash, Bank and Discount Columns and balance the same for January, 2021.

Date

- 1. Cash A/c (Dr.) Rs. 13,000, Bank A/c (Dr.) Rs. 24,000.
- 3. Cash sales Rs 80,000 at 10% Trade Discount.
- 5. Cash Purchases Rs 60,000 at 10% Trade Discount & 5% Cash Discount, Half the amount was paid in cash & remaining by cheque.
- 7. Deposited cash into bank Rs. 40,000.
- 9. Received bearer cheque from Sumeet Rs 9,500.
- 13. Sold goods for cash Rs. 12,000 at 4% TD.
- 15. Paid Life insurance premium Rs. 4,000.
- 18. Cheque received on 9th Jan. 2021 deposited into bank.
- 22. Received Crossed Cheque from Prabhakar Rs 6,000.
- 27. Introduced additional capital Rs. 25,000 & deposited the same into Bank A/C.
- 29. Paid electricity bill Rs 3,000 & telephone bill Rs 4,100.
- 31. Received crossed cheque for Dividend Rs. 6,250.
- Q3) From the following Trial Balance of Mahesh Shah Pune, Prepare the Final Account for the year end on 31st March, 2021 [20]

Trial Balance

As on 31st March 2021

Particulars	Debit Rs.	Particulars	Credit Rs.
Opening Stock	45,200	Capital	3,00,000
Drawings	20,000	Sales	1,20,000
Furniture	60,000	Reserve for Doubtful Debt	6,000
Prepaid Insurance	1,770	Creditors	1,29,250
Debtors	70,000	Returns	9,000
Purchases	57,000	Discount	7,000
Plant & Machinery	50,000	Commission received	8,000
Investment	68,000		
Factor Insurance	26,000		
Audit Fees	21,000		

Carriage Inward	1,800		
Rent	7,120		
Land & building	1,40,000		
Carriage outward	8,360		
Returns	2,000		
Discount	1,000		
Total	5,79,250	Total	5,79,250

The following adjustments are to be considered

- 1. Closing stock was valued at Cost price Rs. 46,000& Market Price Rs. 40,000.
- 2. Outstanding carriage inward is Rs 1200.
- 3. Depreciate Machinery @10% p.a. and Building @ 5% p.a.
- 4. Write off bad debts Rs. 2,000 & Create a Reserve for Doubtful Debts @2.5 on Debtors.
- 5. Rent prepaid Rs 3,560.
- **Q4**) From the following particulars, prepare a Bank Reconciliation Statement showing the position as per Pass-Book of Prakash as on 31st January, 2021.

[8]

- a) On 31st January, 2021 Bank Column of Cash- Book showed a debit balance of Rs. 57,400.
- b) Cheque of Rs. 6,350 deposited into bank but was not yet collected by bank.
- c) Bank paid electricity bill Rs. 9,700 which was not recorded in the cash book.
- d) Cheque issued to our supplier Rs. 15,100 was not presented for payment up to 31st March 2021.
- e) Interested on investment Rs. 8,800 was collected by bank was not recorded in cash book.
- f) Bank Charges of Rs. 650 was debited in pass book.
- g) Mr. Tanmay our debtor directly deposited Rs. 12,000 into our bank account on 28th March 2021, which was not entered in Cash Book.

[10]

- a) Business Entity Concept.
- b) Importance of Computerized Accounting.
- c) Limitation of Financial Accounting.
- d) Subsidiary Books.



Total No. of Questions: 3]	SEAT No.:
PA-1894	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-104 B.B.A.

104: BUSINESS ECONOMICS-MICRO

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - I)

Time : 3 I	Hours	<i>:]</i>			[Max. Marks .	70
Instruction	ons to	the c	candidates:			
1)		_	uestions are compulsory.			
2)	Figi	ures i	to the right indicate full marks.			
01) 4)	D:11		1.1			r <i>e</i> n
<i>Q1</i>) A)			ne blanks (Attempt Any 5 our			[5]
	i)		e term "Micro" is derived fro			
		a)	Latin	b)	Greek	
		c)	English	d)	Roman	
	ii)	In	economics the central problem	n is _	·	
		a)	Money	b)	Scarcity	
		c)	Allocation	d)	Production	
iii)		Micro Economic Analysis adopts method.				
		a)	Lumping	b)	Aggregative	
		c)	Slicing	d)	Inclusive	
	iv) Equilibrium price is determined when					
		a)	Demand > Supply	b)	Supply > Demand	
		c)	Supply = Demand	d)	Demand ≠ Supply	
	v)		is associated with th			
		a)	Homogeneous goods		Free Entry and Exit	
		c)	Product Differentiation	d)	Price Rigidity	
	vi)	Fix	ted Costs are	·		
	r	a)	Avoidable in the short run			
		b)	Sunk cost in the short run			
		c)	Sunk cost in the long run			
		d)	Unavoidable in the long run	n		
		u)	Onavoidable in the folig ful	LI		

Match the following: B)

- Two Firm Oligopoly a)
- Perfect Competition ii) ATC =
- b) Price Taker

iii) AFC =

i)

AFC + AVCc)

iv) DUOPOLY =

- d) TFC/Production
- V) Two Sectoral Economy
- e) Households and Firms
- True or False (Attempt any 4 out of 5): C)

[4]

[5]

- Average cost is defined as total cost divided by total output.
- Flow of goods and services in barter economy is called circular ii) flow.
- Economic problem arise because of abundant resources.
- iv) A firm will earn normal profit when Marginal Cost = Marginal Revenue.
- Market will be deficit product when Supply = Demand. V)
- Q2) Short Answer (Attempt Any 3 out of 4):

[24]

- Explain the meaning, scope and importance of Business Economics. a)
- State the concept of cost. Explain the concept of cost. b)
- Explain the law of supply and determinants of supply. c)
- Explain the features of Monopolistic Competition. d)
- Q3) Long Answer (Attempt any 2 out of 4):

[32]

- Explain the various forms of Economy. Explain the central problems a) of Economy.
- What is meant by demand? Explain in detail the types of Elasticity of b) Demand.
- Explain the different types of Revenue and Explain the Interrelationship c) between Marginal, total and average revenue.
- State the characteristics of monopoly and explain the output and price d) determination in Monopoly.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

PA-1895

SEAT No.	:	

[Total No. of Pages : 4

[5953]-105 First Year B.B.A. 105: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS (2019 Pattern) (Semester - I)

Time : 23		-	andidates:			[Max	c. Marks : 70
1) 2) 3) 4)	All qui Figure Use of Symbo						
Q1) A)			e blanks:				[5×2=10]
	a)	If a i)	, b, c, d are 1 ad = bc	n proportion,	ther ii)	$\frac{1}{ac = bd}.$	
		,	ad = bc ab = cd		iv)	None of the above	
	b)	If x	y : y = 5:7 and	1x = 40 then	<i>y</i> =		
		i)	49		ii)	56	
		iii)	63		iv)	72	
	c)	7:8	is expressed	into percenta	ge a	s .	
	ŕ	i)	85.5%	•	ii)	86.5%	
		iii)	87.5%		iv)	89.5%	
	d)	If c	ost price is n	nore than selli	ng p	rice then loss =	
		i)	Selling pric	e – cost price			
		ii)	Selling pric	e + cost price			
		iii)	Cost price -	- selling price			

iv) None of the above

e) The value of ${}^5C_1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.

i) 1

ii) 5

iii) 4

iv) 15

B) State whether the following statement are True or False.

 $[3 \times 2 = 6]$

- i) Only a non-singular matrix can possess inverse.
- ii) For the selection of objects p ermutation is required.
- iii) In the L.P.P. decision variables are the unknowns to be found out.

Q2) Attempt any four of the following:

 $[4 \times 4 = 16]$

- a) If the ratio of two numbers is 4:7 and the smaller number is 24. Find the bigger number.
- b) Find the simple interest on Rs. 2500 for 3 years at 5% p.a.
- c) If $\begin{bmatrix} x & 3 \\ 8 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ is a singular matrix then find the value of x.
- d) Explain constraints and objective function of the L.P.P.
- e) How many four-digit numbers can be formed using the digits 1,2,3,4,5 if repetition of digits is not allowed?
- f) The average age of 7 family members is 75 years. But average age of 6 of them is 74 years 6 months. Find the age of the 7th family member.

Q3) Attempt any four of the following:

 $[4 \times 4 = 16]$

- a) If ${}^{n}P_{r} = 3024$ and ${}^{n}C_{r} = 126$ then find n.
- b) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ find 3A 2B.
- c) If was sunday on 1st January 2006, what will be the day on 1st January 2023?
- d) An agent receives Rs. 800 as a commission on the sales worth Rs. 10,000. Find the rate of commission.

- e) If A:B = 4:3 and B:C = 6:7, find A:B:C.
- f) Find the amount of Rs. 4,500 at 12% p.a. in 4 years, compounded half yearly.

Q4) Attempt any four of the following:

 $[4 \times 4 = 16]$

- a) Show that the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ satisfies the equation $A^2 4A + I = 0$
- b) A committee of 3 persons is to be formed from 5 men & 4 women so as to include atleast one man and atleast one woman. In how many ways can this be done?
- c) A camera when sold at Rs. 1674 resulted into loss of 7%, then calculate cost price.
- d) Explain symmetric and skew-symmetric matrix.
- e) Find the amount on the principal of Rs. 4000 at the rate of 11.5% p.a. in 10 years?
- f) The following data is related to different shops which sold books:

Shops	Total Boks	% of Sold Books	% of Novels out of total total books	% of story Books out of Total Books
A	14,000	70	40	60
В	25,000	50	75	25
С	18,000	60	20	80
D	30,000	80	50	50

Answer the following questions.

- i) Find the average number of story books in shop A, C and D.
- ii) Find the total number of Novels sold by shop A, if the number of unsold story books with shop A is 2600.

Q5) Attempt any one of the following:

 $[1 \times 6 = 6]$

a) Solve the following L.P.P. by graphical method:

Miximize
$$Z = 10x + 15y$$

subject to

$$12x + 5y \le 2700$$

$$5x + 10y \le 2000$$

$$x, y \ge 0$$

b) Find the inverse of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -2 \\ -6 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

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Total No. o	f Questions	: 4]
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P.	Α-	1	ð	y	O

SEAT No.:	
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[Total No. of Pages: 2

[5953]-106 F.Y. B.B.A.

106: BUSINESS DEMOGRAPHY (2019 Pattern) (Semester - I) (CBCS)

Time : 21/	2 Hou	[Max. Marks: 50						
Instructio	ns to i	the candidates:						
1)	-	questions are compulsory.						
2)	Figi	ures to the right indicate full marks.						
<i>Q1</i>) A)	Mul	Itiple Choice Questions: [5]						
	i)	Ratio between the total population and the amount of cultivable land						
		in a given area is known as						
		a) Nutritional Density b) Economic Density						
		c) Arithmetic Density d) Agricultural Density						
	ii)	Concept is not the aspect of urbanization.						
		a) Behavioral Concept b) Political Concept						
		c) Demographic Concept d) Structural Concept						
	iii) Demography study is important for every economy							
		a) Health Planning b) Tax Planning						
		c) Education Planning d) All of the above						
	iv)	Human migration refers to						
		a) One person moving from one place to another place						
		b) Large group of people moving from one place to another						
		c) Both a & b						
		d) None of the above						
	v)	are examples of pull migration.						
		a) Poverty, education, income and employment						
		b) Standard of living, Govt. Policies, better economic opportunities						
		c) Both a & b						
		d) None of the above						

B) Define the following terms:

[5]

- i) Immigration
- ii) Natality
- iii) Population
- iv) Unemployment
- v) Death rate

Q2) Answer the following (any 1 out of 2):

[10]

- a) What is Demography? Explain various components of demography.
- b) What is Urbanisation? Explain the importance of urbanisation.
- **Q3**) Answer the following (any 1 out of 2):

[10]

- a) What is population distribution? Explain the factors affecting population distribution.
- b) Explain in detail concept of working and dependent population.
- Q4) Write short notes on (any 4 out of 6):

[20]

- a) Rural Population
- b) Concept of Over and Under population
- c) Importance of Human Resource Development of a Nation
- d) Age & Sex Pyramid
- e) Fertility
- f) Mortality



Total No. of Questions : 5]	SEAT No. :
PA-1897	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-201 F.Y.B.B.A.

CCT - 201 : BUSINESS ORGANIZATION AND SYSTEM (2019 CBCS Pattern) (Semester - II)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question 1 and Question 5 are compulsory.
- 2) Solve any 2 from Question 2 to Questions 4.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

<i>Q1</i>) A)	Fill	in the blanks. [5]
	a)	LLP stand for
	b)	acts as a connecting link in the distribution chain from the
		producer to consumer.
	c)	is conducting stock transactions on the internet via several
		websites.
	d)	refers to the scale of business operations.
	e)	is a set of interrelated activities carried out with a view
		to make profits.

B) Match the Pairs.

[5]

- a) BPO
- b) Trade
- c) Sole proprietorship
- d) Active partner
- e) Retail trade
 - Options:

a-i,b-iv,c-ii,d-v,e-iii

a-iv,b-i,c-ii,d-v,e-iii

a-i,b-iii,c-v,d-ii,e-iv

a-iii,b-i,c-v,d-ii,e-iv

- i) Branch of Commerce
- ii) Individual person
- iii) Local market
- iv) Predetermined process
- v) Managing partner

	C)	Mul	tiple	Choice	Questio	ns.					[5]
	a) Maximum number of members in a se						a sole	trading	concern		
			is		·						
			i)	Two				ii)	One		
			iii)	Five				iv)	Unlimit		
		b)	Pro				eloping a				ew ideas.
			i)	Idea a	ssessme	nt		ii)	Idea im	plementa	ation
			iii)	•	eneration					velopme	
		c)	The	wholes	aler run	s his bu	siness o	n	in	a central	l market.
			i)	Large	scale			ii)	Small s	cale	
			iii)	Moder	ate scale	e		iv)	None o	of the abo	ove
		d)	_		_					mbers in	n banking
			busi	iness is	10 and i	n non b	anking	is _			
			i)	15				ii)	20		
			iii)	8			Ca	iv)	5		
		e)	The	·	of firm a	also de	pends or	the	type of	organiza	tion.
			i)	Forma	t		U	ii)	Numbe	r	
			iii)	Size				iv)	Identity	7	
Q2)						ous obj	ectives o	of bu	siness th	at one org	ganization
	has	to se	t and	accomp	olish.						[10]
											-10-
<i>Q3</i>)	Disti	nguis	sh bet	tween w	holesale	e trade a	ind retail	l trad	le.		[10]
0.4	****	. •		1 . 0	25 1					C	
<i>Q4</i>)			artne	rship fir	m? Expl	aın adva	antages a	and d	ısadvant	ages of p	artnership
0.5\	firm				2)						[10]
Q_{5}				otes (any	,						[15]
	a)			of retail		C 1 1					
	b)		-		a succe	sstul bu	isiness.				
	c)			export.							
	d)			_	location						
	e)	Cho	ice o	f a chan	nel of d	istributi	ion.				
					7	ά ά	χ				

Total No. of Questions : 3]	SEAT No. :
PA-1898	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5953]-202 F.Y. B.B.A.

	202: PRINCIPLES OF MARKETING											
	(2019 Pattern) (Semester - II)											
Time	Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 70											
Insti				andidates:								
	1) 2)	~		tion No.1 is compulsory.								
	2)	rigu	res i	o the right indicate full marks.								
Q1)	Ans	wer t	he fo	ollowing questions as per the	instru	ction given: [20]						
	A)	Cho	ose t	the correct answer from the or	otion	given below:						
		i) Marketing provides maximum s				etion of						
			a)	Profit	b)	Wealth						
			c)	Human wants	d)	None of the above						
		ii)	A c	ommonly used basis for segm	or segmentation consumer markets is:							
			a)	Organisational size	b)	Demographics						
			c)	Product type	d)	Price						
		iii)		ailer acts as asumer.	_ bet	ween the wholesaler &						
			a)	Middleman	b)	Manufacturer						
			c)	Both A & B	d)	None of the above						
		iv)	Nev	ws paper, Magazines, Pamphle	ets are	e the type of						
			a)	Out door media	b)	Print media						
			c)	Online media	d)	Broad cast media						
		v)	Em	ployees and customers are the	elen	nents of						
			a)	People mix	b)	Physical evidence						
			c)	Price mix	d)	Promotional mix						

		i) Under concept, organisation should recognise the needs and wants of customers and produce desired products to satisfy the customers in the most effective manner then its competitors.							
	ii) The internal factors are known as								
		iii) A refers to "any group that has an actual or potential interest in or impact on a company ability to active its objectives"							
		iv)	A is a bundle or ph particular expected to yield satisfa	-	_				
		v)	When a seller legally transfers his buyer through a safes operation, t						
	C)	Mate	ch the pairs :		$[5\times2=10]$				
		i)	People	a)	Visiting card, logo etc.				
		ii)	Price	b)	Idea goods or services				
		iii)	Empathy	c)	Discount				
		iv)	Product	d)	Hotel staff				
		v)	Physical evidence	e)	Capability of a person to understand & share the feeling of another person				
Q 2)	Shor	t No	tes (any four out of five):		$[4\times5=20]$				
	a)	Soci							
	b)	Mar	ket segmentation						
	c)	Importance of positioning							
	d)	Place mix							
	e)	Gree	en marketing						
[<i>E</i> 0 <i>E</i>	21 20	2	2						

B) Fill in the blanks:

Q3) Long questions (any three out of five):

- $[3 \times 10 = 30]$
- Write down the factors influencing market Segmentation & Importance a) of market segmentation in marketing.
- Explain the Internal factors influencing marketing environment. b)
- What is macro environment, discuss the factor that influence the c) marketing decision.
- d) What are the various product life cycle stages? Explain in details.
- What are the factors influencing pricing. e)



Total No. of Questions: 7]	SEAT No.:
PA-1899	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-203 F.Y.B.BA. (Semester-II) PRINCIPLES OF FINANCE (2019 Pattern) (CBCS)

Time: $2^{1/2}$	e Hours]	[Max. Marks : 70
Instructio	ns to the candidates:	
1)	Question No. 1 and Question No. 2 are Compulsory.	

Solve any Three Questions from question No. 3 to Question No. 7.

Figures to the right side indicate full Marks.

Q1) A) Write True or False.

2)

3)

[5]

- i) Financial management mainly focuses on all elements of acquiring and using means of financial resources for financial activities.
- ii) Basic objective of Financial Management is maximization of share holder's wealth.
- iii) Current assets are also referred to as working capital.
- iv) The amount invested in the fixed assets of the company is called Reserves Capital.
- v) Funds raised through loans or borrowings are Owners Equity.
- B) Fill in the Blanks by the choosing correct answer. (Any 5) [5]
 i) The financial risk is defined as the ______due to the failure in payment of interest or failure in repayment of borrowed capital.
 a) Risk of insolvency
 - b) Risk of Over Capitalization
 - c) Risk of Under Capitalization
 - d) Risk of loss of profit
 - ii) The finance manager is not accountable for_____
 - a) Managing Human Resources
 - b) Recording Monetary Transaction
 - c) Preparing financial statement
 - d) All of the above

		111)	Mor	ney obtained by iss	ue of share	s is known as	
			a)	Debts	b)	Loans	
			c)	Share Capital	d)	Reserve Funds	
		iv)	The	is expe	ected to be o	converted in to cash in less	than
			a ye	ar.			
			a)	Building	b)	Fixed Asset	
			c)	Intangible Asset	d)	Current Asset	
		v)	Divi	idend is paid only o	on	_•	
			a)	Debenture	b)	Shares	
			c)	Creditors	d)	Fixed Asset	
		vi)	Inte	rest at1	rate is payal	ble on debenture.	
			a)	Fixed	b)	Flexible	
			c)	Marginal	d)	Variable	
Q 2)	Short	t No	tes. (Any Three)			[15]
	a)	Fina	ncial	Management			
	b)	Publ	ic De	eposit			
	c)	Ove	r Cap	italization			
	d)	Mic	rofina	ance			
	e)	Reta	ined	Earnings			
Q3)	Defin	ne th	e teri	m Debenture and Ty	ypes & Feat	ures of Debenture.	[15]
<i>Q4</i>)	What	t is n	nean	by Leasing? Explai	n the featur	es and types of Leasing.	[15]
0 = \	- 1			271			
Q5)	-			m of Finance Manag	ger also exp	lain the role of Finance Ma	_
	in det	tans.					[15]
06)	Defi	ne f	he d	ifferent internal s	source of t	finance with advantages	and
QU)	disad				source or i	imanee with advantages	[15]
				-			[-+]
Q7)	What	t is m	nean l	oy Under Capitaliza	tion? Expla	in the Causes and Conseque	ences
~ /				talization.	1	1	[15]



Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No. :
PA-1900	[Total No. of Pages : 4

[5953]-204

F.Y. B.B.A. (Semester - II)

204: BASICS OF COSTACCOUNTING

(2019 Pattern)

Time:	2½ H	ours] [Max. Marks: 70
Instruct	tions to	the candidates :
1)	All	questions are compulsory.
2)	Fig	ures to the right indicate full marks.
3)	Use	of calculator is allowed.
Q1) A)	Fill	in the blanks: [5]
	a)	is the application of costing and cost accounting principles, methods and techniques.
	b)	A is a unit of product, services on time in relation to which cost may be ascertained or expressed.
	c)	Carriage outward is an example of overhead.
	d)	Any loss in excess of the estimated loss is known as
	e)	Material consumed is the result of opening stock of material add purchases less
B)	Sta	te whether the following statements are True or False: [5]
	a)	Financial Accounting has been developed out of the limitations of Cost Accounting.
	b)	Profit on every contact is computed only when the contract is completed.
	c)	Cost accounting is historic in nature.
	d)	Indirect Material is an example of overhead cost.
	e)	Each contract is treated as a separate cost unit.
C)	Def	Fine the following terms: [5]
	a)	Cost Accounting
	b)	Direct Labour
	c)	Fixed Cost
	d)	Apportionment of Overhead
	e)	Cost Sheet

- Q2) Write short notes on (any four):
 - a) Classification of Overhead on the basis of Elements.
 - b) Accounting of Overhead
 - c) Difference between Financial Accounting and Cost Accounting

[20]

- d) Contains of Cost Sheet.
- e) Methods of Costing.

Q3) The accounts of Raghav Manufacturing Company for the year ended March,2022 show the following: [15]

Particulars	Rs.
Material Purchased	1,90,000
Travelling Expenses	2,000
Traveler's Salaries and Commission	9,000
Factory office salaries	6,000
General office salaries	13,000
Carriage outward	4,000
Carriage on purchases	7,000
Bad Debts	7,000
Repairs of Plant and Machinery	4,000
Rent, Rates, Taxes and Insurance :	
Factory	9,000
Office	2,000
Sales	4,50,000
Stock of Materials	
1st April, 2021	62,800
31st March, 2022	48,000
Income Tax	1,500
Productive Wages	126,000
Depreciation	
Plant and Machinery	6,000
Furniture	300
Directors Fees	6,500
Gas and Water:	
Factory	1,200
Office	400
Dividend	10,000
General Expenses	3,400
Managers Salary (¾ factory and ¼ office)	10,000

Prepare cost sheet giving the following information:

- a) Material Consumed
- b) Prime Cost
- c) Factory Cost
- d) Cost of Production
- e) Total Cost
- f) Net Profit.

Q4) A) Vivek Constructions Ltd., Pune undertook a contract of Rs. 8,00,000 for the construction of a Hotel Building on 1st April, 2021. The following information is taken up from the Contract Ledger as on 31-3-2022:[10]

Particulars	Rs.
Cash received being 90% of work certified	3,60,000
Material directly issued from stores	120,000
Material purchased	50,000
Scrap Material sold	9,000
Material transferred to other contract	11,000
Materials in hand on site	10,000
Materials returned to stores	6,000
Direct wages paid and payable	85,000
Direct charges	45,000
Overheads charged to contract	40,000
Subcontract Cost	9,000
Cost of Additional Work	3,400
Outstanding Direct Expenses	1,600
Plant purchased on 1-4-2021 and issued directly	80,000
Plant transferred on 1-4-2021 to other contract	60,000
Uncertified work being 8% of certified work.	

You are required to prepare Contract Account

A product X produce in Krishna ltd. Nashik passes through three B) processes A, B & C. 10,000 units were issued to process 'A' in the beginning at cost of Rs. 10 per unit. Prepare process account assuming that there was no opening or closing stock.

The following information is made available:

[10]

Particulars	Process A	Process B	Process C		
Sundry Materials (Rs.)	10,000	15,000	5,000		
Wages (Rs.)	50,000	80,000	65,000		
Direct Expenses (Rs.)	15,300	18,100	30,828		
Normal Scrap(%)	3	5	8		
Value of Scrap per unit(Rs.)	2.50	5.00	8.50		
Actual Output (units)	9,500	9,100	8,100		
	3000000				



Total I	No. o	f Ques	tions	:	5]
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SEAT No.	:	
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PA-3537

[Total No. of Pages: 5

[5953]-205

F.Y. B.B.A. (Semester - II) 205 : BUSINESS STATISTICS (2019 Pattern)

Time	e: 2	½ H 0	ours] [Ma.	x. Marks : 70
Instr	ructio	ons to	the candidates:	
	<i>1</i>)	All o		
	<i>2</i>)	Figu	ires to the right indicate full marks.	
	<i>3</i>)			
	4)	Sim	ple calculator is allowed.	
<i>Q1</i>)	A)	Fill	in the blanks:	$[5 \times 2 = 10]$
		a)	In an exclusive type distribution, the limits excluded	l are
		b)	If the lower & upper limit of the class are 10 & 40 remid-point of the class is	spectively, the
		c)	Mean is a measure of	
		d)	The functional relationship of a dependent variable wi variable(s) is called	th Independent
		e)	Best measure of dispersion is	
	B)	Stat	e whether the following statements are True or False:	$[3\times2=6]$
		a)	Second quartile is same as Median.	
		b)	Mid-values of the classes are also called class-mark	
		c)	Index numbers are expressed in terms of absolute va	alue.
Q2)	Atte	empt	any four of the following:	$[4\times4=16]$
	a)	Def	ine Arithmetic mean. State its two merits & demerits.	

b) Write a note on measures of dispersion.

Draw a frequency polygon for the following data. c)

Monthly House Rent	No. of families		
100 - 300	6		
300 - 500	16		
500 - 700	24		
700 - 900	20		
900 - 1100	10		
1100 - 1300	4		

d) Compute regression coefficients & hence verify that correlation coefficient lies between them.

$$h = 100, \overline{x} = 60, \overline{y} = 50, \sigma_x = 10, \sigma_y = 12$$

$$\sum (x - \overline{x})(y - \overline{y}) = 8400$$

$$\sum (x - \overline{x})(y - \overline{y}) = 8400$$

- Suppose in Dec. 1995 land was purchased at cost Rs. 50,000. It was e) sold at cost Rs. 1,50,000 in Feb 2002. Find the real capital gain if the cost of inflation index in 1995-96 is 281 & that in 2001-02 is 426.
- Following is the data related to the frequency distribution of monthly f) wages of 100 workers.

Monthly Wages in Rs.	No. of Workers
4000 - 5000	11
5000 - 6000	15
6000 - 7000	27
7000 - 8000	19
8000 - 9000	16
9000 - 10,000	12

Find

- Class width of first class i)
- Class mark of second class ii)
- Number of workers having wages less than Rs. 6,000 iii)
- Number of workers having wages more than Rs 6,000.

Q3) Attempt any four of the following:

 $[4 \times 4 = 16]$

a) Explain the need of classification. Explain the different methods of classification.

b) Explain the limitations of Index Numbers.

c) Yearwise & Genderwise strength of certain college is given below:

Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Boys	1250	1500	1600	1900	2000
Girls	1000	1300	1600	1800	1900

Represent the data by multiple bar diagram.

d) From the following data find the missing frequencies, it is given that mean is 15.3818 & total frequency is 55.

e) Revenue department is trying to estimate the monthly amount of unpaid taxes. Suppose X denote field audit labour hours & Y denote unpaid taxes. Using last 10 months data the following summary is obtained.

$$\Sigma x = 441, \ \Sigma y = 272, \ \Sigma x^2 = 19461$$

 $\Sigma y^2 = 7428, \ \Sigma xy = 12,005$

Determine the Regression line Y on X.

Q4) Attempt any four of the following:

 $[4 \times 4 = 16]$

a) Define 'Regression'. State the situations where regression analysis is used.

b) What is dispersion? What purpose does it serve in the study of distribution?

c) Compute S.D. for the following data.

Marks 0 - 10 10 - 20 20 - 30 30 - 40 40 - 50

No. of students 3 7 25 20 5

d) Calculate median for the following frequency distribution.

Marks below 20 21-40 41-60 61-80 81-100

No. of students 1 9 32 16 7

- e) Define Index numbers & Give the comparison between Laspeyre's & Paasche's Index numbers.
- f) Draw a pie diagram to represent the following data.

Group of item Average monthly expenses of a family (in Rs)

Food 2400
Clothing 1400
House rent 1600
Fuel & lighting 600
Miscellaneous 2000

Q5) Attempt any one of the following:

 $[1 \times 6 = 6]$

a) The following data represents the goal scored by two teams in football matches.

Number of Goals 2 0 1 3 4 No. of matches by 20 12 8 3 2 team A No. of matches by 10 7 6 18 4 team B

Which team scores more goal in average? Which team is more consistent?

b) Following data gives expenditure incurred on Advertisement & sales for 10 years.

Expenses in Thousand	Sales is lakh
(X)	(Y)
10	5.0
12	5.1
15	5.4
14	5.5
16	5.7
20	5.9
19	6.0
24	7.3
26	7.5
30	7.8

- i) Find appropriate line of regression to estimate sales for given advertisement. Also estimate sales if Advertisement expenses is Rs. 35,000.
- ii) To achieve sales target of Rs. 10 lakhs how much you need to invest in advertisement.



Total No	tal No. of Questions : 5] SEAT No. :		
PA-19	_		
		[5953]-206	
		F.Y. B.B.A.	
		206: FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER (2010 Pottorn) (Somestor II)	
		(2019 Pattern) (Semester-II)	
Time : 21/2	2 Hour	[Max. Marks:	50
Instruction		the candidates:	
1) 2)	_	estions are compulsory. es to the right indicate full marks.	
2)	rigur	es to the right indicate full marks.	
Q1) A)	Fill	in the blanks.	[5]
	a)	Trojan horse is a type of	
	b)	ISP is	
	c)	A network that spans the countries & continent is known as	<u>_</u> .
	d)	Operating system is a type of software.	
	e)	CRT is known as	
B)	Tru	e or false:	[5]
	a)	DVD is composed of iron material.	
	b)	Pen Drive is a primary storage device.	
	c)	Hard disk data files are less secure than tape drive.	
	d)	RAM is a volatile memory.	
	e)	Binary is a high level language.	
Q2) Wri	te ans	wer of the following (any one): [1	[0]

Categories of computer languages. a)

[10]

b)
$$(1601)_8 = ____ 10.$$

$$(367)_8 = ____ 10.$$

113	Angwar	the fol	lowing	question (ากง	(one)
$\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{J}}$	AllSWCI	uic ioi	HUWIII	question	any	OHC

[10]

- a) Write the functions of operating system.
- b) Describe the goals of computer networking.

Q4) Write the answer:

[10]

Input and output devices of computer.

Q5) Write short note (any two):

[10]

- a) Features of MS-powerpoint.
- b) Logical functions of MS-Exel.
- c) Advantages & Disadvantages of Internet.







Total No. of Questions : 3]	SEAT No. :		
PA-1902	[Total No. of Pages : 3		

[5953]-301 S.Y.B.B.A.

301 : PRINCIPLES OF HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT (2019 CBCS Pattern) (Semester - III)					
Time : 2½ Instructio 1) 2)	ons to All qu	the co	andidates: ns are compulsory. the right indicate full mo	arks.	[Max. Marks : 70
<i>Q1</i>) A)	Mul	tiple	choice questions		[5]
	i)		nning, organising, cor ctions	ntrolling,	directing are type of
		a)	Operative	(b)	Managerial
		c)	Technical	d)	None of above
	ii)		involves collect	ion of job	related information
		a)	Job Analysis	b)	Job description
		c)	Job design	d)	Job specification
	iii)		factors lower d	lown mor	rale of an individual employee
		a)	Discontentment from	n Jobb)	Demotion
		c)	Frustration	d)	All of above
	iv)	Rea	ason for investing in outsourcing HR functions includes		
		a)	lack of shared object	tives	
		b)	poor communication	l	
		c)	imporved profit and	productiv	rity
		d)	failure to manage rela	ntionship	
	v)	The	e scope of internationa	l HRM i	ncludes
		a)	Training and develop	ment	
		b)	Recruitment and sele	ection	
		c)	Human Resource pla	nning	
		d)	All of the above		

B)	Mat	ch the pairs.	[5]					
		A		В				
	i)	Job specification	a)	Combination of peer, superior,				
				subordinate and self review				
				appraisal				
	ii)	Recruitment	b)	A process of actively seeking				
				out, finding and hiring candidate				
				for a specific position or job				
	iii)	Induction	c)	The process of familarizing the				
				new employees to organisation's rules and regulations				
	iv)	360° Performance Appraisal	d)	Statement of minimum				
			•	qualification required for a job				
	v)	Job Analysis	e)	Process of studying and				
			G	collecting information about job				
C)	Ans	wer in one sentence.		[5]				
	i)	State any 2 advantages of wor	rkfor	ce diversity.				
	ii)	Give 2 examples of software	syste	ms used in HRIS.				
	iii) Mention any 2 objectives of career planning.							
	iv)	State any 2 advantages of high employee morale.						
	v)	Mention any 2 objectives Management	nternational Human Resource					
D)	Fill	in the blanks.		[5]				
	i)	describe the overall outlook, attitude, satisfaction and						
		confidence that employee feel	l at w	ork.				
	ii)	In HRM, HRIS stands for						
	iii)	is a factual statement of tasks and duties involved in a job.						
	iv)	ERP stands for						
	v)	is a process of picking up an individual (out of pool of job applicants) with requisite qualification and competence to fill the job in the organization.						

Q2) Solve any 3 questions out of 5.

[30]

- a) What do you mean by HRM. Explain the functions of HRM.
- b) What is Human Resource Planning? Explain the process of Human Resource Planning (HRP).
- c) Define the term Job Analysis. Explain the components of Job Analysis.
- d) Explain various factors contributing to employee job satisfaction.
- e) "HRM practices are being changed as per changing work environment", explain the statement using recent trends and practices in HRM.

Q3) Write short notes (Any 4.)

[20]

- a) Difference between HRM and personnel management.
- b) Advantages and barriers of HRP.
- c) Principles of HRM.
- d) Causes of low employee morale.
- e) Virtual organisation.
- f) E-HRM



Total No. of Questions : 3]	SEAT No.:
DA 1002	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5953]-302 S.Y. B.B.A.

302 : SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - III)

	(2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - III)					
Time : 2	?½ Hou	rs]				[Max. Marks : 70
Instruct	Instructions to the candidates:					
1)	All	questi	ions are compulsory.			
2)	Figi	ires t	o the right indicate f	full marks.		
01) 01	la : a a4:	. 4		.		[20]
QI) OI			e questions :			[20]
a)	Mul	ltiple	Choice Questions	: 6	•	[5]
	i)	Sup	ply network design	is important	be	cause:
		a)	It allows organisa	tions to reduc	e t	he number of suppliers
		b)	It improves the resuppliers	relationship b	etv	ween internal & external
		c)	Every operation is of operations	s part of a larg	ger	& interconnected network
		d)	It allows market suppliers	ing more int	flu	ence over the choice of
	ii)	Tot	al logistics costs ar	·e	•	
		a)	The sum of the in	ventory, trans	spo	rtation and facility costs
		b)	The sum of the in	nventory, trans	spc	ortation cost
		c)	The sum of the in	ventory, facil	ity	cost
		d)	The sum of the tra	ansportation &	k f	acility cost
	iii)			•		e for other companies to to the end consumer.
		a)	SCM	b)	Internet
		c)	Competition	d)	Global sourcing

	iv)	The number of different products that a consumer desires from the distribution network is	m
		a) Response Time b) Product variety	
		c) Product availability d) Customer experience	
	v)	What type of supporting activity is purchasing inputs such a material, supplies & equipment?	ıs
		a) Procurement b) Inbound Logistics	
		c) Outbond logistics d) Service	
b)	Mat	ch the pairs : [5	5]
		Group A Group B	
	i)	Outbond logistics a) Training	
	ii)	Installation b) Initial stage of supple chain	y
	iii)	Human Resource c) Finished goods	
	iv)	Planning d) Service	
	v)	Purpose of SCM e) Manage & integrat supply and deman management	
c)	Ans	wer in one sentence :	5]
	i)	What is warehousing?	
	ii)	Define Logistics Planning.	
	iii)	Define Inventory.	
	iv)	What is Green Supply Chain Management?	
	v)	What is value chain?	
d)	Fill	in the blanks:	5]
	i)	mainly deals with all activities associated with the flow & transformation & information of goods from the stage of raw material to the end user.	
	ii)	The concept of SCM originated in discipline.	
	iii)	Positive long-term relationships between supply chain participan refers to	ts

		iv) Supply chain management is the management of the			
		v)	A represents a chain of businesses or intermediathrough which the final buyer purchases a good or service.	ıries	
Q 2)	Lon	g ans	swer type questions (Solve any 3 out of 5):	[30]	
	a)	Exp	lain the objectives & importance of supply chain managemen	t.	
	b)	Exp	lain the functions of warehousing.		
	c)	Exp	lain the role of IT in SCM.		
	d)	State	e & Explain the issues in workforce management.		
	e)	Exp	lain the importance of Barcoding in SCM.		
Q3)	Wri	te sho	ort notes on (Solve any 4 out of 6):	[20]	
	a)	Dist	cribution Network		
	b)	Link	kage between HRM & SCM		
	c)	Sup	ply Chain Network Design		
	d)	Mat	erial Handling System		
	e)	Bull	-Whip Effect		
	f)	Valı	ue Chain		

Γotal No. of Questions : 3]	SEAT No.:
PA-1904	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5953]-303 S.Y. B.B.A.

303 : Global Competencies and Personality Development (2019 Pattern) (Semester - III) (CBCS)

2 Hou	rs]					[Max. Marks : 70
ons to	the c	candidates:				
	_	-	•			
Figi	ures t	to the right indic	cate full mark	cs.		
TP'11	• .1	D1 1 /	~	•		[# 4 #]
						$[5 \times 1 = 5]$
i)	A _	speake	er looks into	the	eyes of the	audience.
	a)	Confident		4	Impolite	
	c)	Impatient	X	d)	Rude	
ii)	Wh	nat is full form	of MBTI			
	a)	Myers-Briggs	Type Indic	ato	r	
b) McGregor's-l				Inc	dicator	
	c)	Mylan-Briggs	s Type Indic	cato	r	
	d)	McDonald-B	riggs Type	Indi	cator	
iii)	SW	OC Analysis i	s carried out	t on	a	_ cell matrix.
	a)	Five	1	b)	Six	
	c)	Four	(d)	Three	
iv)	Sty	le of leadership				
	a)	Divisional	1	b)	Democratic	
	c)	Delegating	(d)	Descriptive	
v)	Wh	at is CSR				
	a)	Corporate so	cial responsi	bili	ty	
	b)	Creative soci	al responsibi	ility		
	c)	Collaborative	social respo	onsi	bility	
	d)	Communicati	ve social re	spoi	nsibility	
	Fill i) iii)	Fill in the in t	Fill in the Blanks (any i) A speake a) Confident c) Impatient ii) What is full form a) Myers-Briggs b) McGregor's- c) Mylan-Briggs d) McDonald-B iii) SWOC Analysis i a) Five c) Four iv) Style of leadership a) Divisional c) Delegating v) What is CSR a) Corporate soo b) Creative soci c) Collaborative	Fill in the Blanks (any 5): i) A speaker looks into a) Confident c) Impatient ii) What is full form of MBTI a) Myers-Briggs Type Indicate for Mylan-Briggs Type Indicate for Mylan	Fill in the Blanks (any 5): i) A speaker looks into the a) Confident b) c) Impatient d) ii) What is full form of MBTI a) Myers-Briggs Type Indicator b) McGregor's-Briggs Type Indicator d) McDonald-Briggs Type Indicator d) McDonald-Briggs Type Indicator d) McDonald-Briggs Type Indicator d) Five b) c) Four d) iv) Style of leadership a) Divisional b) c) Delegating d) v) What is CSR a) Corporate social responsibility c) Collaborative social responsi	Figures to the right indicate full marks. Fill in the Blanks (any 5): i) A speaker looks into the eyes of the and an

		V1)	What does S in SMART means				
			a)	Special	b)	Specific	
			c)	Secret	d)	Silent	
	b)	Mat	ch th	e following:		[5]	
		i)	Con	nmitment	a)	Communication style	
		ii)	Stay	Organized	b)	Technique to handle conflicts	
		iii)	Sub	missive	c)	Group of people work together	
		iv)	Prol	olem solving	d)	Way of time management	
		v)	Tea	m composition	e)	Type of workplace ethic	
	c)	True	e or F	False (any 4):		[4]	
		i)		sonality is the complex n of us unique from oth		ental characteristics that makes ple.	
		ii)	The determinants of personality are biological, cultural, social as Situational factors.				
		iii)	The tone of the speaker should be misleading.				
		iv)	Our personalities developed as a result of environmental influences genetic inheritance and Biological factors.				
		v)		sonality of an individu	ıal ma	y be dynamic, consistent and	
Q2)	Shor	rt An	swer	(any 3):		[24]	
	a)	Defi	ine G	Soal setting. Explain is	SMAF	RT Technique.	
	b)	Wri	te a c	letailed note on 7 C's o	f effec	tive communication.	
	c)	Mention the various ways to develop leadership skills or qualities.					

d)

What is a Team? What are the characteristics of team building?

Q3) Long Answer (any 2):

[32]

- What do you understand by Personality? Explain its Nature and a) Characteristics?
- Explain the Trait Theory and Big Five Model of Personality b) Development.
- What are various ways of building self-esteem and self-confidence. c) Explain in detail.
- d) What is leadership? What are the various styles of leadership?



Total No. of Questions: 3]	SEAT No. :
PA-1905	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-304

S.Y. B.B.A. (Semester - III)

304 : FUNDAMENTALS OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (2019 Pattern) (CBCS)

Tim	e:2	$^{1}/_{2}$ H_{0}	ours] [Max. Marks : 70
Inst	ructio	ons to	the candidates :
	1)	All	questions are compulsory.
	2)	Figu	ures to the right indicate full marks.
Q1)	Ob.	jectiv	ve Questions :
	A)	Fill	in the blank with the most appropriate alternative (Any Five) [5]
		i)	In areas, agriculture & allied activities are predominant. (Rural, Urban, Semi - urban)
		ii)	The are to be drawn from the BPL list approved by the Gram Sabha where in about ten persons are selected, one each from a family and focus on the skill development training based on the local requirement. (Self Help Groups, HUDCO, NABARD)
		iii)	is the principal organ at the district level to manage & Oversee the implementation of different anti-poverty programmes of the Ministry of Rural Development. (DRDA, PRA, Planning Commission)
		iv)	is an application of information and communication technology for exchange information for government to our citizens. (E - Governance, E- Nam, Kisan cell center)
		v)	The term Agribusiness is coined by (Michael Peter/John Davis/ Ewell Roy)
		vi)	refers to the range of activities and disciplines encompassed by modern food production. (Entrepreneur, Agri - Preneurship, Agribusiness)

B) Match the following:

	Column A		Column B
i.	Growth Centre Approach	a)	Rural Area
ii.	Agriculture Activity	b)	Approaches of Rural Development
iii.	SHG	c)	Provision of healthcare
iv.	CARE	d)	12 -20 Members
v.	Service Oriented NGO	e)	International NGO

C) True or False (Any Four):

[4]

[5]

- i) The development of ICTs has largely contributed to the decrease of social interaction taking place between individual to individual, individual to group.
- ii) Agricultural Entrepreneurship is predominantly related to the marketing & production of various agricultural products.
- iii) Meaningful development would take place in the absence of peace and stability.
- iv) NGOs with Charitable Orientation focus on local participation.
- v) Mahatma Gandhi had viewed development of Rural areas through eradication of Wealth.

Q2) Write a short answers (Any Three):

[24]

- a) Explain the importance of Rural Development.
- b) Write a note on NGO's and Rural Development.
- c) Write a note on Agricultural Entrepreneur.
- d) Write a note on Rural Development and Internet.

Q3) Write a Long answers (Any Two):

[32]

- a) What are the various challenges in development of rural areas?
- b) What is Agricultural Entrepreneurship? Explain its importance.
- c) Explain the role & functions of DRDA.
- d) Explain the various approaches to Rural Development.



Total No.	of Ou	nestions: 5]		SEAT No.:
PA-19(<i>)</i> 0	Γ4	5953]-305	[Total No. of Pages: 3
		_	5.Y. B.B.A.	
305 A:	COI			SALES MANAGEMENT
000111		(2019 Pattern)		
Time: 2	½ H oi	urs]		[Max. Marks: 50
Instructi	ons to	the candidates :		
1)		questions are compulso		
2)	Figi	ures to the right indica	te full marks.	
<i>Q1</i>) Fill	in th	e blanks :	•	[5]
a)	A _	is some	one who buys	books for himself.
	i)	Customer	ii)	Consumer
	iii)	Wholesaler	iv)	Salesman
b)	Mo	vement for protection	of interests is	?
	i)	Telemarketing	ii)	Targeting
	iii)	Consumerism	iv)	Advertising
c)	Dis	couraging customers	is known as _	?
	i)	Marketing	ii)	De-Marketing
	iii)	Negotiating	iv)	Bartering
d)		is the dis	tinct way of li	fe of group of people.
	i)	Culture	ii)	Religion
	iii)	Values	iv)	Beliefs

its brand.

i) Marketing Mix

ii) Product Mix

refers to the set of actions that company uses to promote

iii) Price Mix

e)

iv) Promotion Mix

Q2) True or False:

[5]

- a) To understand a buyer needs and convert them into customers is the main purpose of the consumer behaviour study.
- b) Self-image is an individual's own perceived image.
- c) Buying motive is the motive to persuade the desires of people so that they buy a particular goods or service.
- d) Consumer behaviour basically starts with post purchase behaviour.
- e) Buying is the process by which individuals acquire the purchase and consumption knowledge.

Q3) Match the following:

[5]

1)	Consumerism	a)	Self-Fulfilment
2)	Culture	b)	Need for love
3)	Esteem	c)	Protection against Exploitation
4)	Self-Actualization	d)	Personality of Society
5)	Belonging	e)	Status

Q4) Write Short Answer Questions (Attempt Any 3):

[15]

- a) What is Consumerism?
- b) Explain Customer Delight in brief.
- c) Explain the concept of Sales Research.
- d) Explain the importance of Value added Selling.
- e) Explain any 3 sales forecasting methods.

Q5) Write Long Answer Questions (Attempt Any 2):

[20]

- Elaborate types of Sales Organization structure. a)
- Explain Sales manager functions and responsibilities in detail. b)
- Explain the search and evaluation process in detail in purchase decision. c)
- Explain the characteristics of culture and subculture in detail. d)



Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No.:
PA-1907	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5953]-306 S.Y. B.B.A.

B-305: MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING (2019 Pattern) (Semester - III)

Tarks : 50
[5]
Surplus.
•
[10]
iting.
n

Q2) Discuss the techniques of Financial Statement analysis.

[15]

OR

The following Trading & P & L A/c & Balance Sheet of Premium Enterprises for year ended 31 March 2022.

Trading & P & L A/c

Particulars	Amount Rs.	Particulars	Amount Rs.
To Opening Stock	1,45,000	By Sales	7,50,000
To Purchases	6,10,000	By Closing Stock	1,55,000
To Gross Profit C/d	1,50,000		
	9,05,000		9,05,000
To Expenses	80,000	By Gross Profit c/d	1,50,000
To Net Profit	70,000		
	1,50,000		1,50,000

Balance Sheet

Liabilities	Amount Rs.	Assets	Amount Rs.
Share Capital	7,00,000	Fixed Assets	5,50,000
Reserves & Surplus	1,20,000	Stock	1,55,000
Bank Overdraft	35,000	Debtors	80,000
Creditors	1,50,000	Cash	2,20,000
	10,05,000		10,05,000

Calculate:

- a) Current Ratio
- b) Liquid Ratio
- c) Gross Profit Ratio
- d) Stock turnover Ratio

Q3) From the following information of SK Ltd, Calculate

[10]

- a) Contribution
- b) BEP in units
- c) Margin of Safety
- d) Volume of sales to earn profit of Rs. 600

Total Fixed Costs: Rs. 4,500, Total variable Costs Rs. 7,500, Total Sales: Rs. 15,000; units sold 5,000 units.

Q4) Prepare cash budget for KJ Enterprises from March to August 2021. [10]

Month	Sales	Selling Expenses	Purchases	Wages	Factory Expenses	Admin Expenses
January	1,70,000	7,000	80,000	15,000	10,000	5,000
February	1,60,000	7,500	84,000	16,000	11,000	5,500
March	1,82,000	6,500	83,000	16,800	8,000	4,500
April	1,55,000	6,800	83,000	12,000	10,500	4,750
May	1,65,000	7,400	76,000	18,000	12,000	5,400
June	2,00,000	7,000	68,000	16,000	9,600	5,700
July	1,80,000	6,000	70,000	17,000	8,000	5,000
August	2,20,000	5,500	56,000	16,500	9,600	5,500

Additional Information:

- Opening cash balance was Rs. 20,000 a)
- Period of credit allowed to customers & by suppliers 1 month b)
- Lag in payment of factory, admin & selling expenses is 1 month c)
- d) Machine purchased for Rs. 30,000 in March paid immediately.
- Building purchased in April Rs. 1,50,000 paid half in May & half in July. e)
- 5% Commission on Sales payable after 2 months of sales. f)

OR

State the format of Balance Sheet as per Companies Act 2013.



Total No. of Questions: 3]	SEAT No.:
PA-1908	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5953]-307 S.Y. B.B.A.

C-305: ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR (2019 Pattern) (Semester - III) (CBCS)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q1) A) Multiple Choice Questions (Attempt any 4 out of 5): [4]
 - a) Which one is not a model of OB.
 - i) Autocratic
 - ii) Custodial
 - iii) Supportive
 - iv) Contingency
 - b) Instrumental values does not include this:
 - i) Ambition
 - ii) Freedom
 - iii) Honesty
 - iv) Courage
 - c) Theory 'X' and Theory 'Y' was introduced by
 - i) Herzberg
 - ii) Maslow
 - iii) Mc Gregor
 - iv) Vroom

	u)	what is 5 in 5-O-B-C model of human behaviour?								
		i)	Stimulus	ii)	Situation					
		iii)	Social	iv)	Structure					
	e)	Acc	ording to modern view, o	confli	ct is					
		i)	avoidable							
		ii)	inevitable							
		iii)	generated							
		iv)	participative							
B)	Mat	ch th	e pair :		[4]					
	1)	Anti	icipatory change	a)	changes made in response to unexpected situations					
	2)	Rea	ctive change	b)	altering the overall shape and direction of the organization					
	3)	Incr	emental change	c)	planned change based on expected situations					
	4)	Stra	tegic change	d)	subsystem adjustments required to keep the organization on course					
C)	True	or F	False (any 4 out of 5):		[4]					
	a)	Org	anizational culture is a se	t of b	eliefs, assumptions and values.					
	b)		basis of Autocratic model uthority.	is pov	wer with a managerial orientation					
	c)	Cha	nge is the alteration of sta	atus q	uo.					
	d)		ommodating, competing agement.	and a	voiding are the styles of conflict					
	e)		ups created to accomplish nformal groups.	n the	goals of organization are known					

Q2) Short answers (Attempt any 2 out of 4):

[14]

- a) Personal factors influencing individual behaviour.
- b) Types of change.
- c) Formation of Attitude.
- d) Managerial Grid.
- e) Traditional Vs. Modern views of conflict.
- Q3) Long answers (Attempt any 2 out of 4):

[24]

- a) Define personality and elaborate on key determinants of personality.
- b) Explain two factor theory of Motivation.
- c) Why do people join groups and explain the stages in group development.
- d) Define organizational culture and explain the process of formation of culture.



Tota	ıl No.	of Qu	estio	ons: 4] SEAT No.:	
PA	-19() 9			No. of Pages: 3
				[5953]-308	
				S.Y. B.B.A.	
D 3	805	: FU	IND	DAMENTALS OF SERVICES MANA	GEMENT
				(2019 Pattern) (Semester - III)	
Tim	$e: 2^{1/2}$	2 Hou	rs]	[M	lax. Marks: 50
Inst				candidates:	
	1) 2)		_	tions are compulsory. to the right indicate full marks.	
	-)	- 181		to the right marks.	
Q1)	a)	Mul	ltiple	e Choice questions :	[5]
		i)		narging customers different prices for essentially the called as	e some service
			a)	Price discrimination	
			b)	Supply & demand	
			c)	Substitutes	
			d)	None of these	
		ii)	Wh	hich of the following is not an extended 'P' in m	narketing mix?
			a)	Product	
			b)	Price	
			c)	Process	
			d)	Practice	
		iii)	Pri	imary service characteristics does not include	·•

Intangibility

Homogeneity

Perishiability

Inseparability

a)

b)

c)

d)

		iv)	Services that occur without interruption, confusion or hassle to the customer is called as						
			a)	Seamless service					
			b) Service audit						
			c)) Functional service					
			d)	Departmental service					
		v)	Eve	ry business is a service b	usine	ss - this is said by			
			a)	a) Philip Kotler					
			b)	b) Gary Hamel					
			c)	Ravi Shankar					
			d)	All of the above					
	b)	Mate	ch th	e following:	C	[5]			
		i)	Pro	motion	a)	Service			
		ii)	Tea	ching	b)	Extended marketing mix			
		iii)	Cus	tomer retention	c)	End user & service provider			
		iv)	Inse	parable	d)	Retention of old customers			
		v)	Phy	sical evidence	e)	Basic marketing mix			
Q2)	Ansv	wer a	ıny o	ne out of 2 long answers	:	[10]			
	a)		efine the concept of services. Explain the functions of service anagement.						
	b)	Expl	lain t	the product life cycle with	h a su	iitable diagram.			
<i>Q3</i>)	Ansv	wer a	ıny o	ne out of 2 long answers	:	[10]			
	a)	Expl	lain t	he various micro & macr	o fac	tors affecting services.			
	b)	Expl	lain t	the impact of globalisation	n on	services.			

04)	Short notes	(anv 4 out	of 6) :

[20]

- a) Characteristics of services
- b) Service products
- c) Service design
- d) Service market analysis
- e) Importance of services marketing
- f) Physical evidence

Total No. of Questions: 3]	SEAT No.:
PA_1910	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5953]-309 S.Y. B.B.A.

E 305 : AGRICULTURE AND INDIAN ECONOMY (2019 Pattern) (Semester - III)

			(2019 Pattern) (Semes	ter	- III)			
<i>Time</i> : 2 ¹ /	⁄2 Hou	rs]			[Max. Marks : 50			
Instruction	ons to	the c	candidates:					
1)	All	quest	ions are compulsory.					
2)	Figu	ures 1	to the right indicate full marks.					
<i>Q1</i>) A)	Mu	ltiple	e choice questions :		[5]			
	i)	NA	BARD was established in the	year				
		a)	12 th July 1982	b)	1st Jan. 1985			
		c)	4th Jan. 1980	d)	25 th Feb. 1979			
	ii)	Gro	Grouping of Small land holdings into a bigger one is called.					
		a)	Ceiling of land holdings					
		b)	Collectivisation					
		c)	Cooperative farming					
		d)	Consolidation of land holding	ngs				
	iii)		which portal farmer get relevional language?	ant ii	nformation in their own or			
		a)	Kisan Vikas Kendra	b)	Kisan SMS Portal			
		c)	Farmer Agri Portal	d)	Agri Business Portal			
	iv)	Wh	nich sector is the backbone of	India	n Economy?			
		a)	Service	b)	Financial			
		c)	Agriculture	d)	None of the above			
	v)	Pla	ntation agriculture is a type of					
		a)	Subsistence farming	b)	Commercial farming			

Mixed farming

c)

d) None of the above

[595	3]-30	9	2						
	d)	Fund	ctions of NABARD						
	c)	Imp	ortance of agriculture in Indian eco	onom	y.				
	b)	Stra	tegies of Agricultural Credit.						
	a)	Writ	te objectives of agricultural price po	olicy.					
<i>Q</i> 2)	Shor	t ans	wer (Attempt any 3 out of 4):		[15]				
		v)	SHG's is stand for	e)	Jute				
			fibre of India						
		iv)	is the golden	d)	Vinoba Bhave				
			was initiated by						
		iii)	Bhoodan-Gramdan movement	c)	Self Help groups				
			of food grain						
			resulted in increase production						
		ŕ	by the government that has		Ç				
		ii)	This is a program introduced	b)	Jhumming				
		-)	is known as						
	<i>C)</i>	i)	The slash and bum agriculture	a)	Green Revolution				
	C)	v) Mate	India is the largest Producer and co ch the following:	JIISUII	[5]				
		iv)	Green Revolution is related to wat		par of Dulgas in the world				
		:\	fodder, inorganic fertilizers and bi		ilizers.				
		iii)	There is a growing demand for ag	gricul	tural inputs like feed and				
		ii)	NABARD is not the apex bank for rural credit.						
		i)	The main feature of commercial farming is the use of high doses of modern inputs.						

[5]

B) True and False:

Q3) Long Answers (Attempt any 2 out of 3):

[20]

- a) Explain the problems and prospects of Indian agriculture.
- b) Explain the Interdependence between agriculture and Industry sector.
- c) Explain the sources of agricultural finance.





Total No. of Questions : 4]						SEAT No.	.:
PA-19	11		[595	53]-31	0		al No. of Pages : 2
			-	B.B.			
			MARKETING	MAN	AG	EMENT	
			A306 : Retai	il Maı	nage	ement	
		((2019 CBCS Patt	ern) (Sem	nester - III)	
	ns to t All que	he ca	undidates: as are compulsory. the right indicate full n	narks.			[Max. Marks: 50
Q1) Cor	npulse	ory (questions.				[10]
A)	Mul	tiple	choice questions.				[5]
	a)		en any retailer provion one modes of retail		-		es by using more
		i)	Store retailing		ii)	Non store retain	iling
		iii)	Multi channel retaili	ing	iv)	Ownership reta	ailing
	b)	US	P in retail brand man	ageme	nt sta	ands for:	
		i)	Unique selling prop	ositio	n		
		ii)	United selling prop	osition	1		
		iii)	Unique selling plan				
		iv)	United selling plan				
	c)	A _	refers to the arra	_			in a store so that
		i)	Store Layout		ii)	Store Location	1
		iii)	Store Image		iv)	Store Design	
	d)		consists of all the	ose act	ivitie	es involved in se	elling directly to

ii) Local brands

ii)

iv)

iii) National brands

ultimate consumers.

Retailing

i)

iii)

i)

e)

Wholesalling

____ are also called store brands.

Private label brands

iv) International brands

Merchandising

Marketing

	B)	Fill in the blanks (any 5) [5]					
		a) Any business enterprise whose main sales volume is derived fro the retailing activities is considered as a					
		b)layout utilises store walls for displaying merchandises, which increases the sales of the store.					
		c) A is a retail store layout which consists of a single fixed passage that connects the entrance and exit of a store.					
		d) The overall process of purchasing, presenting and selling these goods and commodities at retail level is called					
		e) The prime objective of is to provide the right goods to the customers at right time and right place.					
		f) is a system of transferring money from one bank account directly to another without any paper money changing hands.					
		g) A is a temporary storefront space operated by an online merchant.					
Q 2)	a)	Elaborate on various types of store layout. Write the steps in designing layout. OR OR					
	b)	What are the various phases involved in retail life cycle? [10]					
Q 3)	a)	What are the various marketing decisions in retailing? Explain the role of retail marketing in stores. [10]					
	b)	Explain the various technological tools used in Retail Industry. Also highlight the role of IT in retailing. [10]					
Q4)	Writ	short notes (any 4): [20]					
	a)	Pop-up shops					
	b)	Brand management					
	c)	Retail marketing					
	d)	Retail store location					
	e)	Structure of retail industry					
	f)	Store operations.					

Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No.:	
PA-1912	[Total	No. of Pages •

[5953]-311 S.Y. B.B.A.

			3 - 306 FM : BANKIN (2019 CBCS Pattern)		
<i>1</i>)	ns to All qu	the ca vestion	undidates: ns are compulsory. the right indicate full marks.		[Max. Marks: 50
<i>Q1</i>) A)	Mu	ltiple	choice questions.		[5]
	a)		are intermediaries bet	ween	depositors and borrowers.
		i)	Banks	ii)	Trusts
		iii)	Societies	iv)	Non profit organisations
	b)		_ is an industry that han assactions for individuals c		cash, credit and other financial mers and businesses
		i)	Rubber	ii)	Textile
		iii)	Banking	iv)	Hotel
	c)	Wh	at is CRR?		
		i)	Cash Reserve Ratio	ii)	Current Ratio Rate
		iii)	Credit Review Report	iv)	Credit Rating Recouds
	d)	Wh	o regulates the money circ	culatio	on in India?
		i)	State bank of India	ii)	Reserve bank of India
		iii)	Commercial bank	iv)	Private banks
	e)	Reg	gional rural banks are spo	nsore	d by
		i)	Reserve Bank of India	ii)	Nationalised Commercial Bank
		iii)	State Bank of India	iv)	Government of India

	B)	Mai	ten the following:		[5]
			A		В
		a)	Banks	i)	National Electronic funds transfer
		b)	Primary functions	ii)	India's central bank
		c)	RBI	iii)	Receive deposits & make loans
		d)	NEFT	iv)	Accepting deposits
		e)	SEBI	v)	Lends transfers
				vi)	Regulatory body for securities
<i>O</i> 2)	Solv	ve the	e following long answer question	ons. (any 1 out of 2): [10]
~ /					
	a)	_	king in India.	on of	bank? Explain the evolution of
	b)	Exp	plain in detail the primary funct	ions c	of banks?
Q3)	Solv	e the	following long answer question	ons (a	ny out of 2): [10]
	a)	Exp	plain in detail the role and funct	ions (of RBI.
	b)	Exp	plain in detail the power and fur	nction	as of SEBI.
Q4)	Writ	e sho	ort notes (any 4 out of 6):		[20]
	a)	Nee	ed and importance of technolog	y in t	oanking.
	b)	Sec	ondary functions of banks.		
	c)	Obj	ectives of Insurance developme	ent au	nthority.
	d)	Net	banking.		
	e)	Stru	acture of Banking system in Inc	lia.	
	f)	RTO	GS.		
			A A	^	

Total No. of Questions : 4]

PA-1913

[Total No. of Pages : 2]

[5953]-312 S.Y. B.B.A.

C306: LEGALASPECTS IN HRM (2019 Pattern) (Semester - III)

			(2019 Pattern) (Se	emes	ter - 111)
Time : 2½ Instructio 1) 2)	ons to All qu	the co estion	andidates: ns are compulsory. the right indicate full marks		[Max. Marks : 50
Q1) A)	Mu	ltiple	choice questions.		[5]
	i)	HR	policy could be	•	
		a)	Document	b)	Verbal
		c)	Code of Conduct	d)	All of the above
	ii)	Lat	oour laws		
		a)	Protect	b)	Regulate
		c)	Prohibit	d)	All of the above
	iii)	Gra	nvity is calculated on	·	
		a)	15 days average wage	b)	20 days average wage
		c)	25 days average wage	d)	30 days average wage
	iv)	Wo	rkmen's compensation is	paid	on account of
		a)	Death	b)	Disablement
		c)	Both	d)	None
	v)	Sex	tual Harrasment includes		·
		a)	Physical contact		
		b)	Verbal remarks		
		c)	Sharing of digital conten	nt in o	bjectionable context

d) All of these

	B)	Mat	tch the following.		[5]		
			A		В		
		i)	HR policy	a)	Workmen's compensation		
		ii)	Employee right	b)	Gravity		
		iii)	Fair wage	c)	Regulating employee behavior		
		iv)	Continous service	d)	Type of wage		
		v)	Partial disablement	e)	Ventilated workplace		
Q 2)	Ans	wer a	any one of the two long and	swer ques	tions. [10]		
	a)	Exp	lain objectives & function	s of HR p	olicy.		
	b)	Exp	olain functions of compensa	ntion admi	nistration.		
Q3)	Ansv	ver a	ny one of the two long ans	wer quest	tions. [10]		
	a)	_	lain the calculation of graviravity act.	ty for vari	ous establishment under payment		
	b)	Explain procedure for seeking reddressal against sexual harasment as the the sexual harasment of women at workplace act 2013.					
Q4)	Shor	t not	es (any 4 out of 6).		[20]		
	a)	Nee	ed for labour laws.				
	b)	Typ	es of wages.				
	c)	Typ	es of disablement under W	/orkmen's	S Compensation Act.		
	d)	'Co	ntribution' definition unde	r payment	t of gravity act.		
	e)	Visl	nakha guidelines.				

f)

Wage differentials.

Total No.	of Que	estion	as:3]		SEAT No. :
PA-191		JCII	[5953] S.Y. B.	B.A.	[Total No. of Pages : 2
D300 : 1	PKII		2019 CBCS Patter		ERVICE MANAGEMENT ester - III)
	ns to t All que	he ca estion	ndidates: es are compulsory. he right indicate full mar	ks.	[Max. Marks : 50
Q1) Obje	ective	type	e questions.		[10]
A)	Mul	tiple	choice questions.		
	i)		ich of the following junant?	products	is an example of intangible
		a)	Insurance	b)	Farming
		c)	Mining	d)	Teaching
	ii)		rging customers differe	ent prices	for essentially the same service
		a)	Price discrimination	b)	Supply and demand
		c)	Complementary	d)	Substitutes
iii) Which of the following is not generally acce extended marketing mire for services?					
		a)	Product	b)	Price
		c)	Process	d)	Practice
	iv)		vices are characterised ept for	by all o	of the following characteristics
		a)	Intangibility	b)	Homogeneity
		c)	Perishability	d)	Inseparability

Customer satisfaction can be defined by comparing _____.

Predicted service & perceived service

Desired service and perceived service

Adequate service and perceived service

Predicted service & desired service

v)

a)

b)

c)

d)

P.T.O.

B) Match the following.

Group A

Group B

i) Physical evidence

ii) Customer gap

b) Exceeding customer's expectations

iii) Bankingiv) Customer delightc) Employee dressd) Service cannot be stored

v) Inconsistency e) Difference between customer expectation and perception

Q2) Long answer questions. (solve any 2 out of 4):

[20]

- a) Discuss the factors influencing customer satisfaction.
- b) Discuss the strategies for managing customer expectations.
- c) What is outsourcing? State the factors driving the need of outsourcing.
- d) State the importance of TQM in service sector.
- Q3) Write short notes on. (solve any 4 out of 6):

[20]

- a) Customer loyalty.
- b) Strategies of managing demand.
- c) KPO
- d) Service performance failure
- e) Service value chain
- f) Meeting the service challenges



					_		
	ns to All qu	the co	andidates: ns are compulso the right indicat	•		[Max. Marks : 50	
<i>Q1</i>) A)	Mu	ltiple	choice question	ons.		[5]	
	i)		ral developme oulation.	nt implies rai	sing	the status of the rural	
		a)	Economical		b)	Voilance	
		c)	Poverty		d)	Micro finance	
	ii)		hatma Gandhi dication of	had viewed	deve	elopment of rural areas through	
		a)	Poverty	1	b)	Education	
		c)	Voilance		d)	None of the above	
	iii)	dev	is one of relopment appr		rogra	amme formulated under Area	
		a)	DPAP	1	b)	PRA	
		c)	SHG	(d)	None of these	
	iv)		e account hese indicator	_		cator of aggregate output. Some	
		a)	National Inco	ome 1	b)	Gross Income	
		c)	Net Capital	(d)	Per capital income	
	v)	In_	area's, ag	riculture and a	allie	d activities are predominant.	

b)

d)

Education

None of these

Urban

Rural

a)

c)

P.T.O.

	B)	True and false [5]					
		a)	Meaningful development wou and stability.	ıld tak	ke place in the absence of peace		
		b)	Rural development concerned for urban as well as for interna		increase agricultural production l markets.		
		c)	The development of ICT has lessocial intraction taking place b	_	y contributed to the decrease of en individual to individual.		
		d)			ives in providing village schools reducing linguistic and distance		
		e)	It is now involved in rural deve	elopm	nent for entertainment only.		
<i>Q</i> 2)	Mate	ch the	e pairs.		[5]		
2-)	111411		A		В		
	i)	Fina	ncial assistance by the	a)	1972 policy		
			k in rural area				
	ii)	Emp	oloyment Guarantee	b)	NABARD		
		sche	eme (EGS)				
	iii)	Abso	olute poverty	c)	Universal Phenomenon		
	iv)	Rela	ative poverty	d)	Indicator of poverty		
	v)	Per o	capita income	e)	Found in most of the		
					Developing countries		
02)	C1		2 ((4)		F4 #3		
Q3)			wer (attempt any 3 out of 4):	.1	[15]		
	a)	•	lain the importance of rural dev	-			
	b)	•			rith respect to rural development.		
	c)	_	lain equality orientation program				
	d)	Desc	cribe the goals of rural develop	ment	policy.		
<i>Q4</i>)	Long	ansv	wer type questions (attempt any	y 2 ot	at of 3). [20]		
	a)	Expl	lain the structure of rural econo	my.			
	b)	_	lain the role of agricultural a	and n	on agricultural sector in rural		
	c)	Expl	lain the "Gandhian Model of Ru	ıral D	Development.		
			0 0	\bigcirc			

Total No. of Questions : 3]	SEAT No.:
PA-1916	[Total No. of Pages : 3
	59531-401

[5953]-401 S.Y.B.B.A.

401 : ENTREPRENEURSHIPAND SMALL BUSINESS MANAGEMENT

			MANAGEN	MEN'	Γ		
			(2019 CBCS Pattern)	(Sen	nester - IV)		
Time: 2½ Instruction 1) 2)	ons to All qu	the co	andidates: ns are compulsory. the right indicate full marks	· .	[Max. Marks : 70		
<i>Q1</i>) A)	Cho	ose 1	the correct option.		[5]		
	a)	Conservative entrepreneurs reluctant to change.					
		i)	drone entrepreneur	ii)	Fabian entrepreneur		
		iii)	imitating entrepreneur	iv)	innovative entrepreneur		
	b)	Mismatch between jobs available and skill level of employees.					
		i) Frictional unemployment					
	ii) Structural unemployment						
		iii) Seasonal unemployment					
		iv)	Cyclical unemployment				
	c)	The ability to logically assess and select best idea from a variety of ideas					
		i)	divergent thinking	ii)	convergent thinking		
		iii)	lateral thinking	iv)	critical thinking		
	d)	The 'T' in PEST analysis refers to					
		i)	Time	ii)	Technology		
		iii)	Training	iv)	Talent		
	e)	is defined as the administration of questions to respondent in a completely relaxed environment and they are free to express themselves.					
		i)	Projective techniques	ii)	Observation Method		
		iii)	Depth Interviewing	iv)	Survey Technique		

P.T.O.

B)	Mat	ch the following.		[5]
		<u>A</u>		<u>B</u>
	a)	Metaphor	i)	Secondary Data
	b)	Manager	ii)	Initiates, Creates, Manages
				new business
	c)	Entrepreneur	iii)	Power motivated
	d)	Desk research	iv)	Divergent thinking tool
	e)	SWOT	v)	Environment scanning technique
C)	Ans	swer in one sentence.		[5]
	a)	Define Market survey.		
	b)	Who is an angel investor?	C	
	c)	What is a sick unit?	X	
	d)	Define Intrapreneur		
	e)	What is disguised unemployn	nent?	
D)	Fill	in the blanks.		[5]
	a)	The term entrepreneur is deriv	ed fro	om the French word which means
	b)	A state of worklessness for a	man	who is fit and willing to work is
	c)	Cottage industries are advers	ly aff	ected is the present times due to
	d)	is the process of identitat may affect an organisatio	•	ng and evaluating external factors
	e)	is the cofounder	of Ya	atra.Com.

Q2) Long answer (Attempt any 3)

 $[3 \times 10 = 30]$

- a) Explain entrepreneurship, its characteristics, need and importance.
- b) Explain environmental scanning and its techniques.
- c) Explain the objectives, functions and challenges of MSNE.
- d) What is industrial sickness, what are its symptoms. State measures to overcome it.
- e) Describe the role of market survey in selecting business opportunities.

Q3) Write short notes on (Attempt any 4.)

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Differentiate between entrepreneur intrapreneur and manager.
- b) Venture capital
- c) Causes and consequences of unemployment
- d) PMEGP
- e) Qualities of Entrepreneur
- f) Divergent thinking



Total No.	of Qu	estio	ns: 3]		SEAT No. :		
PA-1917			_	3]-402 3.B.A. PERATION	[Total No. of Pages : 2		
		(201	9 CBCS Pattern)	(Semester-IV	V) (402GC)		
	ns to All qu	the co	andidates: ns are compulsory. the right indicate full m	arks.	[Max. Marks : 70		
Q 1) A)	Mu	ltiple	Choice Questions.		[5]		
	a)		nner so as to maintatin	n the regular flo			
		i) iii)	Plant layout Machine layout	ii) iv)	Plant set None of the above		
	b)		nen a single product is untities the manufactur		continuously in very large called as		
		i)	Intermittent Product	ion ii)	Process Production		
		iii)	Both (i) & (ii)	iv)	None of the above		
	c)	Ser	_is the first internation vices Management.	onal standard fo	or Information Technology		
		i)	ISO 14001	ii)	ISO 14040		
		iii)	ISO 20000	iv)	None of the above		
	d)	CA	M Stands for				
		i)	Computer Aided Mr	nufacturing			

Computer And Management

None of the above

Pneumatic

Electrical

Computer And Manufacturing

__ is or are the types of Automation control system.

ii)

ii)

iii)

iv)

i)

iii)

e)

Hydraulic

	B)	Mat	ch the Pairs	[5]			
	,	Part	'A'	Part 'B'			
		1. S	ervices	a) Consumer Goods			
		2. E	lectric Appliances	b) Intagible			
			onstruction of airport	c) Project Production			
			EIRI	d) the law of work			
		5. E	rgonomics	e) Sort out			
	C)	Fill:	in the blanks	[5]			
		i)	is a process by w	hich goods and services are created.			
		ii)	A is a bundle of	f utilities.			
		iii)	is the process of	comparing one's business processes and			
			performance metrics to in	ndustry bests and best practices from other			
	industries.						
		iv)	Jobbing is aopera	tional Process.			
		v)	is defined as eff	ficiency in industrial Production to be			
			measured by some relation	onship of outputs to inputs.			
	D)	Defi	ine the term.	[5]			
		i)	TQM	Co			
		ii)	Ergonomics				
		iii)	Production Management				
		iv)	Product Development				
		v)	Routing				
Q2)	Write		answers in brief (Solve an				
	a)	State	e the various Qualities an	d Responsibities/Roles of the Production			
			nager.				
	b)			ffecting Plant location Decision.			
	c)	_	lain factors affecting prod				
	d)	Wha	at is quality circles? State i	its objectives and principles.			
02)	C1	. N T	4 (4 (5 ()	[20]			
Q3)			tes (any 4 out of 6)	[20]			
	a)		sigma eduling				
	b)		· ·	s of outomation			
	c)		rantages and disadvantage Istial Goods	s of outomation			
	d)						
	e)		ed automation				
	f)	гіаП	t layout				

Total No. of Questions : 6]	SEAT No.:
PA-1918	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5953]-403 S.Y. B.B.A.

403 : DECISION MAKING AND RISK MANAGEMENT (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - IV)

Time	2:21/	2 Hou	rs]		[Max. Marks : 70			
Instr	uctio	ons to	the candidates:					
	1)	Q. N	No.1 and Q.6 are compulsory.					
	<i>2</i>)	Solv	e any 3 (three) questions from remain	ning q	uestions nos. 2, 3, 4, 5.			
Q1)	a)	Fill	in the blanks (Attempt any 5 our	of 6)	: [5]			
		i)	Power enables leade	ers to	provide several monetary			
		1)	Power enables leaders to provide several monetary and non-monetary benefits to their subordinates.					
		ii)	refers to the basic human needs as per Maslow's theory.					
		iii)	is the ability to secure desirable actions from a group of followers voluntarily.					
		iv) have lesspower and are called subordinates.						
		v)	Herzberg's two factor theory is based on factors & motivation factors.					
		vi)	Different strategies in risk sharing include and o sourcing.					
	b)	Mat	ch the following:		[5]			
		i)	Team	a)	Toxic leadership			
		ii)	Dark side of leadership	b)	Qualitative risk analysis technique			
		iii)	Conflict	c)	Group of people working together			
		iv)	Brains storming	d)	Disagreement			
		v)	Sensitivity Analysis	e)	quantitative risk analysis			
				f)	Leon Festinger Techniques			

Q2)	Atte	mpt any 3 questions:	[15]
	a)	Explain the process of creative decision making.	
	b)	Explain the process of Rational decision making.	
	c)	Explain steps of ladder of inference.	
	d)	Explain Myers Briggs Model in detail.	
Q3)	Atte	mpt any two questions:	[15]
	a)	What is wisdom of crowds? Discuss the difference between G think and wisdom of crowds.	roup
	b)	What is intutive decision making model? Discuss its suitability.	
	c)	Discuss any 3 qualitative Risk analysis methods.	
0.4)	A 44 -		[15]
<i>Q4</i>)	Atte	mpt any two questions:	[15]
	a)	Define followership. Discuss characteristics of good follower.	
	b)	Explain McGregor's Theory X and Theory Y.	
	c)	What is toxic leadership. Discuss traits of toxic leader.	
Q 5)	Atte	mpt any three questions:	[15]

- a) What is team composition? Which are the factors to be considered for team composition.
- b) Discuss the importance of shared values in decision making.
- c) Define Risk Communication. Discuss its process.
- d) Define project integration. Discuss its process.

Q6) Short Notes (attempt any three):

[15]

- a) Cognitive Biases.
- b) Types of decisions.
- c) Quantitative methods of Ris Analysis.
- d) Decision Support System.
- e) D key elements of E1/EQ.





Total No. of Questions : 3]		SEAT No. :	_
PA-1919		[Total No. of Pages :	7
	[5953]-404	-	

[5953]-404 S.Y. B.B.A.

GC-404: INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MANAGEMENT (2019 Pattern) (Semester-IV)

Time : 2½	2 Hour	rs]		[Max. Marks : 70
Instructio	ons to	the candidates:		
1)	All qu	uestions are compulsory.		
2)	Figur	res to the right indicate full ma	rks.	
01) Coi	mpuls	sory question:		
A)		ltiple choice questions.		[5]
)	a)	WTO's office situated at	•	te.
	u)	i) Geneva	ii)	Delhi
		iii) Washington	iv)	USA
	b)	,		ent came into effect in
	,	i) 1991	ii)	1994
		iii) 1992	iv)	1980
	c)	Exam Bank is wholly owr	ned by.	
		i) RBI	ii)	Government of India
		iii) State Bank	iv)	Maharashtra Bank
	d)	More expansion of foreig	n direct	investment can boost
		i) Money circulation	ii)	Demand
		iii) Employment	iv)	Unemployment
	e)	The Leontief Paradox ma	kes.	
		i) An empirical testing	of mills t	heory of reciprocal demand
		ii) An empirical testing of	Hecksch	er-Ohlin theory of internation trade
		iii) A critical theory of o	pportuni	ty cost
		iv) A theory of Internation	onal trade	e by Ohlin
B)	Ma	tch the pairs:		[5]
		A		В
	a)	IBRD	i)	1991
	b)	Modern theory of	ii)	HO theory
		international trade		
	c)	LPG	iii)	World Bank
	d)	SAARC	iv)	1944
	e)	IMF	v)	1985
				P.T.O.

C)	Answer in one sentence: [5]
	a) What is meant by term opportunity cost?	
	b) Define the term Regional cooperation.	
	c) What is meant by Exchange Rate?	
	d) What is known as paper gold.	
	e) What is an International corporation?	
D)	Fill in the blanks: [5]
	a) Trade between two countries can be useful if cost ratios of good are	S
	b) Government policy about exports and import is called policy	7.
	c) Floating Exchange Rates is determined by	
	d) Balance of payment is a concept as compared to balance of trade.	f
	e) The company produces, markets, invests and operate across the world.	S
02) Solv	ve any 3 out of 5: [30	1
a)	Explain why is India an attractive global outsourcing hub.	•
b)	Explain David Ricardo's theory of comparative cost advantage.	
c)	Explain nature and scope of International corporation.	
d)	Explain methods of calculating Foreign Exchange rate.	
e)	What is meant by balance of payment? Discuss its components.	
<i>Q3</i>) Solv	ve any 4 short notes: [20]
a)	World Bank	
b)	International Business	
c)	Foreign Direct Investment	
d)	Global Sourcing	
e)	Export Promotion Schemes	
f)	Globalization.	

Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No. :
PA-1920	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-405

S.Y. B.B.A. (Semester - IV)

A405: ADVERTISING AND PROMOTION MANAGEMENT Marketing Management (2019 Pattern) (405 AMM)

				(201) 1 4000111) (1001)	······································
Tim	e:2	½ H e	ours	1		[Max. Marks : 50
Insti	nstructions to the candidates :					-
	1)	All	quest	ions are compulsory.		
	<i>2</i>)	Figu	ures 1	to the right indicate full	marks.	
					•	
Q 1)	Cor	npul	sory	Questions:		[10]
	A)	Mu	ltiple	Choice Questions:		[5]
		i)		carry the compan	y's name	e and logo.
			a)	Coupons	b)	Gifts
			c)	Catalogues	d)	Free Samples
		ii)	,		,	ne' of the advertisement.
		11)	a)	Caption	b)	Border
			,	Decoration	d)	Mascot
		•••	c)		,	
		iii)	ma	kers.	new lau	nches, new products and new
			a)	Blog Advertising	b)	Social Media Advertising
			c)	Affiliate marketing	d)	Social Engine Marketing
		iv)		connects the clier	nt and the	e media.
			a)	Advertising Agency	b)	Advertising Planning
			c)	Advertising Budget	d)	Advertising Department
		v)	,	0		a product or service expressed
		• /	in a	few words.	1110111 101	a product of service expressed
			a)	Slogan	b)	Illustration
			c)	Logo	d)	Trademark
			,	<i>-</i>	/	

	B)	Mat	ch the Pairs :			[5]
		i.	Advertising	a)	Digital advertising	
		ii.	Portfolio Tests	b)	Displays	
		iii.	Online advertising	c)	Subtitle	
		iv.	Caption	d)	Recall	
		v.	POP	e)	Paid form	
Q2)	a)	Desc	cribe the various components o	f Adv	vertising layout.	[10]
			OR			
	b)	State	e the objectives of measuring A	dvert	ising effectiveness.	[10]
<i>Q3</i>)	a)	Expl	ain the importance and function	ns of	Media Research.	[10]
			OR	G	*	
	b)	Desc	cribe the various sales promotion	on tec	chniques.	[10]
Q4)	Writ	e sho	rt notes on : (any 4)			[20]
	a)	Cros	ss promotion			
	b)	A.I.I	O.A. formula			
	c)	Surr	ogate Promotion			
	d)	Bait	& Switch Advertising Issues			
	e)	Copy	y creation			
	f)	Soci	al Media Advertising			

किर्कर्क

Total No.	of Qu	iestioi	ns:4]		SEAT No. :		
PA-35	38		[5953]-	406	[Total No. of Pag	es : 4	
			S.Y.B.B.A.		[])		
			405 (B) : BUSINES	•	·		
			(2019 Pattern) (S				
Time : 2½	Hour	rs]			[Max. Mark	s:50	
			andidates: as are compulsory.				
	_		ulator is allowed.				
<i>Q1</i>) A)	Fro	m the	e following choose the co	orrect	option. (Any 5)	[5]	
	a)	Val	uation of rent free house	will b	e according to		
		i)	Salary	ii)	area		
		iii)	owner	iv)	population		
	b)	Sur	n of various heads calle	d			
		i)	Taxable Income	ii)	Total Income		
		iii)	Gross Total Income	iv)	Adjusted Income		
	c)	Wh	ich of the following don	ations	is eligible for 100% deducti	on?	
		i)	National Children Fund	i			
		ii)	National Sports Fund				
		iii)	Rajeev Gandhi Founda	tion			
		iv)	Jawaharlal Nehru Mem	orial F	und		
	d)	Typ	oes of capital Gains are_		_		
		i)	1	ii)	2		
		iii)	3	iv)	4		
	e)	Ma	ximum deduction allowe	ed U/S	80C		
		i)	Rs. 50,000	ii)	Rs. 1,50,000		
		iii)	Rs. 20,000	iv)	Whole amout.		
	f)	Inc	ome from other sources	includ	les		
		i)	Indian company Divide	end	ii) Dividend from units		

iv)

all of the above.

Foreign company Dividend

iii)

Total No. of Questions : 4]

B) Write short Notes (Any 2)

[10]

- a) Types of capital Gains
- b) Person as per IT Act 1961
- c) Income
- d) Assessment year and previous year.
- e) Meaning of salary
- **Q2**) Explain the Taxation Structure in India.

[10]

OR

Explain any five incomes exempted U/S 10 form Tax.

- Q3) Mrs. priyanka is a manager working in Reliance Industry pune. She has submited the following information of salary for financial year 2021-22 [15]
 - a) Basic pay 60,000 p.m.
 - b) DA 45% of basic salary (Not admissible for retirement benefits)
 - c) Fixed medicle allowance Rs. 17,000 p.a.
 - d) Helper allowance -Rs. 1000 p.m.
 - e) Entertainment allowance -Rs. 1000 p.m.
 - f) Employer and his own contribution to the RPF is 13%. of basic salary.
 - g) Interest credited to RPF at 12% was Rs. 60,000
 - h) Commission received- Rs. 30,000
 - i) He has been given a gift in cash of Rs.10,000 on his birthday by an employer.
 - j) He has been provided with a car 20 Hp by his employer for both official and private purpose. The running & maintenance expenses including driver's salary paid by exemployer.
 - k) She has been provided gardner and cook. The salary paid to them Rs.7000 p.m. and 6000 p.m. respectively.
 - l) She has paid professional tax at Rs. 2500 p.a. Compute her taxable Income from salary for the A.y. 2022-23

OR

Maya is working in a Limited company in Mumbai has funished the following details of her income for the year ended 31st March 2021

Basic Salary -Rs. 13,200 p.m.

Bonus equal to six months basic salary.

Transportance Allowance - Rs. 1200 p.m.

Entertainment allowance -Rs.450 p.m.

Received HRA Rs. 2000 p.m. from an employer but he paid a rent of Rs. 2500 p.m.

Personal Medicle Bills of Rs. 10,000 were reimbursed by an employer. His treatment has been done in a private nursing home not belonging to an employer.

The Interest credited to the PF A/C at 9.5% p.a. is Rs. 7410

Interest on Government Securities Rs. 3000 (Gross)

Income from units Trust of India Rs. 5500

Interest on Bank Deposits recevied Rs. 3000

Donation to prime minister's National Relief Fund Rs. 2500

Donation to the Government for promotion of family planning Rs. 2000

Life Insurance premium paid during the year Rs. 4200 professional Tax paid Rs. 2500

Compute Tax Liability and Taxable Income for the Ay 2022-23 of Mrs.Maya.

Q4) Mr. Rakesh owned a house which he used for self residence. For the financial year 2021-22 details relating to his properties are given below. [10]

Particulars ₹

Fair Rent 3,50,000

Municipal valuation 3,60,000

Municipal Taxes paid

by owner 40,000

Repairs 5,000

Land Revenue 25,000

Interest on capital 40,000

Date of completion of Construcion of March 2009

Compute Taxable Income from House property for A.y. 2022-23

OR

Municiple value 1,00,000 [10]

Fair Rent value 1,80,000

Let out (per month) 16,000

Standard Rent 1,20,00

Additional Information:-

Rent for a month has not been realised

Assessee has paid the municipal tax of Rs. 20,000

His tenant had also made payment for municipal tax of Rs. 10,000

Calculate the Annual value of House property for the A.y. 2022-23.



Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No. :
PA-1921	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5953]-407 S.Y. B.B.A.

C - 405 : HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONS & PRACTICES

PRAC	CTICES
(2019 Pattern) (Se	mester - IV)
ours] to the candidates: questions are compulsory. ures to the right indicate full marks.	[Max. Marks : 50
Sultiple choice questions (any 5)	[5]
	ployees are trained while performing ociated with their job is classified ii) On the job training
iii) Formal training	iv) Off the job training
convenience of the employeei) Versatility transfer	ii) Shift transfer
	iv) Sectional transfer
 i) Is not an objective i) To increase & maintain r ii) To determine basic wage iii) To improve performance iv) To reward for the job performance 	norale es & salary
)is an objective of V	VPM.
i) Participation costii) To increase workers accomiii) Self controliv) Facilitate change	
	(2019 Pattern) (Secures) of the candidates: questions are compulsory. ures to the right indicate full marks. fultiple choice questions (any 5) Type of training in which emetasks & responsibilities assume. i) Informal training iii) Formal training means transfer for convenience of the employee i) Versatility transfer ii) Remedial transfer iii) Remedial transfer iii) To increase & maintain rullii) To determine basic wage iii) To improve performance iv) To reward for the job perior an objective of Versatility transfer is an objective of Versatility transfer iii) To improve performance iv) To reward for the job perior an objective of Versatility transfer is an objective of Versatility transfer iii) Self control

	e)	O.D	D. process is cyclical & ends w	hen_	·•
		i)	Plan is implemented		
		ii)	Data is gathered		
		iii)	Desired development result is	obta	ined
		iv)	Problem is identified		
	f)		lesigning the company's span cedure is a part of	of c	ontrol or decision making
		i)	Structural change		
		ii)	Cultural change		
		iii)	O.D. intervention	•. •	
		iv)	Technological change		
B)	Mat	ch the	e following.	•	[5]
	a)	A c	hange agent tries to overcome	i)	Competitive advantage
		vari	ous types of misunderstandings,		
		whi	ch occur between various		
		grou	ups with the help of improved		
		com	nmunication among the groups.		
	b)	SHI	RM considers people a	ii)	Defining job
		stra	tegic resource for attaining.		
	c)	Firs	t step in appraisal process.	iii)	Joint council
	d)	Incr	rease in responsibilities & rank	iv)	Third party intervention
		but	there is no salary increment or		
		othe	er financial benefits.		
	e)	It ca	an be formed at all the levels,	v)	Dry promotion
		i.e a	t plant level, regional level or		
		zona	al level.		
	40=		2		

Q2) Long Answer type questions (any 1)

[10]

- a) Discuss various types & basis for promotion.
- b) State & explain determinents of employee compensation.
- *Q3*) Long answer type questions (Any 1)

[10]

- a) State & explain objectives & importance of WPM.
- b) Define the term power. Explain various sources of power.
- **Q4**) Short notes (any 4).

[20]

- a) Politics.
- b) Levels of WPM.
- c) HRA.
- d) Transfer.
- e) Importance of training.



Total No.	of Qu	estions : 4] SEAT No. :	
PA-192	22	[Total No. of Pages : [5953]-408	2
405 -	- D- S	S.Y. B.B.A. M: BANKING AND INSURANCE MANAGEMENT (Credit 2019 Pattern) (Semester - IV)	
1)	ns to All qu	[Max. Marks : 5 he candidates: estions are compulsory. s to the right indicate full marks.	ts : 50
<i>Q1</i>) A)	Sel	ct the correct option. [5	5]
	a)	SLR stands for?	
		i) Statutory Liquidity Rate ii) Single Liquidity Ratio	
		iii) Statutory Liquid Right iv) Statutory Liquidity Ratio	
	b)	It is a rate at which banks borrow rupees from RBI.	
		i) Exchange ii) Repo	
		iii) Interest iv) Reserve	
	c)	Which is not the basic function of SEBI?	
		i) To regulate issue of securities	
		ii) Monetary Management	
		iii) To prohibit insiders trading in securities	
		iv) To control and regulate securities market	
	d)	IRDA stands for	
		i) Indian Regulatory Development Authority	
		ii) Insurance Regulatory Development Authority	
		iii) Investment Regulatory Development Authority	
		iv) International Regulatory Development Authority	
	e)	Internet Banking is also known as .	

Public Banking

Corporate Banking

i)

iii)

Private Banking

E Banking

ii)

iv)

[5] B) Match the follwoing. **IDBI Demat Account** i) a) b) **EMI** ii) **RBI** Banking Ombudsman c) iii) 1999 d) **IRDA** iv) Loan Travelers' Cheques **SEBI** e) v) Q2) Solve any one Question. [10] Explain the procedure of opening a Demat Account. a) Explain any 5 types of electronic payment systems. b) Q3) Solve any one Question. [10] What are the Cross selling opportunities possible in Retail banking? a) Explain Marketing of Banking services in Urban and Rural areas. b) Q4) Short notes (Attempt any 4). [20] Retail Banking. a) Electronic Payment Systems. b) Loan Insurance. c) Merchant Banking. d) Digital signature. e) Demat Accounts. f)

Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No. :
PA-1923	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-409 S.Y. B.B.A.

E - 405 : RURAL MARKETING (2019 Pattern) (Semester - IV)

		(2019 Pattern)	(Semest	ter - IV)
ons to a	the ca estion	is are compulsory.	arks.	[Max. Marks: 50
Cho	ose c	correct alternative fro	m the follo	owing. $[5\times1=5]$
a)				uses have been constructed be-
	i)	Mhada properties	ii)	Maharera
	iii)	Indira Awas Yojna	iv)	None of the above
b)		is the first step	in decision	on making process.
	i)	Need Recognition	ii)	Information search
	iii)	Evaluation of Alterr	native iv)	Purchase decision
c)	Lor	ng form of APEDA i	S	_•
	i)	Agriculture and Pro Authority.	ocessed for	od products export Development
	ii)	Agriculture produc	t Export ar	nd Development Agency
	iii)	Agriculture produce	e Electricit	y development Agency
	iv)	None of the above		
d)	_			ered in the phaseof evo-
	i)	I	ii)	II
	iii)	III	iv)	IV
e)		•	er in the	region of the India as com-
	i)	South West	ii)	Southern
	iii)	Western	iv)	Eastern
	cho d)	Choose can Under twee in the control of the can be	chours] ons to the candidates: All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full management of the right indicate full management in its content of the right indicate full management indicate full management in its content of the right indicate full management	Choose correct alternative from the followards. a) Under the, 7.2 million howards tween 2005-06 and 2008-09. i) Mhada properties ii) iii) Indira Awas Yojna iv) b) is the first step in decision ii) iii) Evaluation of Alternative iv) c) Long form of APEDA is i) Agriculture and Processed for Authority. ii) Agriculture product Export ariii) Agriculture produce Electricity iv) None of the above d) Agriculture marketing term consideration of rural marketing. i) I ii) iii) III iv) e) The literacy rate is higher in the pared to the north. i) South West ii)

Match the following. $[5\times1=5]$ B) **MNREGA** October, 1993 a) i) Pradhan Mantri Gram April, 1999 b) ii) Sadak Yojana Rajiv Gandhi Grameen December, 2000 c) iii) Vidyutikaran Yojana

d) Swarn Jayanti Gram iv) April, 2005
 Swarozgar Yojana
 e) Pradhan Mantri Rojgar Yojana v) February, 2006

Q2) Attempt any one of the following (Out of TWO).

 $[1 \times 10 = 10]$

- a) i) Explain how caste system affect on the rural marketing.
 - ii) Explain the rural employment generation programs which are initiate by government.
- b) Explain the role of self help Groups in rural marketing. Illustrate it with example.
- Q3) Attempt any one of the following (Out of TWO). $[1\times10=10]$
 - a) i) Explain role of the Social media in rural marketing.
 - ii) Explain the challenges of online marketers.
 - b) Explain the distribution models through public Distribution System.
- Q4) Write any four short note. (out of six).

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Jan Dhan Yojana.
- b) Digital Village.
- c) Electricity as rural infrastructure.
- d) Ayushaman Scheme.
- e) Problems of rural consumers.
- f) Impact of E-commerce on rural consumers.



Total No. of Questions : 3]		SEAT No. :
PA-1924	[5953]-410	[Total No. of Pages : 2
	S.Y. B.B.A.	
A 407 N/I	M. DICITAL MAD	ZETINO

A406-MM: DIGITAL MARKETING Specialization (Marketing) (2019 Pattern) (Semester - IV)

<i>1</i>) .	ns to t All qu	the ca estion	ndidates: as are compulsory. The right indicate full marks.		[Max. Marks: 50
<i>Q1</i>) A)	Fill	in the	e Blanks (any 4):		[4]
	i)			Calif	haring and social media platform ornia, Founded by Steve Chen,
		a)	Instagram	b)	Tweeter
		c)	Yahoo	d)	YouTube
	ii)	 mar	marketing is also refekting.	erred	to as "interruption" or "push"
		a)	Inbound	b)	Outbound
		c)	Digital	d)	International
	iii)	The	video will improve your		of brand in search engine.
		a)	Quality	b)	Frequency
		c)	Visibility	d)	Popularity
	iv)		is the process of earn ducts or services of some	_	ncome every time you promote llse.
		a)	Push Marketing	b)	Pull Marketing
		c)	Diversification	d)	Affiliate Marketing
	v)	rega	helps advertisers and marding the behaviour of th		ers find comprehensive statistics tors to their sites.
		a)	Google Analytics	b)	YouTube
		c)	Social Media	d)	Digital Marketing

	B)	Mat	ch the following.	[4]				
			A		В			
		i)	Higher sales	a)	Registering for a free Trail need you			
		ii)	Micro Conversion	b)	The medium to get in touch with potential customers			
		iii)	Email Marketing	c)	Website that only contains one			
		iv)	One page website	d)	Higher Conversion rate HTML page			
	C)	True	e or False (any four).		[4]			
		i)	Black Hat is a type of SEO					
		ii)	'Outbound Marketing' is the	oppo	site of 'Inbound Marketing'			
		iii)	Interaction and commitment o is Conversion Rate.	fcons	sumer with organization or brand			
		iv)	Facebook ads are paid messag	es tha	at businesses place on Facebook.			
		v)	v) Podcast is the act of marketing yourself.					
Q2)	Shor	rt An	swer (any 2)		[14]			
	a)	What is YouTube Advertising? Explain its Types.						
	b)	Exp	lain Google Ad Words briefly.					
	c)	Hov	v do you create Facebook Pag	e?				
	d)	Wha	at are the Types of Conversion	ıs?				
<i>Q3</i>)	Long	g Ans	wer (any 2)		[24]			
	a)	Exp	lain Creating business account	s on `	YouTube.			
	b)	Hov	v to make a web site on Word	Press	Web?			
	c)	Exp	lain the process of SEO in deta	ail.				
	d)	Hov	v to convert Traffic into Leads	?				
			Λ Λ	^				

Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No. :
PA-1925	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-411 S.Y.B.B.A.

B406: FINANCIAL SERVICES

			(2019 Pattern) (CBC	CS) (S	emester-IV)
	ons to t All qu	the co	andidates: ns are compulsory. he right indicate full marks	y .	[Max. Marks: 50
Q1) A)	Mul	tiple	choice questions:		[5]
	i)		BI has made For public subscription.	Comp	ulsory for the companies going
		a)	Factoring	b)	Credit rating
		c)	Underwriting	d)	Hedging
	ii)		is a market where	stocks	and shares are bought and sold
		a)	Stock exchange	b)	Primary market
		c)	IPO	d)	None of these
	iii)	•,,-		rt term	lending and borrowing. typically
		W1t	hin a year.		
		a)	Capital market	b)	Stock market
		c)	Money market	d)	Financial market
	iv)	the			etween two parties that involves ows of two financial instruments.
		a)	Mutual Fund	b)	A Swap
		c)	Forward contract	d)	Option contract
	v)	dep		-	bearer registered form of funds beriod of time at a specified Rate
		a)	Commercial papers	b)	Certificates of deposits
		c)	T-bills	d)	Call money

	B)	Match the pairs:						
			Group A			Group B		
		i)	Rights issue		a)	A non-banking		
						financial activity		
		ii)	Put options		b)	Short term promissory no	tes	
		iii)	Mutual funds		c)	Issue of new securities to		
						Existing shareholders.		
		iv)	Marchant banking		d)	A collection of stocks and bonds	l/or	
		v)	Commercial papers		e)	The right to sell a futures position		
Q2)	Wha	at is p	orimary market? State th	e functi	ons o		[10]	
				OR	C	•		
	Wha	at is n	noney market? Explain r	noney n	narke	et instruments in detail.		
Q3)			you mean by factoring languages of the significantly in India.	ig? Cor	nme	nt on "The role of factors	s has [10]	
				OR				
			you mean by financial i			es? Explain the role of fina	ncial	
<i>Q4</i>)			ort notes on (any 4)				[20]	
	a)		ancial markets.					
	b)		chant bankers.					
	c)		asury bills					
	d)		A Ltd.					
	e)	IPO						
	f)	Ven	ture capital.					

Total No. of Questions: 3]	SEAT No. :
PA-1926	[Total No. of Pages : 2
[59:	53]-412
S.Y. B.B.A.	(Semester - IV)

C406: EMPLOYEE RECRUITMENT & RECORD MANAGEMENT (2019 Pattern) (CBCS)

		(2019 Patte	ern) (C	CBO	CS)			
					[Max. Marks: 50			
	_							
F_{i}	igures	to the right indicate ful	ll marks					
) Fi	ill in	the blanks (Attempt any	/ 4 out o	of 5	[4]			
i)		•			ching and stimulating them to			
ii)			cies of c	orga	anisation are factors			
iii		Recruitment is considered as a positive process and selection considered as process.						
iv	•	is concerned with making, administering, retaining submitting & disposition of documents.						
v)	v) is a composition of protocol & ledger for establi an immutable historical record of transaction.							
) M	Iatch	the following:			[4]			
i.	R	egression analysis	a))	Type of employee record			
ii.	. M	lanpower planning	b))	External source of recruitment			
iii	i. C	ampus recruitment	c))	Forecasting technique.			
iv	. T	raining record	d))	Right employee at right job			
	tions (A F) F (i) (ii) (iii) (i	tions to the All que Figures) Fill in to a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	tions to the candidates: All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full Fill in the blanks (Attempt any i) Recruitment is the proceapply for jobs in the orgation in the	tions to the candidates: All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full marks Fill in the blanks (Attempt any 4 out of a process of sapply for jobs in the organisation ii) Size of organisation, policies of affecting recruitment. iii) Recruitment is considered as a considered as processidered as processidered as processidered as a considered as a considered as in a composition of an immutable historical record of an immutable historical record of a composition of a composit	tions to the candidates: All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Fill in the blanks (Attempt any 4 out of 5 i) Recruitment is the process of sear apply for jobs in the organisation. ii) Size of organisation, policies of organisation recruitment. iii) Recruitment is considered as a post considered as process iv) is concerned with make submitting & disposition of docum v) is a composition of process an immutable historical record of transport of the submitting in the following: i. Regression analysis and ii. Manpower planning bout iii. Campus recruitment considered considered as a post considered as a			

C) True or False (Attempt 4 out of 5):

- [4]
- i) Recruitment is a process of having right people at right time.
- ii) Company can destroy all records of employee once he/she leaves a job.
- iii) E- recruitment is cost effective.
- iv) Talent acquisition means hiring most qualified candidate.
- v) Leave record is not a type of employee record.
- Q2) Short answers (Attempt 2 out of 4):

[14]

- a) Explain 5 types of employee records.
- b) Explain principles of record keeping.
- c) Define talent acquisition & its advantages & disadvantages.
- d) Explain the difference between recruitment & selection.
- Q3) Long answers (Attempt 2 out of 4):

[24]

- a) Explain internal & external factors affecting on recruitment.
- b) Explain objectives & Need of manpower planning.
- c) Explain essentials of good record management system.
- d) Explain process of Manpower forecasting.



Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No.:
PA-1927	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-413 S.Y. B.B.A.

406	D :	SO	S.Y. B. CIAL SERVICES		GO MANAGEMENT			
		(20	19 Pattern) (Seme	ester -	· IV) (CBCS)			
Time : 2½	2 Hou	ırs]			[Max. Marks: 50			
			candidates:					
1) 2)	All Figi							
Q1) A)	Mu	Multiple Choice questions: [5]						
	i)	Soc	cial workers practice und	er all of	the following auspices EXCEPT			
		a)	Public	b)	Not For Profit			
		c)	For Profit	d)	Media			
	ii)	oming under the						
		a)	Direct method of socia	al work				
		b)	Indirect method of soc	cial wel	fare			
		c)	Not coming under any	metho	d			
		d)	All the above					
	iii)	n is a social animal.						
		a)	Maclever	b)	Freud			
		c)	Aristotel	d)	Rousseau			
	iv) Social work administration is coming under							
		a)	Primary method of so	cial wo	rk			
		b)	Secondary method of	social	work			
		ion						
		d)	All the options					
	v)	The	e social order is maintain	ned larg	ely by			
		a)	Division of Labour	b)	Law			
		c)	Socialisation	d)	State			

	B)	Mat	[5]					
		a)	First NGO in India	1)	1917			
		b)	NGO	2)	Scholarship for Higher Education			
		c)	Inclusive Education for the Disabled	3)	Education			
		d)	Method of community	4)	Non Governmental			
			Organisation		Organisation			
		e)	CSR	5)	2009-10			
Q2)	Wha	at are	different Schemes offered by OR	Gove	ernment for NGOs in India?			
	Defi worl		ne concept Social Work. State	e Obj	ectives and functions of Socia [10]			
Q3)	What are the different ethics followed in social services? OR							
	Expl NG0		n detail various functions of N	GO a	nd challenges in management of [10]			
Q4)	Writ	e Sh	ort Notes. (Any Four)		[20]			
	a) Distinguish between Trust and NGO							
	b) Importance and scope of communication skill							
	c) Purpose of CSR management.							
	d) Qualities of EQ							
	e) Grant Proposal structure							
	f)	Purp	pose of Social Welfare Board					

* *

SEAT No.:	
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PA-1928

[Total No. of Pages: 2

[5953]-414

S.Y.B.BA. (Semester-IV)

BANKING OPERATIONS & FINANCE (406E) (ABM) (2019 Pattern)

Time	$2:2^{1/2}$	2 Hou	rs]			[Max. Marks : 50			
Instr	uctio	ons to	the c	candidates:					
	1)	All e							
	2)	Figu	igures to the right indicate full marks.						
Q 1)	A)	A) Fill in the blanks (Attempt any 4 out of 5)							
		i)	for	is the apeagriculture and rura		institution for providing finance nent.			
		ii)		ney lenders and za griculture finance.	mindaris ar	e known as sources			
		iii)	Tin	ne value of money	is basically	depends on			
		iv)		is known as	s marginal c	ost of capital.			
		v)	The Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojna (PMFBY) launche						
	B)	Mat	ch th	e following.		[4]			
		i)	NA	BARD	a)	12 July 1982			
		ii)	IFF	FCO	b)	Private Finance			
		iii)	Pub	olic Sector Banks	c)	3 Nov. 1967			
		iv)	Lar	ndlord	d)	Institutional Finance			
	C)	True	e or I	False (Attempt any	4 out of 5)	[4]			
		i)	The	e ratios analysis help	os to manage	ment in taking several decisions.			
			a)	True	b)	False			
ii) Turnover ratio is also known as performance				rformance ratio.					
			a)	True	b)	False			
		iii)	Infl	ation dose not affect	ct the time v	alue of money			
			a)	True	b)	False			

- iv) Non-Institutional sources of agriculture finance charge lower interest rate on loan
 - a) True

- b) False
- v) All types of agriculture technology support to development of formers in good manners.
 - a) True

- b) False
- Q2) Short Answer. (Attempt any 2 out of 4)

[14]

- a) Land Development Bank Explain.
- b) Kisan Credit Card Describe
- c) Time value of money Explain.
- d) Agriculture technology Explain
- Q3) Long answer (Attempt any 2 out of 4)

[24]

- a) What is agriculture finance? Explain the need and importance of Agriculture finance.
- b) Explain the various sources of agriculture finance.
- c) What is capital budgeting? Explain the importance of capital budgeting in decisions making?
- d) What is agriculture technology? Explain the need and importance of agriculture technology.



SEAT No.:	

PA-1929

[Total No. of Pages: 3

[5953]-501

T.Y.B.BA. (Semester-V)									
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (GC - 501)									
(2019 Pattern) (CBCS)									
Time	$2:2\frac{1}{2}$	Hou	rs]				[Max. Marks : 70		
Insti	ructio	ns to	the c	andidates:					
	1)	All q	juesti	ions are compulsory.					
	2)	Figu	re to	the right indicates fu	ll mai	rks.			
Q1) A) Multiple choice question.						[5×1=5]			
i) Primary data is original in nature & collected directly from hand experience.					& collected directly from first -				
			a)	True		b)	False		
	ii) Statistical design does not deals with the number of items observed & the ways of data collection & methods of analy data.								
			a)	True		b)	False		
	iii) In Research the data can be a quantitate but never be qualitativ					titate but never be qualitative.			
			a)	True		b)	False		
iv) Descriptive research does not provides a description of the stat affairs as it exists at present.							rides a description of the state of		
			a)	True		b)	False		
v) Plagarism is an act of purloining of an individuals work, ide finding, strategies or writing without giving him appropriate cre for the same.									
			a)	True		b)	False		

B)	Match the pairs. [5									
	Gro	oup (A)	Gro	Group (B)						
	i)	Coding	a)	Is the conversation of data into usable & desired form						
	ii)	Classification	b)	Secondary data						
	iii)	Likert scale	c)	Respondents are asked to express their response on a five point scale						
	iv)	Data processing	d)	Arranging data in groups or classes						
	v)	Published data	e)	Is the process of assigning symbols to answers						
C)	Ans	swer in one sentence -	[5]							
	i)	What do you mean by Literature Review?								
	ii)	What is stratified Randon	m samplin	g?						
	iii)	What is secondary data?	•							
	iv)	What is plagarism?								
	v)	What is Likert scale?								
D)	Fill	in the blanks-		[5]						
	i)	is either a written or printed, either in physical form or								
		electronic form, and contains spaces for answers.								
		a) Questionnaire	b)	Interviews						
		c) Schedules	d)	Observations						
	ii) sampling is used when it is difficult to i									
		members of the desired	population							
		a) Snowball	b)	Systematic						
		c) Cluster	d)	Sequential						
	iii) The data which are collected from the place of origin is kn									
		a) Primary data	b)	Secondary data						
		c) Primary & seconda	ry d)	None of these						
	iv) is the first section of the research paper									
		a) Abstract	b)	Introduction						
		c) Review of literature	d)	Conclusion						
	v)	After every ten years, int	regarding population of India is							
		a) Census	b)	Samples						
		c) Both a & b	d)	None of these						

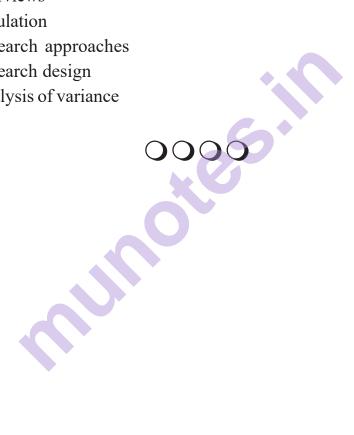
Q2) Long Answer of questions.

 $[3 \times 10 = 30]$

- What is Research? Explain in brief the different types of Research. a)
- What is primary data? State the methods used for collection of primary b) data in detail.
- What is sample design? Explain steps in sample design. c)
- What is Research Report? Explain in brief different steps in writing report. d)
- What is observation method? State its merits. e)
- Q3) Short notes (Attempt any 4 out of 6)

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- Sources of secondary data a)
- b) **Interviews**
- c) **Tabulation**
- Research approaches d)
- Research design e)
- Analysis of variance f)



Total No. of Questions : 3]		SEAT No.:
PA-1930		[Total No. of Pages : 3
	[5953]-502	

[5953]-502 T.Y. B.B.A.

502	: D A	ATAI		ISTRATION ern) (Semes	N AND DATA MIN ter - V)	NING
<i>Time</i> : 2 ¹	½ Ho i	urs]			[Max.	Marks: 70
Q1) A)	Solve any 5 out of 6. Select the correct option.					[5]
	a)	KD	D in data mining	is		
		i)	Knowledge Dis	covery Databa	ase	
ii) Knowledge Directory Data						
		iii)	Knowledge Data	a Definition		
		iv)	Knowledge Data	a Drive		
	b) Cloud computing is the delivery ofservices.				of	computing
		i)	On-demand	ii)	Sophisticated	
		iii)	Selective	iv)	None of the above	
	c) The data is stored, retrieved & updated in					
		i)	OLAP	ii)	OLTP	
		iii)	SMTP	iv)	FTP	
	d)	d) is not a transaction state.				
		i)	Active	ii)	Partially committed	
		iii)	failed	iv)	Compensated	

	e)	A state is said to be		if it is committed or aborte	d.
		i) Active	ii)	Terminated	
		iii) Failed	iv)	None of the above	
	f)	is a shared of	collect	ion of related data.	
		i) DDL	ii)	DML	
		iii) Database.	iv)	DBA.	
B)	Ma	tch the Pairs :			[4]
	a)	The design of a database at physical level	1)	Physical schema	
	b)	Design of database at logical level	2)	View schema	
	c)	Design of database at view level	3)	Schema	
	4)	It provides graphical view of the entire database architecture and structure	4)	Logical Schema	
C)	Tru	e or False :			[5]
	a)	Source data is the componen	nt of I	Data Warehouse.	
	b)	A data warehouse is organiz	ed aro	und important subject area.	
	c)	A data mart can be called as	a sub	set of a data warehouse.	
	d)	Time series analysis falls und	der Do	xriptive data mining task.	
	e)	Predictive analysis helps to in past.	under	stand why something happe	ned

Ω 2)	Short Answers	(Attemnt An	v 3	Out	of 4	. (
Q^2	SHULL ALISWELS	(Attempt An	y J	Out	OI 4	' <i>)</i> •

[24]

- a) Explain Descriptive Analytics.
- b) What is data extraction?
- c) What is the primary job of DBA?
- d) List Four purposes of DBMS.

Q3) Long Answers (Attempt Any 2 Out of 4):

[32]

- a) With help of diagram, describe overall structure of DBMS.
- b) Explain ACID properties in detail.
- c) Write applications of Data Warehousing.
- d) Write advantages of data analytics.



Tota	l No.	of Qu	iestioi	ns:3]		SEAT No.:
PA-	193	1				[Total No. of Pages : 3
				[5953]	-503	
				T.Y. B	.B.A	
				GC-503: BUSIN	NESS 1	ETHICS
				(2019 Pattern) ((Semes	ster - V)
Time	$2:2^{1/2}$	Hou	rs]			[Max. Marks : 70
Instr	uctio	ns to	the c	andidates:		
	1) 2)	_		o the right indicate full beled diagram wherever		y.
Q1)	A)	Mu	ltiple	Choice Question:		[5]
		a)	Bus	siness Ethics means		
			i)	Conducting business	with eth	ics
			ii)	Determine the difference business	rence b	etween correct & incorrect in
			iii)	Determining ethical &	unethic	cal activities in business
			iv)	All of the above		
		b)	Val	ue & ethics shapes		
			i)	Corporate unity	ii)	Corporate discipline
			iii)	Corporate culture	iv)	Corporate differences
		c)	The	e primary stakeholders a	are	
			i)	Customer	ii)	Supplier
			iii)	Shareholder	iv)	Creditor
		d)	In v	which type of leadershi	p style l	eader acts more as bosses

ii)

iv)

Negative style

Democratic style

i)

iii)

Positive style

Autocratic style

		i)	Possession of Resource	S	
		ii)	Ethical obligations		
		iii)	Public Image		
		iv)	Violation of profit maxin	nisati	on
B)	Mat	ch th	e pairs :		[5]
	a)	Acc	ountability	Set	of Rules
	b)	Glol	oal warming	Woı	kers & Employees
	c)	Cod	e of conduct	Dec	ency & Honesty
	d)	Stak	teholders	Cha	nges in Rainfall
	e)	Ethi	cs in Advertisement	Con	cept of Responsibility
~ '					
C)			n one statement:		[5]
	a)		at is work place ethics?		. 1.0
	b)		at is corporate ethical lead		p style?
	c)		at is complience managem		
	d)		at is corporate citizenship	?	
	e)	Wha	at is consumerism?		
D)	Fill ⁻	in the	blank:		[5]
_,	a)			ow er	nployees will interact with each
	ĺ		er & also with their custor		-
		i)	Job profile	ii)	Guidelines of Behaviour
		iii)	Code of ethics	iv)	None of these
	b)		is the oldest source of	ethic	al inspiration
		i)	Religion	ii)	Law
		iii)	Education	iv)	Society
	c)		nplete freedom for group of eader participation is unde		ividual decision with a minimum
		i)	Autocratic leader	ii)	Intellectual leader
		iii)	Liberal leader	iv)	Institutional leader

Which of the following is disadvantages of social responsibility?

e)

		d)		is an act where the nate of the interest in the control of the	_	ctices of the organisation to the losed.
			i)	FIR	ii)	Whistle Blowing
			iii)	Information	iv)	Investigation
		e)		study of interaction between study of interaction between tis called		iving & non-living organism &
			i)	Ecosystem	ii)	Ecology
			iii)	Phyto-geography	iv)	Phyto sociology
Q2)	Lo	ng an	swer	questions (Attempt any	three)	: $[3 \times 10 = 30]$
	a)	Def Ethi		usiness Ethics. Explain i	n detai	il the nature & scope of business
	b)	Wha	at is C	Collective Bargaining? Ex	plain	process of collective Bargaining?
	c)	Wha	at is (CSR? Explain argument	for &	against CSR.
	d)	Def	ine E	nvironmental Ethics. Expl	ain law	s & regulations in Indian context.
	e)	Wha	at is l	Modern Corporation? Ex	plain i	ts features.
Q 3)	Sho	ort N	ote (a	attempt any Four):		$[4\times5=20]$
	a)	Ethi	ical p	roblem occurs in Busine	SS.	

- b) Ethical leadership & its characteristics.
- c) Advertising Ethics.
- d) Sustainable Development & its principles.
- e) Autocratic leadership.



Total No. of Questions : 3]	SEAT No. :
PA-1932	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5953]-504 T.Y. B.B.A.

504 : Management of Corporate Social Responsibility (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - V)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Compulsory questions:

A) Multiple choice questions:

- [5]
- 1) The four types of social responsibility includes.
 - a) Legal, Philanthropic, Economic & Ethical
 - b) Ethical, Moral, Social & Economic
 - c) Philanthropic, Economic, Justice & Ethical
 - d) Legal, Moral, Ethical & Economic
- 2) The acronym CSR stands for
 - a) Corporate Search and Rescue
 - b) Corporate Social Responsibility
 - c) Corporate Sensitive Reliability
 - d) Corporate Social Reality
- 3) Which are two sides of the same coin
 - a) Charity and CSR
 - b) CSR & Corporate Governance
 - c) Charity & corporate Governance
 - d) Philanthropy & Charity

	4)	Wh	ich is not the SDG's of the U	N?	
		a)	Partnerships	b)	Life on Land
		c)	Increase relative poverty	d)	Gender Equality
	5)	The	provisions of CSR applies to)	
		a)	Every company		
		b)	It's holding company		
		c)	It's subsidiary company		
		d)	Foreign company		
		e)	All of the above		
B)	Mat	ch th	ne pairs :		[5]
	a)	Cha	nrity	1)	involves making an effort to drive social change
	b)	Phi	lanthropy	2)	act of extending Love & Kindness
	c)	SDO	G's	3)	8
	d)	MD	OG's	4)	17
	e)	Eco	onomic objective	5)	to earn profit
C)	Ans	wer i	in one sentence:		[5]
	a)	Wh	at is CSR?		
	b)	Wh	at is meant by NGO's?		
	c)	Wh	at is Charity?		
	d)	Wh	at is meant by Philanthropy?		
	e)	Tru	steeship?		
D)	Fill	in th	e blanks :		[5]
	a)		is the act of extending onditionally.	ng Lo	eve and kindness to others
	b)		cycled products are an examp Carroll's models.	ole of	responsibility
	c)		cording to Gandhiji though wea he business, morally belongs		

		d)	The 2013 Act is divided into chapters conta sections as against 658 section in the companies 1956 & has 7 schedules.	•
		e)	Nowdays corporate are treating as a separate of and devote attention to it.	entity
Q2)	Ans	wer a	any 3 out of 5:	
	a)	Exp	lain in details Carrolls CSR Model?	[10]
	b)	Exp	lain the various sustainable Development Goals?	[10]
	c)	Des	cribe the duties of Independent Directors?	[10]
	d)	Wha	at are the different challenges while implementing CSR?	[10]
	e)	Exp	lain the statist model of CSR?	[10]
<i>Q3</i>)			ort notes (any four) :	[20]
	a)b)		teholders Relationship management teholders model of CSR	
	c)		ependent Director	
	ĺ		-Profit Organisations	
	e)		tion 135 of company act	
	f)	Trus	steeship Model	

Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No.:
PA-1933	[Total No. of Pages • 2

[5953]-505 T.Y.B.B.A.

A	505	: MARKETING ENVIRO STRATEO					
		(2019 Pattern) (Seme					
		Hours] ons to the candidates:		[Max. Marks: 50			
	1) 2)	All questions are compulsory. Figure to the right indicates full ma	erks.				
Q1)	Fill	in the blanks.		[5]			
	a) is the practice of understanding the structures policies and procedures developed by an organization.						
	b)	problems relating to the marketing of goods and services.					
	c)	refers to three stage mar	ketin	g process			
	d) refers to collection of data that already exists within the company.						
	e)refers to the phase of product development which is placed in the hands of the customer for their evaluation.						
Q2)	Mat	ch the following.		[5×1=5]			
	1)	Macro Environment	a)	Hypothesis Testing			
	2)	Task Specific Environment	b)	CSF			
	3)	Business Analysis	c)	BCG			
	4)	Michael Porter	d)	Technological			
	5)	Research Design	e)	Competitors			

Q3) Write short notes on (Attempt any 4)

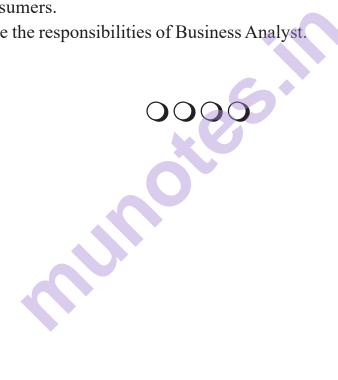
[20]

- a) Critical Success Factors
- b) Scope of Data analytics concerning marketing strategies
- Implications of Marketing Research on Marketing mix c)
- d) Supply Chain Management
- e) **Explain Promotion Mix**

Q4) Write Long Answers (Attempt any 2)

[20]

- Explain about Market segmentation and Targeting strategies a)
- Explain the various types of marketing channels b)
- Discuss the various factors affecting the buying behaviour of the c) consumers.
- State the responsibilities of Business Analyst. d)



Total No	of Questions : 4] SEAT No. :
PA-19	34 [Total No. of Pages : 4
	[5953]-506
	T.Y. B.B.A.
(5	505-B FM): ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT
·	(2019 Pattern) (Semester - V)
Time: 2	½ Hours] [Max. Marks : 50
Instructi	ions to the candidates :
1)	All questions are compulsory.
2)	Figures to the right indicate full marks.
3)	Use of simple calculator is allowed.
<i>Q1</i>) Fill	in the Blanks: [5]
a)	is a statement which shows the cash inflows and cash outflows occured or would occur in a Particular Period.
b)	measure the ability of a firm to meet its short-term obligations and reflect its short-term financial strength or solvency.
c)	If cost of goods sold exceeds the sales revenue and other operating revenues then there will be a
d)	A financial ratio is defined as "a relationship between variables taken from financial statements of a concern.
e)	Fund means working capital i.e. current Assets Minus
Q2) W	Trite Short Notes (Any 3): [15]
a)	Common size statement.
b)	Limitations of fund flow statement.
c)	Comparative Financial Statement.
d)	Cash flow statement.
,	OR

What do you mean by Ratio Analysis? Explain advantages and disadvantages of Ratio Analysis.

- a) Current Ratio.
- b) Liquid Ratio.
- c) Absolute Liquid Ratio.
- d) Current Assets to Fixed Assets Ratio.
- e) Debt to Equity Ratio.
- f) Proprietary Ratio.
- g) Capital Gearing Ratio.

Balance - Sheet as on 31.3.2021

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Equity Capital	10,00,000	Goodwill (At Cost)	5,00,000
6% Pref. Capital	5,00,000	Plant and Machinery	6,00,000
General Reserve	1,00,000	Land and Building	7,00,000
Profit & Loss A/c	4,00,000	Furniture	1,00,000
Provision for Taxation	1,76,000	Inventories	6,00,000
Bills Payable	1,24,000	Bills Receivable	30,000
Bank Overdraft	20,000	Sundry Debtors	1,50,000
Sundry Creditors	80,000	Bank	2,00,000
12% Debentures	5,00,000	Investment (short term)	20,000
	29,00,000		29,00,000

[15]

a) Statement of changes in the working capital; and

b) Fund Flow Statement.

Liabilities	2020	2021	Assets	2020	2021
Equity Share Capital	6,00,000	8,00,000	Land and Buildings	1,80,000	2,20,000
Profit & Loss A/c	1,00,000	1,60,000	Plant and Machinery	5,00,000	8,00,000
General Reserve	50,000	70,000	Stock	1,00,000	85,000
Provision for Taxation	50,000	40,000	Bills Receivable	50,000	30,000
Sundry creditors	1,10,000	1,30,000	Debtors	1,50,000	1,60,000
Bills Payable	80,000	90,000	Cash in Hand	20,000	20,000
Outstanding Rent	10,000	25,000			
	10,00,000	13,15,000		10,00,000	13,15,000

Additional Information:

- a) Depreciation on Plant and Machinery in 2021 Rs. 50,000.
- b) A piece of Machinery Costing Rs. 12,000 was sold for Rs. 8,000 during 2021 (depreciation of Rs. 7,000 had been provided on it).
- c) An interim dividend of Rs. 6,000 was paid during the year.
- d) Income tax paid during 2021 Rs. 45,000.

The Balance Sheets of Zenith Ltd. as on 31st March 2020 and 31st March 2021 were as follows:

Liabilities	Amt Rs. 31/3/2020	Amt Rs. 31/3/2021	Assets	Amt Rs. 31/3/2020	Amt Rs. 31/3/2021
Share Capital	5,00,000	7,00,000	Land & Building	80,000	1,20,000
Profit & Loss A/c	1,00,000	1,60,000	Plant & Machinery	5,00,000	8,00,000
General reserve	50,000	70,000	Stock	1,00,000	75,000
Creditors	1,53,000	1,90,000	Debtors	1,50,000	1,60,000
Bills Payable	40,000	50,000	Cash	20,000	20,000
Outstanding	7,000	5,000	6		
Total	8,50,000	11,75,000	2	8,50,000	11,75,000

<u>Additional Information</u>:

- a) Depreciation of Rs. 50,000 have been provided during the year.
- b) A piece of Machinery was sold for Rs. 8,000 during the year 2020-2021. The cost of the machinery was Rs. 12,000 and depreciation of Rs. 7,000 was provided on the same.
- c) Income tax paid during the year was Rs. 60,000.
- d) Dividend paid during the year was Rs. 50,000.

Prepare Cash Flow Statement.



Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No.:
PA-1935	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-507 T.Y. B.B.A.

C-505 : CROSS-CULTURAL HR & INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS (2019 Pattern) (Semester - V)

Time : 21/2	2 Hou	rs]			[Max. Marks : 50			
Instructio	ns to t	he co	andidates :					
1)	All q	uesti	ons are compulsory.					
2)	Figu	res to	o the right indicate full m	arks.				
Q1) Cor	npuls	sory	question.					
A)	Sele	ct th	e correct option:		[5]			
	i)	Ho	fstede's dime	ension lo	oked at the relationship between			
		gen	der and work roles.					
		a)	Individualism versus	collectiv	ism			
		b)	Masculinity versus fer	mininity				
		c) Uncertainty avoidance						
		d)	Power distance					
	ii)	Wh	nich of the following is	enabling	the growth of a global culture?			
		a)	Mass media	b)	Education			
		c)	Travel	d)	All of the above			
	iii)	"Or	ganizations are made up	of peop	le and the success of management			
			_	se people	". This is a fundamental principle			
		of .	approach.					
		a)	Giri	b)	Gandhian			
		c)	Human Relations	d)	Marxist			
	iv)	Cre	che facility in every fac	tory unde	er factories Act is provided where			
		mo	re than women	worker	s are employed.			
		a)	Twenty	b)	Twenty - five			
		c)	Thirty	d)	Seventy			
	v)				ging people in organizations in a			
		stru	ctured and thorough m					
		a)	Human Resource Ma	nagemer	nt			
		b)	Cross-cultural Manag	gement				
		c)	Both (a) and (b)					
		d)	None of the above					

	B)	Match the following pairs.						
		i)	MAS	a)	Section 18			
		ii)	Drinking water	b)	Section 11			
		iii)	Cleanliness	c)	John Dunlop			
		iv)	Founder of Industrial relation	d)	1948			
			approach					
		v)	Factories Act	e)	Masculinity versus Femin	ity		
<i>Q</i> 2)	Wha	at is n	egotiating across culture? Expl	ain it	in detail.	[10]		
~			OR					
	Exp	lain r	ewards across culture.					
Q 3)	Wha	at are	different remedies for improvir	ıg Inc	lustrial relations?	[10]		
			OR					
	Exp	lain p	provisions regarding working he	ours (of adults.			
Q 4)	Writ	te sho	ort notes on (Any 4):			[20]		
	a)	Mul	ti Cultural Teams					
	b)	Cros	ss Cultural Human Resource M	anag	ement			
	c)		vidualism					
	d)	Lay	Off					
	e)	•	o Ethical approach					
	f)		ectives of Industrial relations					
	,	J						
			$\nabla\nabla\nabla$	7				

Tota	l No.	of Que	estions : 4] SEAT No. :	
PA-	193	6	L	No. of Pages : 3
			[5953]-508	
			T.Y. B.B.A	
		D-	-505: HEALTH CARE MANAGEMENT	Γ
			(2019 Pattern) (Semester - V) (CBCS)	
Time	2: 2 ¹ / ₂	Hour	rs] [Ma	x. Marks : 50
Instr	ructio	ns to t	the candidates:	
	1) 2)	O	ures to the right indicate full marks. w labeled diagram wherever necessary.	
	2)	Diun	r tubeteu utugrum mierever necessury.	
Q1)	A)	Mult	tiple Choice Questions:	[5]
		a)	refers to the overall management and leade public and private healthcare organisations.	rship of both
			i) Farmers sector	
			ii) Planning	
			iii) Healthcare management	
			iv) Sales management	
		b)	Benefits of Hospital Management systems	
			i) Enhanced information integrity	
			ii) Data security	
			iii) Improved monitoring	

____ is a complete and accurate medication list provided to

ii)

iv)

Prescription

Note

iv) All of the above

c)

patients.

i)

iii)

Diary

Leaflet

		d)		ents visiting the hospitals nease	can book online appointments
			i)	Lobby	
			ii)	Card	
			iii)	Website	
			iv)	Note	
		e)	doct		oes not need to be prescribed by a
			i)	Other care	
			ii)	Personal care	
			iii)	Home health care	
			iv)	Check up	
					6 *
	B)	Mat		e following:	[5]
		a)		od Hospital Management	Emotional wellness
		b)	HM	S	Electronic Medical Record
		c)	Hon	ne Health Care	Anytime accessibility
		d)	Illne	ess Prevention	Hospital management system
		e)	EM	R	Home health aid services
Q 2)	Wr	ite L	ong a	nswer (Any 1 out of 2):	[10]
	a)			hospital administration?	Explain in detail need of hospital
	b)	Exp	lain i	n detail the need of HR ma	nagement in hospital administration.
Q 3)	Wr	ite L	ong a	nswer (Any 1 out of 2):	[10]
	a)			healthcare management? re services.	Explain in detail opportunities in
	b)	Exp	lain i	n detail IT and Healthcare	management.

Q4) Write short notes on (Any 4 out of 6):

[20]

- Types of healthcare services.
- b) Healthcare advertising and Media management.
- c) Changing scenario of the health industry.
- Information system. d)
- Importance of health care management.
- Financial management in healthcare management.



Total No.	of Questions	: 4]
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SEAT No. :	
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PA-1937

[Total No. of Pages: 3

[5953]-509 T.Y. B.B.A.

E-505: Warehouse Management (2019 Pattern) (Semester - V)

			(2019 Pattern) (Semester - V)	
Time : 2½	/ ₂ Hou	rs]		[Max. Marks : 50
Instructi	ons to	the c	candidates:	
1)	All	quest	ions are compulsory.	
2)	Figu	ures t	o the right indicate full marks.	
Q1) a)	Mu	ltiple	Choice questions:	$[5 \times 1 = 5]$
	i)	Wa	rehouse management system	
		a)	Keeps track of inventory	
		b)	Keeps track of sales floor	
		c)	Keeps track of goods in transit	
		d)	All of these	
	ii)		rehouse which is located at only one loca ole region is	tion but serves the
		a)	Private warehouse	
		b)	Public warehouse	
		c)	Government warehouse	
		d)	Centralized warehouse	
	iii)		en you want to get the goods which have	ust arrived you go
		a)	Shipping area	
		b)	Storage area	

Loading area

The reception

c)

d)

			a)	Wire mesh containe	rs		
			b)	Plastic containers			
			c)	Drums			
			d)	Open storage			
		v)	Whi	ch of the following a	are function	ons of warchous	ses?
			a)	Financing			
			b)	Consolidation			
			c)	Break the bulk			
			d)	All of the above			
	b)	Mate	ch th	e following:			[5]
		i)	Pub	lic warehouse	a)	Edward Demir	ng
		ii)	Bon	ded warehouse	b)	To meet sudde	n denand
		iii)	Safe	ety Stock	c)	Central corporation	warehousing
		iv)	CW	С	d)	Airports	
		v)	TQI	M	e)	Government lie	censing
Q2)	Solv	e the	foll	owing long answer q	uestions ((any 1 out of 2)	: 10]
	a)	Exp	lain i	n detail the need & t	functions	of warehousing	management.
	b)	Exp	lain i	n detail the character	istics of a	n ideal warehou	ise.
Q3)	Solv	e the	follo	owing long answer q	uestions ((any 1 out of 2)	: [10]
	a)	_	lain agen	in detail the various nent.	technolo	ogical aids used	in warehouse
	b)	Exp	lain i	n detail the various s	steps of d	ispatch manager	nent.

iv) Powders & Liquids are best stored in ______.

Q4) Short notes	(any 4	out	of 6)	:
-------------------------	--------	-----	------	---	---

[20]

- a) Warehousing costs
- b) Importance of warehouse in a value chain
- c) Total quality management
- d) Docking & marshalling
- e) Types of customers in warehousing
- f) Warehouse safety management

Total No. of Questions : 3]	SEAT No. :
PA-1938	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-510 T.Y.B.B.A.

A-506: LEGAL ASPECTS IN MARKETING MANAGEMENT (2019 CBCS Pattern) (Semester - V)

		(2019 CBCS Pattern)	(Ser	nester - V)	
ons to	the ca			[Max. Marks : 50	
Figur	es to i	the right indicate full marks.			
Mul	ltiple	Choice questions.		[5]	
a)	Wh	ich among the following is	not	a feature of doorstep selling?	
	i)	Services			
	ii)	Low involvement			
	iii)	Benefit of personal demo	nstra	tion	
	iv)	High involvement			
b)	Tele	e-marketing involves			
	i)	High level of motivation	ii)	Event Management	
	iii)	Good communication	iv)	Door to door campaigns	
c)	Which one is not the type of c			mails?	
i) Newsletter			ii)	Outbounrd mail	
iii) Self - mailers				Catalogues	
d)	The marketing programme of the			e company must adhere to the	
	i) Customer requirement				
	ii)	Company's profile			
	iii) Legal and moral standards set by the organisation				
	iv)	Objectives of the firm			
e)	Foll	owing are the laws related	with	marketing activity	
	i)	Sales of goods Act	ii)	FEMA	
iii) RTI iv) None of the above					
	ons to All qu Figur Mul a) b)	Multiple a) Wh i) iii) b) Tele i) iii) c) Wh iii) iii) d) The i) iii) iii) d) Foll iii) iii)	All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Multiple Choice questions. a) Which among the following is i) Services ii) Low involvement iii) Benefit of personal demonivation iii) Good communication c) Which one is not the type of diality iii) Newsletter iii) Self - mailers d) The marketing programme of the iii) Customer requirement ii) Customer requirement iii) Company's profile iiii) Legal and moral standard iv) Objectives of the firm e) Following are the laws related iii) Sales of goods Act	Multiple Choice questions. All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Multiple Choice questions. a) Which among the following is not a i) Services ii) Low involvement iii) Benefit of personal demonstrative High involvement b) Tele-marketing involves i) High level of motivation ii) iii) Good communication ive c) Which one is not the type of directive in Newsletter ii) iii) Self - mailers ive d) The marketing programme of the continuous iii) Customer requirement ii) Customer requirement ii) Company's profile iii) Legal and moral standards set ive) Objectives of the firm e) Following are the laws related with iiii) Sales of goods Act iii)	

B) Match the pairs. [5] Group A Group B Direct mail sales Not instantaneous a) i) b) Doorstep selling ii) Selling is prohibited Liqure & tobbaco products iii) Tool used by business c) **Nuclear Arms** Advertisement banned in India d) iv) Hawkers and Peddlers Newsletter v) e)

Q2) Long answer questions (Solve any 2 out of 4)

[20]

- a) What do you mean by Legal Aspects of marketing? State its scope and importance.
- b) Explain the benefits and disadvantages of direct mail.
- c) Define advertising. What are the types of advertising.
- d) Explain the advantages and disadvantages of online marketing.

Q3) Write short notes on (Any 4.)

[20]

- a) Cookies
- b) Claims for misleading advertisement
- c) Laws for Broadcasting Advertisments in India
- d) Importance of pricing related laws
- e) Doorstep selling
- f) CRM



Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No. :
PA-1939	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-511 T.Y.B.B.A.

B - 506: LEGAL ASPECTS OF FINANCE AND SECURITY LAWS (2019 CBCS Pattern) (Semester - V)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) A) Select the correct answer:

[5]

- a) What is call money?
 - i) It is an overnight loan in the money market
 - ii) It is loan of above 1 day to 14 days in the money market
 - iii) It is loan of above 14 days to 364 days in the money market
 - iv) It is an amount charged on ISD
- b) Which of the following is not an asset held by comercial banks?
 - i) Bills of Exchange
 - ii) Current Account Deposits
 - iii) Money lent at short notice
 - iv) Credit balance with RBI
- c) Section 25 of the companies Act, 2013 deats with
 - i) Alternation of memorandum
 - ii) Document containing offer of securities for sale to be deemed prospectus
 - iii) Advertisement of prospectus
 - iv) Service of documents
- d) Which clause is also known as sulescription clause?
 - i) Liability clause
- ii) Association clause
- iii) Capital clause
- iv) Name clause
- e) Which input tax credit cannot be clained against which output tax liability?
 - i) 1GST, SGST
- ii) CGST, 1GST
- iii) SGST, 1GST
- iv) CGST, SGST

P.T.O.

[5] B) Match the pairs Gourp A Group B Financial markets i) **IPO** a) In direct Tax Primary markets b) ii) Trading of financial securities c) **ROC** iii) **GST** Incorporation of companies d) iv) Capital clause e) v) MOA Q2) Explain an overview of Indian Financial System. [10] OR Explain listing of securities procedure. Q3) Explain the importance of meperation of financial statements and its disclosure. [10] Expalin the Goods and service Tax (GST) with different types of GST. Q4) Short Notes: (Any 4) [20] Commercial Banking a) Issue of capital and Disclosure Requirements b) Delisting of Securities c) Memorandum of Arrociation d) Function of GSTN. e)

Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No. :
PA-1940	[Total No. of Pages : 5

[5953]-512 T.Y. B.B.A.

DSE - C506 : CASES IN HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT (CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester - V)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt all questions.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Case: [15]

When Mahesh joined ABC bank private sector he had one clear goal to prove his metal he did prove himself and has been promoted five times since his entry into the bank. Compared to others, his progress has been the fastest. Currently, his job demands that Mahesh should work 10 hours a day with practically no holidays. At least two day in a week, Mahesh is required to travel. Peers and subordinates at the bank have appreciation for Mahesh. They don't grudge the ascension achieved by Mahesh, though there are some who wish they too had been promoted as well.

The post of General Manager became vacant. One should work as GM for a couple of years if he were to climb to the top of the ladder. Mahesh applied for the post along with others in the bank. The chairman assured Mahesh that the post would be his. A sudden development took place which almost wrecked Mahesh's chances. The bank has a practice of subjecting all its executives to medical checkup once in a year. The medical reports go straight to the Chairman who would initiate remedial where necessary. Mahesh was only 35, he too, was required to undergo the test. The chairman of the bank received a copy of Mahesh physical examination results, along with a note from the doctor.

The note explained that Mahesh was seriously overworked and recommended that he be given and immediate four-week vacation. The doctor also recommended that Mahesh workload must be reduced and he must take to physical exercise everyday.

The note warned that if Mahesh did not care for advice, he would be in for heart trouble in another six months. After reading the doctor's note, the Chairman sat back in his chair, and started brooding over. Three issues where uppermost in his mind

- i) How would Mahesh take this news?
- ii) How many others do have similar fitness problems?
- iii) Since the environment in the bank created the problem, what could he do to alleviate it?

Questions.

- 1) If the news is broken to Mahesh, how would he react?
- 2) If you were giving advice to the Chairman on this matter, what would you recommend?

Q2) Case: [15]

Himalaya stores private limited was established in 2001 as a family concern with a small general store to begin with. It has now grown into a large private limited company and runs a multi storied departmental store which has about 300 employees. With the growth in companies business, qualified managers, salespersons and other employees were appointed in various departments. Ms. Verma agent 58, now working as manager of Sales Planning is in the organization right from the beginning. She started as a sales girl in the shop and has so far handled almost all types of work in the company. She had to leave college studies and had to take up a job, due to some family problem. She has a younger brother, who is well settled as an aeronautics engineer in Bangalore.

Ms. Verma is known to be very sincere and loyal to the organization and very strict executive. The management committee has made a special mention of her services and contribution on several occasions. The managers in other departments often consult her on various matters. They have always found her advice to be valuable. Ms. Verma's job includes sales planning and budgeting.

The departmental store has 120 sales girls' who are supervised by five floor supervisors. Many of the sales girls are graduates. But they have continuous turnover. The sales girls tend to leave jobs for family reasons, especially when they get married.

So it becomes necessary 'almost every year' to recruit and appoint few new salesgirls. Recently, the Sales Manager has come across certain problems and does not know how to solve them. The trainee sales girls from the sales from sales promotion approached him one day and asked whose instructions they should follow. They said that, they thought they were supposed to follow directives of the Sales Promotion manager, as he was their boss. But they were also getting instructions and directions from Ms. Verma from time to time, which were clashing with that of their own manager.

One of the floor supervisors has complained that Ms. Verma often checks on the work of the sales girls at the sales counters. She rebuked and reprimanded them for small mistake. She also criticizes their sales stock and the way they dress. The supervisor narrated one instance, Venice sales girl broke down to tears, when Ms. Verma objected to her going out with some relatives during the lunch break. The sales manager is apprehensive that he should not get into unnecessary squabbles with Ms. Verma. He respects her for her age and seniority in the company and the weightage she carries with the top management. He would not mind few healthy suggestions from her. But he now feels Ms. Verma is encroaching rather too far in other manager's territory. He is also concerned that open confrontation may not be desirable, since that would create a bad image for him with the top management. He thinks he knows the problem but does not know 'how to bell the cat', without hurting his image and the interpersonal relations between himself and other managers especially Ms. Verma.

Ouestions:

- 1) Analyse the case.
- 2) What should the Sales manager do?
- 3) If you were appointed as HR by top management, how would you deal with the situation?

Q3) Case: [10]

Swagata foods limited is a homegrown company in the business of processing and marketing jams' ketchups and Pickles stop it enjoy hi Brandy equity and the management is professional. Still love you buddy CEO had decided to quit and he was personally involved in the recruitment of his successor, Mr.Raj. After Mr. Raj joined the company, he wanted to review the performance appraisal system, which was started about 15 years ago. Initially, it was a trait based system where in superiors rated employees on the basis of job knowledge, integrity, communication, health! hygiene, loyalty etc. In the

last two years, the erstwhile CEO Mr. Ravi, had introduced 360 degree appraisal system, which essentially involved a manager being appraised by his subordinates, peers and superiors.

In the new system the subordinates had the opportunity to give feedback freely about their manager's behavior. He carried out a pilot study through a questionnaire and was of the opinion that it is essential to heed to the views, concerns and opinions of subordinates with care and respect. He then designed a subordinate appraisal form and made it an integral part of the managerial performance appraisal system. The name of the subordinates giving the feedback was kept confidential and only the responses were shown to the managers. The introduction of this system evoked a lot of hue and cry in the organization. Managers were up in arms, as many of the top performing managers got a negative feedback from their subordinates. They wanted that feedback be given in a face to face discussion.

But Mr. Raj had his doubts about this system as it questions the very basics of organizational control mechanisms and group dynamics. Therefore, he agreed that performance appraisal system needs to be top-down and vice versa. The problem is that the existing system could not be totally scrapped out because it would send the wrong message to the subordinate level employees that their views does not matter to the management. However, continuation of the existing system would create greater conflict. Time was running out and Mr. Raj had to quickly come to some conclusion because the new appraisal cycle had to start within two weeks.

Questions:

- 1) What went wrong with the assessment of Mr.Raj regarding implementing 360 degree performance appraisal system?
- 2) Why are the managers up in arms?
- 3) What should Mr. Raj do now? Please advise him

Q4) Case: [10]

Shailesh a machine operator, worked as a mechanist for Srinivas, the supervisor. Srinivas told Shailesh to pick up some trash that had fallen from Shailesh's work area, and Shailesh replied, "I won't do the janitor's work".

Srinivas replied, "when you drop it you pick it up". Shailesh became angry and abusive, calling Srinivas a number of names in a loud voice and

refusing to pick up the trash. All employees in the department heard Shailesh's comments.

Srinivas had been trying for two weeks to get his employee to pick up trash in order to have cleaner workplace and prevent accidents. He talked with all the employees in a weekly departmental meeting and to each employee individually at least once. He stated that he was following the instructions of the General Manager. Only objection came from Shailesh.

Outburst by Shailesh hurt Srinivas badly. Srinivas told Shailesh to come to the office and suspended him for one day for insubordination and abusive language to a supervisor. The discipline was within the company policy, and similar behavior had been punished in other departments in the past.

After Shailesh left Srinivas's office, Srinivas phoned the Human Resource Manager, reported what he had done, and said that he was sending a copy of the suspension order for Shailesh's file.

Ouestions:

- 1) If you were the human resource manager, what comments would you make?
- 2) Do you assess the need for any of employees? If yes, what inputs should be embodied in the training programme?



Total No. of Questions : 3]	SEAT No. :
PA-1941	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-513 T.Y. B.B.A.

D-	500	6 : P	ERMISSIONS & LE (2019 Pattern)		PECTS IN SERVICES ter - V)	
Time: Instruc 1) 2)	ction	is to a	rs] the candidates: testions are compulsory. es to the right indicate full m	arks.	[Max. Marks : 50	
<i>Q1</i>) N	Ault	tiple	Choice Questions.		[10]	
a	.)	Tou	rism sector creats more _	opp	portunities	
		i)	Job	ii)	Fund raising	
		iii)	Profit making	iv)	Attactive	
b)	ECC	tourism relates to		Y	
		i)	Economic system	ii)	Financial system	
		iii)	Nature	iv)	E-commerce	
c)	Nati	onal tourism policy	_ is stood	on seven important pillars like,	
		Swa	gat, Soochana, Suvidha, S	Surakasha	etc.	
		i)	2015	ii)	2002	
		iii)	2020	iv)	1982	
d	l)				g approach to modern marketing	
			roach for developing Tour			
		1)	Planning	ii)	Organising	
		iii)	Traditional	iv)	Management	
e)		CTC is concern to Railway, catering & Tourism.			
			Only Railway	ii)	Only Catering	
		iii)	Only Tourism	iv)	Railway Catering & Tourism	
f))		is the world heritage s			
		i)	Shirdi	ii)	Taj Mahal	
		iii)	Tirupati Temple	iv)	None of the above	
g	(;)		_	appointed	agent representing the principal	
			ertain geographical area.	••	m 1	
		i)	Tour operator	ii)	Travel agency	
		iii)	Broker	iv)	Ground operator	

	h)	World Travel and Tourism council was established in						
		i)	1990	ii)	1951			
		iii)	1947	iv)	1966			
	i)		is a hospitality, ernment of India, unde		ducation company owned by Fourism.			
		i)	IATD	ii)	WTTC			
		iii)	TAAI	iv)	ITDC			
	j) ASCI stands for							
		i)	Advertising Standard	l Council of In	ndia			
		ii)	All Standard care of	India				
		iii)	All set control in Indi	ia				
		iv)	Advertising sales cor	ntrol of India				
				G	•			
Q2)	Shor	rt No	tes :- (Any 5 out of 6)		[2×5=10]			
	a)	Exp	lain the concept of ser	vices.				
	b)	Explain the safety issues in Hospitality Industry.						
	c)	Explain any two security program in Hospitality Industry.						
	d)	Explain any two precautions while delivering services.						
	e)	What we mean by misleading advertisement.						
	f)	Competition Act 2002.						
<i>O</i> 3)	Long	g Ans	swers (Any 3 out of 4))	[30]			
~ /	a) '		•		tandard Council of India (ASCI).			
	b)	What services are banned from advertising in India?						
	c)	With the suitable example, explain the Laws related to cancellation policy and refund terms & Conditions.						
	d)	Explain the breach of services agreement.						
	/	1	0100011 01 001	ices agreemen				

Total No. of Questions : 4]				SEAT No. :		
PA-19	142			[Total No. of Pages : 2		
		-	3]-514			
			3.B.A.			
E-506	: PER	RMISSIONS AND LEG (2019 CBCS Patte		ECTS INAGRICULTURE nester - V)		
Time: 24 Instructi 1) 2)	ons to All qu	rs] the candidates: uestions are compulsory. res to the right indicate full m	earks.	[Max. Marks : 50		
<i>Q1</i>) Mι	ıltiple	Choice Questions.		[5]		
a)		e process of assembling, s ducts is known as		rading & packaging agriculture		
	i)	agricultural marketing	ii)	agricultural diversification		
	iii)	green marketing	iv)	primary marketing		
b)	— pro	is the third most in duction.	nportant fo	ood crop with respect to area &		
	i)	Rice	ii)	Jowar		
	iii)	Wheat	iv)	Maize		
c)	Ope	eration flood is associated	with			
	i)	Green revolution	ii)	White revolution		
	iii)	Pink revolution	iv)	Bhakranagal Dam		
d)	India produces variety of			ps.		
	i)	Knarif	ii)	Rabi		
	iii)	Cash crops	iv)	All of these		
e)	Reg	gion where farmers specializ	ze in veget	ables only is known as		
	i)	Mixed farming	ii)	Truck farming		
	iii)	Cooperative farming	iv)	collective farming		
B)	Ma	tch the following.		[5]		

Agriculture Flowers a) b) Golden fibre Grapes Viticulture Jute c)

Teaplantation Primary activity d)

Kesan e) Assam

P.T.O.

Q2) Answer any one out of 2 long answers.

[10]

- Explain in detail rights of farmers.
- Explain the sailent features of 'Essential commodities amendment act b) 2020'.
- Q3) Answer any one out of 2 long answers.

[10]

- Explain detail the role and functions of NABARD. a)
- Write in detail the impact of climate change on agriculture. b)
- **Q4**) Short notes (any 4 out of 6)

[20]

- Explain in short farmers and farming
- Farm Bankruptacy and mediation b)
- Fenu law c)
- Agricultural chemicals d)
- Mixed farming e)



Total No. of Questions: 3]					SEAT No.:		
PA-1943						[Total	No. of Pages : 3
				[5953]-6	01		
				T.Y. B.B.	4.		
		601	1:ESSENT	IALS OF	E-C	OMMERCE	
		(2	019 Pattern	n) (CBCS)	(Sei	mester - VI)	
Time : 2 ½	⁄2 Hou	rs]				[M	ax. Marks : 70
Instructio	ons to	the co	andidates :				
1)	All q	uestic	ons are compul	lsory.			
2)	Figu	res to	the right indi	cate full mar	·ks.		
3)	Neat	diag	rams must be d	drawn where	ver n	ecessary.	
<i>Q1</i>) A)	Mul	tiple	Choice Ques	stions (Any	5):		$[5\times1=5]$
	a)	The	exchange of i	nformation,	good	s and services to t	wo businesses
		i)	C2C	XC	ii)	B2B	
		iii)	C2B		iv)	B2C	
	b) The Pound, US Dollar, Euro and Yen are the example currency					les of	
		i)	E Money		ii)	FIAT	
		iii)	Crypto Curre	ency	iv)	Transaction Cur	rency
	c)is a system that is developed to distribute electronsystems independent of local currency					ctronic money	
		i)	Ripple mone	tary system	ii)	Apple pay	
		iii)	RTGS		iv)	SEO	

d) ----- transaction is a direct bank to bank transfer whereas digital

ii)

PPC

iv) RTGS

wallets act like intermediaries between bank Accounts

i)

iii)

UPI

Mobile wallet

e)	is an online advertising model which an advertiser pays a publisher every time an advertisement link is clicked on						
	i)	PPC	ii)	Chat bhots			
	iii)	Google lens	iv)	Blogs			
f)		marketing is a vidual marketing	ılso know	n as one to one i	narketing or		
	i)	Personalized Market	ing				
	ii)	Neuro Marketing					
	iii)	Internet Marketing					
	iv)	Conversational Mark	keting				
Mat	tch tl	he following:	•		$[5\times1=5]$		
		Column 1		Column 2			
1)	Digi	ital signature	a)	B2B Fully Autom	ated		
2)	Pap	er exchange.com	b)	Imposter Preventi	on		
3)	Mol	oile wallet	c)	Open source and application	Free		
4)	Hon	ne Assistant	d)	Method of Payme	ent		
5)	Blog	g	e)	Online journal			
Ans	wer	in one Sentence :			$[5\times1=5]$		
a)	Mol	oile retailing.					
b)	Cyb	er security.					
c)	Mol	oile Hacking.					
d)	Troj	an Horse.					

NEFT.

e)

B)

C)

D) Fill in the Blanks:

 $[5 \times 1 = 5]$

- a) ----- is a global system of interconnected computer networks that use standard internet protocol suites to link several devices worldwide.
- b) ----- is the process of identifying new suppliers for a specific spend category using internet technology.
- c) ----- allow users to make instore payments without having carry cash or physical credit cards.
- d) ----- is a block of data that can be attached to documents like email, Messages, word files etc.
- e) A ---- is an online journal displaying information in reverse chronological order.

Q2) Long Answer Questions (Any 3):

 $[3 \times 10 = 30]$

- a) Define E Commerce. Explain the various factors responsible for the Growth of E Commerce in India.
- b) Describe the role of Modern Digital Payment systems and challenges faced in the Indian Retail sector.
- c) Define Content Marketing. Explain content marketing cycle and its types.
- d) What is Phishing? How do you protect against Phishing Attacks and explain Phishing Techniques?
- e) Differentiate between Internet, Extranet and Intranet.

Q3) Short Answer Questions (Any 4):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) FIAT Currency.
- b) Intranet.
- c) Google Lens.
- d) Data Theft.
- e) EDI.
- f) Mobile Hacking.



Total No. of Questions: 3]	SEAT No.:
PA-1944	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5953]-602 T.Y. B.B.A.

602 : MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (CBCS)

Time : 21/	2 Hou	rs]			[Max. Marks : 70
Instructio	ns to	the co	andidates :		
1)	All	questi	ions are compulsory.		
2)	Dra	w a d	iagram whenever necessar	y.	
3)	Figi	ires t	o the right indicate full mo	arks.	
Q1) A)	Mu	ltiple	e Choice Questions (A	ny 5) :	[5]
	i)	Αl	MIS is composed of		
		a)	Data	b)	Software
		c)	Hardware	d)	All of these
	ii)		decisions are ger	nerally as	ssociated with the policies which
		hav	ve a broad structure and	respecti	
		a)	Unstructured	b)	Semi structured
		c)	Structured	d)	None of the above
	iii)	A s	system that is part of a l	arger sy	stem is called
		a)	Subsystem	b)	System Unit
		c)	System element	d)	Part of Unit
	iv)		are designed to	solve co	omplex problems by reasoning
		thre	ough bodies of knowled	lge.	
		a)	Computer systems	b)	Expert systems
		c)	Operating systems		1 0 1
	v)	Bas	sic concepts of ER Dia	gram	·
		a)	Entities	b)	Attributes
		c)	Relationships	d)	All of these
	vi)	Tac	ctical information is req	uired by	•
		a)	Top managers	b)	Executive managers
		c)	Middle managers	d)	None of the above

B)	Ma	tch the Pairs :		[5]
		Column - I		Column - II
	i)	Types of IS	a)	Encourages Decentralisation
	ii)	Elements of System	b)	People, Hardware, Software, Data, Network
	iii)	Advantages of MIS	c)	ESS, TPS, MIS, KMS
	iv)	Components of IT	d)	Graphical model, Physical model, Mathematical Model
	v)	Type of DSS models	e)	Inputs and Outputs, Processors, Control, Feedback, Environment, Boundaries
C)	Ans	swer in one sentence (Any	5):	[5]
	i)	Where is use of strategic in	formati	on?
	ii)	Write names of type of dec	cisions.	
	iii)	Explain ER Diagram.		
	iv)	What is E-Commerce?		
	v)	What is GDSS?		
	vi)	What are the features of Ex	xpert Sy	stem?
D)	Fill	in the Blanks (Any 5):		[5]
	i)	can thus help firms	increase	e revenue while shrinking in size.
		(MIS, System, Information	n System	1)
	ii)	are also known as o	objective	es, purposes, aims and outcomes.
		(Goals, Information, Decision)	ion-mak	ing)
	iii)	of the system f to build a computerized sy		ious angles is the basic necessity
		(Data Structure, Administra	ative mo	odel, An analysis)
	iv)	is an information	system	used to support the process by
			eet and i	nteract for learning and decision
		types tasks.		
		(GDSS, DSS, EIS)		
	v)	is an example of	-	point communication.
		(TV, FM Radio, Telephone	·	
	vi)	The alternative courses of stage of Herbert		are developed and evaluated in s model.
		(Design, Analysis, Decision	n)	

Q2) Write Long Answer (Any 3):

 $[3 \times 10 = 30]$

- a) Define the term IS. Explain the components of IS.
- b) Explain in details the use of MIS as an instrument for organisational change.
- c) Discuss in details the attributes of Information.
- d) What is mean by system? State the properties of system.
- e) What is mean by E-Commerce? Explain the features of E-Commerce.
- f) What is mean by DSS? Explain DSS applications in enterprise in details.

Q3) Write Short Notes (Any 4):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Basic concept of MIS
- b) Role of IT in MIS
- c) Types of Information
- d) System analysis of existing system
- e) E-Business
- f) BPR



Total	No.	of	Questions	:	3]
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SEAT No.	:
DEITH 110.	•

PA-1945

[Total No. of Pages: 4

[5953]-603 T.Y. B.B.A.

603 : Business Project Management (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

Time: 21/2		
Instructi 1) 2)	All	the candidates: questions are compulsory. ures to the right indicate full marks.
<i>Q1</i>) A)	Mu	ltiple Choice questions. (Attempt any 5 out of 6) : $[5 \times 1 = 5]$
	1)	Capacity Planning
		a) Increase cost
		b) Save time
		c) Increases waste
		d) Increases production
	2)	The scope of the work is defined in which phase of the Project management?
		a) Planning
		b) Executing
		c) Closing
		d) Initiating
	3)	Five dimensions that must be managed on a project
		a) Features, Quality, Cost, Schedule, Staff
		b) Constraint, Quality, Cost, Schedule, Staff
		c) Features, Priority, Cost, Schedule, Staff
		d) Features, Quality, Cost, Schedule, Customer

4)	SIPOC stand for ():								
	a) suppliers, inputs, process, outputs, clients								
	b) suppliers. inputs, process, outputs, customers								
	c) strategies, inputs,	process, outpu	ts, customers						
	d) suppliers, investm	ent, process, c	outputs, customers						
5)	What is the first step in	a business pro	oject planning?						
	a) Establish the obje	ctives and scop	pe.						
	b) Determine the bud	dget.							
	c) Select the team or	ganizational m	odel.						
	d) Determine project	constraints.							
6)	Training requirement i	s a							
	a) Financial Factor	•							
	b) HR Factor								
	c) Marketing Factor	6							
	d) Administrative Fa	ctor							
Ma	tch the following:		$[5\times 1=5]$						
a)	A central document that	at defines 1)	Cost schedule control						
	the basis of all project	work.	system.						
b)	Earned Value Analysis	2)	Return On investment						
c)	Discounted Cash Flow	Method 3)	Project Management Plan						
d)	Non-Discounting Cash	Flow 4)	Dummy Activity						
	Method								
e)	Constructed only to est	tablish 5)	Net Present value						
	sequence								
Ans	swer in one sentence (A	attempt any 5	out of 6): $[5 \times 1 = 5]$						
1)	Which chart is used to	control the pro	ject activities?						
2)	What is a Project?								
3)	What is Scheduling in	project manag	ement?						
4)	What is a Fishbone dia	gram?							
5)	What is NPV?								

6)

C)

B)

What is PERT in Project Management?

D) Fill in the Blanks (Attempt any 5 out of 6): $[5 \times 1 = 5]$ Projects involving an investment level of less than rupees five 1) crore are considered as _____. (Big Projects, Small scale projects, Project Management, Medium scale project) refers to the art of motivating others towards the 2) attainment of particular goals. (Leadership, Motivation, Increment, Enrichment) A feasibility study is also known as a _____ or ____ 3) (Analysis & Scaling, Feasibility analysis & Feasibility report, Reporting & Execution) A _____ chart visually represent a project schedule. 4) (Gantt chart, Pert chart, Project status chart, Flow chart) 5) refers to the process of initiating a project, making a plan, executing and completing task and closing a project. (Product Life Cycle, New Product Launch, Family Life Cycle, Project Life Cycle) are used to find the time required for completion of the 6) job and helps in the allocation of resources. (PERT/CPM, Analysis estimate, Resource planning, Alternative analysis) Q2) Long Answer (Attempt any 3 out of 4): $[3 \times 10 = 30]$ Why Project management is important? Enumerate the tool and a) techniques of Project Management. Why Project implementation is important? Discuss the steps for b)

- implementation of a Business Project.
- c) Discuss the types, advantages & disadvantages of Fishbone diagram.
- d) Explain Project life cycle in detail.

Q3) Short Answer (Attempt any 4 out of 6):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- Project management process. a)
- Managing the risk and explain its process. b)
- Functional & Matrix Organisational Structure. c)
- Steps of Project review d)
- Critical Path Analysis and its steps. e)
- Advantages of PERT f)



Total No. of Questions : 3]	SEAT No. :
PA-1946	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5953]-604

T.Y B.B.A.

		60	4: N	MANAGEMENT (SUSTAINA		
			(20	19 Pattern) (Seme	ster -	· VI) (CBCS)
Time	: 21/2	2 Hou	rs]			[Max. Marks : 70
Instr				andidates:		
	1)		_	ions are compulsory.	n aulta	
	2)	rıgı	ires i	o the right indicate full n	nurks.	
Q 1)	Ob	oiecti	ve tvi	pe questions :	•	[20]
2-7			• •	Choice Questions:		[5]
	/	a)	-	_	consid	ered as a major source of
		,	i)	Economic growth	9	
			ii)	Communication & Edu	acation	al Accessibility
			iii)	Reduced Sickness, Po		•
			iv)	All of the above	•	
				1		
		b)		is the first step of th	e proce	ess of innovation.
			i)	Idea generation and mo	bilizat	ion
			ii)	Experimentation		
			iii)	Commercialization		
			iv)	Research and develop	ment	
		c)	The	word 'innovation' is deri	ved fro	m the Latin verb Innovare, which
			mea	ans to		
			i)	Renew	ii)	Reuse
			iii)	Recycle	iv)	None of these

	d)	Successful innovation occurs when a is added to an invention, related to a product, service or process.				
		i)	Quality	ii)	Price	
		iii)	Value	iv)	Innovation	
	e)		is a combination of the commental.	three	aspects, social, economic and	
		i)	Sustainable developmen	t		
		ii)	Sustainable environment			
		iii)	Sustainable culture			
		iv)	Sustainable Innovation.			
				•		
B)	Mat		e pairs :		[5]	
		Gro	up - A	G	Group - B	
	a)	Sust	tainable innovation	a)	Future generation	
	b)	Cou	nselling	b)	Involves risk and uncertainty	
	c)	Sust	tainable development	c)	Highly intangible	
	d)	Info	ormation Technology	d)	Solar cells	
	e)	Cha	racteristics of Innovation	e)	Component in innovation	
C)	Ans	weri	n one sentence :		[5]	
- /	a)		ine Product Innovation.			
	b)	Wha	at do you mean by Funda	ment	al Research?	
	c)	Stat	e any two primary objecti	ves o	of sustainable development.	
	d)	Stat	e any two types of organia	zatio	nal structure.	
	e)	Def	ine Service.			
D)	T-11	. اور				
D)			e blanks :	1	[5]	
	a)				et, they create new markets.	
	b)	valu	involves making small- ue to existing products, se		e improvements to add or sustain es and processes.	

		c)	is a transformative business model that seeks to compl demolish and replace an existing industry or create a whole industry.	•
		d)	is making incremental changes and improvemen products, services and processes.	ts to
		e)	Organisations should understand that are part and part innovation, but should not repeat the same mistakes.	el of
Q 2)	Lo	ng an	swer questions (Solve any 3 out of 5):	[30]
	a)	Def	ine Innovation. State the goals of Innovation.	
	b)	Stat	e the need and importance of sustainable development.	
	c)	Exp	lain the advantages of innovation.	
	d)	Exp	lain the various reasons for the growth in services.	
	e)	Stat	e the strategies for a successful management of Innovation.	
Q 3)	Wı	rite sh	nort notes on (Solve any 4 out of 6):	[20]
	a)	Typ	es of Innovation.	
	b)	Key	drivers of sustainable development.	
	c)	Cha	racteristics of services.	
	d)	Diff	Perentiate between Invention and Innovation.	
	e)	Ben	efits of Green organisation.	
	f)	Eco	nomic aspects of sustainable development.	

Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No.:
PA-1947	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5953]-605 T.Y. B.B.A.

605 A: INTERNATIONAL BRAND MANAGEMENT (2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - VI)

Time : 2½ Instructi		_	candidates:		[Max. Marks: 50
insirucii 1)			ions are compulsory.		
2)		_	to the right indicate full marks.		
2)	1 181	u cs i	o the right thateare juit marks.	•	
Q1) a)	Fill	in th	ne blanks :		[5]
	i)		e brand image includes two as second is	pects o	f a brand-one is association
		a)	Personality	b)	Packaging
		c)	Labelling	d)	Awareness
	ii) A is a consumer focused that involves a procedures to assess the brand health, uncover it source equity & suggest ways to improve and leverage its equ				
		a)	brand equity	b)	brand audit
		c)	brand system & Analysis	d)	brand assessment
	iii)		and is the custo luation of the brand marketing	_	_
		a)	imaginary	b)	identity
		c)	evaluate	d)	judgement
	iv)		is not an objective	of Brai	nd Management.
		a)	To increase the perceived over time	value (of a product line or brand
		b)	To establish an identity for	the pro	oduct or a group of product
		c)	To do telly calling & acqui	re sale	S
		d)	To acquire place for the phigh & consistent quality	roduct	in consumer's minds for

		a)	a) Company focused value proposition						
		b)) Product focused value proposition						
		c)	Customer focused value proposition						
		d)	None of these						
b)	Mat	ch th	e pair :			[5]			
		Gro	up (A)			Group (B)			
	i)	Brai	nd Image		a)	is the degree or likelihood of instantly remembering the name of the brand			
	ii)	Bra	nd recall		b)	is the extent to which a consumer can correctly identify a particular brand			
	iii)	Bra	nd Recognition	100	c)	is the likelihood as to how to aware of customer about a brand			
	iv)	Bra	nd evaluation		d)	is the perception of the brand in the mind of the consumer			
	v)	Bran	nd awareness		e)	is to identify the strength & weaknesses of the brand			
Atte	mpt	any <u>c</u>	one from the follo	wing:		$[1\times10=10]$			
a)		Thich are the different Digital platforms used nowadays for marketing e brand?							
b)	Exp	lain 1	the process & met	thods of deve	lopi	ng brand elements.			
Atte	mpt	any <u>c</u>	one from the follo	wing:		$[1 \times 10 = 10]$			
a)	_	-		_					
b)	-	at do you mean by strategic alliances? State its advantages.							
	Atte a) b) Atte a)	ii) iii) iv) Attempt a) Whithe b) Exp Attempt a) Exp	b) c) d) b) Match the Gro i) Bra iii) Bra iv) Bra v) Bra v) Bra v) Bra Attempt any c a) Which and the brance b) Explain to	b) Product focused c) Customer focused d) None of these b) Match the pair: Group (A) i) Brand Image ii) Brand Recognition iv) Brand evaluation v) Brand awareness Attempt any one from the follo a) Which are the different Dig the brand? b) Explain the process & met Attempt any one from the follo a) Explain the fundamentals	b) Product focused value propose c) Customer focused value propose d) None of these b) Match the pair: Group (A) i) Brand Image ii) Brand Recognition iv) Brand evaluation v) Brand awareness Attempt any one from the following: a) Which are the different Digital platforms the brand? b) Explain the process & methods of development any one from the following: a) Explain the fundamentals of Branding.	b) Product focused value proposition c) Customer focused value proposition d) None of these b) Match the pair: Group (A) i) Brand Image a) ii) Brand Recognition c) iv) Brand evaluation d) v) Brand awareness e) Attempt any one from the following: a) Which are the different Digital platforms use the brand? b) Explain the process & methods of developing. Attempt any one from the following: a) Explain the fundamentals of Branding.			

2

[5953]-605

v) Positioning is done to achieve _____.

Q4) Write Short Notes (any 4):

 $[5 \times 4 = 20]$

- a) Brand equity
- b) Brand Loyalty
- c) Brand Attribute
- d) Paid Advertising
- e) Brand portfolio
- f) Brand Recognition



Total No. of Questions : 4]		SEAT No.:
PA-1948		[Total No. of Pages : 2
	[5953]-606	

	T.Y. B.B.A.	
	605B: FINANCIAL MANAGEMEN	Γ
	Specialization Finance	
	(2019 Pattern) (CBCS) (Semester - V	\mathbf{I})
Time : 2	½ Hours]	[Max. Marks : 50
	ions to the candidates :	
1)	All questions are compulsory.	
2) <i>Q1)</i> Fil	Figures to the right indicate full marks. I in the blanks and rewrite the sentence:	[5]
a)	Dividends in arrears occur only on	
b)	Pay Back Period = Initial Investment/	
c)	The holder of preference shares surplus profits of the company.	s participate in the
d)	When bonus shares are issued the share capital e?	of the corporation
e)	If the issued shares are under-subscribed, the deficient	ency is made up by
Q 2) W	rite Short Notes (Any Three):	[15]
a)	Leverage.	
b)	Types of Debenture.	
c)	Modiglioni-Miller Approach.	
d)	Ploughing Back of Profits.	
e)	Pay Back Period.	

Q3) Write Long Answer (Solve Any One):

[15]

a) Explain the term Capital Structure. What are the factors affecting Capital Structure?

OR

- b) What do you mean by Financial Management? Write in details about long term and short term sources of finance.
- Q4) a) A firm has sales of A 10,00,000, variable cost A 7,00,000 and fixed cost A 2,00,000 and debt of A 5,00,000 at 10% rate of interest. What are the operating financial & combined leaverages? [5]
 - b) Calculate the operating leverage, financial leverage and combined leverage from the following details: [10]

Selling price per unit = A 150

Variable cost per unit = A 100

Fixed cost = A 6,00,000

Production & Sales = 20,000 units

The capital structure of the company under alternate financing plan is as follows:

Particulars	Plan I	Plan II	
	А	А	
Equity Capital	20,00,000 (+)	10,00,000 (+)	
16% Debentures	10,00,000	20,00,000	
Total	30,00,000	30,00,000	



Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No. :
DA 1040	[Total No. of Pages · 3

[5953]-607

T.Y. B.B.A. (Semester - VI) (C-605) GLOBAL HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT (2019 Pattern) (CBCS)

Time	e : 2	½ H o	ours]			[Max. Marks: 50	
Instr	Instructions to the candidates:						
	<i>1</i>)	All q	questi	ons are compulsory.			
	<i>2</i>)	Figu	ires t	o the right indicate full ma	rks.		
Q 1)	Obj	ectiv	e Qı	ıestions	•		
	A)	Mul	ltiple	e Choice questions (Any	Five)	[5]	
		i)		rchange of world views,		nal integration arising from the acts, ideas and other aspects of	
			a)	Globalization	b)	Network	
			c)	Culture	d)	None of the above	
		ii)	TN	C stand for			
			a)	Host Country National	b)	Host Counting Network	
			c)	Home Country National	d)	Third Country National	
		iii)		scope of international huudes	ıman	resource management (IHRM)	
			a)	Saff Recruitment	b)	Staff development	
			c)	Compensation	d)	All of the above	
		iv)	is given to the employees to impart knowledge about cultural differences.				
			a)	Global training	b)	On-the-job training	
			c)	Off job training	d)	None of these	

v)	means the procurement, allocation, utilization and motivation of human resources in the international area.							
	a) HRM b) KMS							
	c)	IHRM	d)	None of these				
vi)	i) Security and Safety challenges are							
	a)	Environmental disasters	b)	Cyber Crime				
	c)	Terrorism	d)	All the above				

B) Match the Pair.

[5]

	Column A	Column B
i.	Overloading of irrelevant	a) Time zone differences
	applicants	
ii.	Domestic HRM	b) Reduced HR administration and compliance costs
iii.	Barriers in global training	c) Disadvantage of E-recruitment
	and Development	
iv.	Technology in Global HRM	d) Type of Knowledge Management System
V.	Fragmented KMS	e) Involves only one national boundary employees

Q2) Write Long Answers (Attempt any one):

[10]

- a) Explain in detail Categorization of Countries and Employees in Global HRM.
- b) What is Global staffing? Explain in details role of expatriates and non-expatriates with suitable examples.

Q3) Write Long Answers (Attempt any one):

[10]

- a) Define Global training. State objectives of global training and development.
- b) What is strategic International HRM? Explain meaning and importance of strategic International HRM with implementation strategy.

Q4) Write Shorts notes (Attempt any 4):

[20]

- Features of Global HRM a)
- b) Global Labour Market
- Global Compensation c)
- Role of technology in Global HRM d)
- Domestic HRM e)
- Knowledge Management and Global HRM f)



Total No.	of Que	estior	ns:3] SEAT No.:	
PA-195	50		[Total No. of I	Pages: 2
			[5953]-608	
			T.Y. B.B.A.	
GLOB	AL T	ΓΟ	URISM AND HOSPITALITY MANAGEM	1ENT
	(201	9 I	Pattern) (Semester - VI) (D605) (CBCS)	
<i>Time</i> : 2 ¹ /		-	[Max. Ma	rks : 50
Instruction 1)			candidates:	
2)	_		ions are compulsory. o the right indicate full marks.	
<i>Q1</i>) Ob	jectiv	e tyj	pe questions :	
A)	Mul	tiple	e Choice questions :	[5]
	i)	If y	ou are staying in a five star hotel, you are an	·
		a)	Extra high budgeted tourist	
		b)	Guest of the hotel	
		c)	Middle budgeted tourist	
		d)	Guest of the company that has invited you	
	ii)	ΑI	Oharmshala is suitable for	
		a)	Those businessman who can stay in graded hotels	
		b)	Low income families	
		c)	Only rich merchants	
		d)	All the above	

The guest enters into a large hotel from its ______.

b)

d)

iii)

a)

c)

Lobby

Reception

Front office

Restaurant

		1V)	Fou	ander of Hotel Taj M	umbai wa	S	
			a)	Jamshedji Tata	b)	Ghanshyam Das Birla	
			c)	Nusli Wadia	d)	Dhiru Bhai Ambani	
		v)	Foo	od or beverages serve	d in guest	st room is known as	
			a)	Full service	b)	Room service	
			c)	Service station	d)	None of the above	
	B)	Ma	tch t	he pairs :		[5]	
				Group A		Group B	
		i)	Raj	asthan	a)	Term restaurant originated here	
		ii)	Gei	rmany	b)	Two storey's connected by stairs	
		iii)	Las	s Vegas	c)	A Hotel smaller in size	
		iv)	Du	plex room	d)	Casino Hotels	
		v)	Res	sort	(e)	Maximum Heritage hotels in India	
<i>Q2</i>)	Lon	ισ Δτ	1CWP	r questions (Solve a	ny two ou	nt of four): [20]	
Q2)	a)	_		the functions of tour	•		
	b)	-		the factors influencing	-		
	c)	-		d explain the classific	_		
	d)					on and economic development.	
	/			1 13	8		
<i>Q3</i>)	Wri	ite sł	ort	notes on : (Solve an	y 4 out of	[20]	
~	a)			Tourism.	,	,	
	b)	Obj	ectiv	res of ITDC.			
	c)	Em	ergin	g trends in Accommo	dation.		
	d)	Maj	jor H	otel chains in India.			
	e)	Hos	spital	ity culture Atithi Devo	Bhavah.		
	f)	Exp	pecta	tions of the guest.			
				*	* *	ķ Ķ	

Total No.	of Q	uestions	:	3]
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SEAT No.:	

PA-1951

[Total No. of Pages: 2

[5953]-609 T.Y. B.B.A.

E-605 : AGRICULTURAL EXPORTS (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI) (CBCS)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- **Q1)** Objective type questions
 - A) Multiple choice questions

[5]

- i) Which of the following is international trade?
 - a) Trade between provinces
 - b) Trade between regions
 - c) Trade between countries
 - d) (b) & (c) of above
- ii) A tariff is _____
 - a) A restriction on the number of export firms.
 - b) Limit on the amount of imported goods
 - c) Tare & imports
 - d) (b) & (c) of above
- iii) One of the following policies about exports and imports?
 - a) Fiscal policy
 - b) Monetary policy
 - c) Commercial policy
 - d) Trade policy
- iv) Which agency is responsible for procurement distribution & storage of foodgrain production in India?
 - a) Ministry of Agriculture
 - b) Food corporation of India
 - c) NAFED
 - d) TRIFED

		v)	When set up a) b) c) d)		Bank fo	or Ag	griculture & Rural development
	B)	Mate		e pairs :-			[5]
				Group A			Group B
		i)	Mar	ketable surplus	8	a)	Components of international trade
		ii)	Impo	ort & Exports	ł	o)	Laws relating to domestic agriculture
		iii)	_	cultural policy		2)	Promotion & development
		iv)		BARD		d)	Run by Government of India Difference between the total
		v)	F000	d corporation of Ind	iia 6	e)	output produced by a farmer & his self-consumption
Q2)	Long	g ans	wer q	uestions. (Solve any	y 2 out	of 4	·) [20]
	a)	Role	e of te	chnology in agricult	ural de	velo	pment.
	b)	Impo	ortan	ce of agriculture in I	ndian I	Ecor	nomy.
	c)	Role	e of go	overnment in agricul	lture ex	por	t.
	d)	Expl	lain tl	ne import export pro	cedure	in d	letail.
Q3)	Writ	e sho	rt no	te on (Any 4 out of	6)		[20]
,	a)	Agri	cultu	ral policy in India.			
	b)	Issue	es im _l	pacting international	agricu	ltura	ıl trade.
	c)	Need	d of i	mport & export.			
	d)	Wor	ld agr	riculture			
	e)	Impa	act of	agriculture on rural	develo	pme	ent.
	f)	Inter	natio	nal trade			

CCCC

Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No. :
PA-4008	[Total No. of Pages : 6

[5953]-610 T.Y. B.B.A.

A 606 : CASES IN MARKETING

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Write Short Notes: (In 150 words) (attempt any 1)

[5]

- a) What is an ideal case study format?
- b) Why case studies are essential?

Q2) Case Study 1:

[15]

In April 1995, Kellogg India Ltd. (Kellogg) received unsettling reports of a gradual drop in sales from its distributors in Mumbai. There was a 25% decline in countrywide sales since March 1995, the month Kellogg products had been made available nationally.

Launched in September 1994, Kellogg's initial offerings in India included cornflakes, wheat flakes and Basmati rice flakes. Despite offering good quality products and being supported by the technical, managerial and financial resources of its parent, Kellogg's products failed in the Indian market. Even a high-profile launch backed by hectic media activity failed to make an impact in the marketplace. Meanwhile, negative media coverage regarding the products increased, as more and more consumers were reportedly rejecting the taste. There were complaints that the products were not available in many cities. According to analysts, out of every 100 packets sold, only two were being bought by regular customers; with the rest 98 being first-time buyers. Converting these experimenters into regular buyers had become a major problem for the company.

By September, 1995, sales had virtually stagnated. Marketing experts pointed out various mistakes that Kellogg had committed and it was being increasingly felt that the company would find it extremely difficult to sustain, it self in the Indian market.

A typical, average middle-class Indian family did not have breakfast on a regular basis like their Western counterparts. Those who did have breakfast, consumed milk, biscuits, bread, butter, jam or local food preparations like idlis, parathas etc. According to analysts, a major reason for Kellogg's failure was the fact that the taste of its products did not suit Indian breakfast habits. Kellogg sources were however quick to assert that the company was not trying to change these habits; the idea was only to launch its products on the health platform and make consumers see the benefit of this healthier alternative.

In most Third World countries pricing is believed to play a dominant role in the demand for any product. But Kellogg did not share this view. Avronsart said, "Research demonstrates that to be well accepted by consumers even the most nutritious product must taste good. Most consumers view quality as they view taste, but with a very high standard. We approach pricing on a case-to-case basis, always consistent with the total value delivered by each product." Kellogg's advertising had not been very impressive in the initial years. Apart from 'Jago jaise bhi, lo Kellogg's hi,' the brand had no long-term baseline lines. Later, Kellogg attempted to indianise its campaigns instead of simply copying its international promotions.

In April 1997, Kellogg launched 'The Kellogg Breakfast Week,' a community-oriented initiative to generate awareness about the importance of breakfast. The program focussed on prevention of anemia and conducted a series of nutrition workshops activities for both individuals and families. The program was launched in Chennai, Delhi and Mumbai. The company tied up with the Indian Dietetic Association (IDA) to launch a nation-wide public-service initiative to raise awareness about iron deficiency problems.

In 1995, Kellogg had a 53% share of the Rs. 150 million breakfast cereal market, which had been growing at 4-5% per annum till then. By 2000, the market size was Rs. 600 million, and Kellogg's share had increased to 65%. Analysts claimed that Kellogg' entry was responsible for this growth. The company's improved prospects were clearly attributed to the shift in positioning, increased consumer promotions and an enhanced media budget. The effort to develop products specifically for the Indian market helped Kellogg make significant inroads into the Indian market.

- a) Why the sales of Kellogg was not good in the Indian market?
- b) Why middle class Indian family not purchasing Kellogg products?
- c) What was the company's main objective to launch Kellogg products in Indian market?
- d) Was pricing the major issue as per Avronsart for less sales in India?
- e) What was the name of the Campaign launched by Kellogg and what was its objective?

[15]

Domino's and Pizza Hut the two big US fast food chains entered India in 1996. Each claimed it had the original recipe as the Italians first wrote it and was trying desperately to create brand loyalty. Domino's and Pizza Hut - tried to grab as large a slice of the pizza pie as possible.

While Pizza Hut relied on its USP of "dining experience", Domino's USP was a 30-minute delivery frame. To penetrate the market, both the players redefined their recipes to suit the Indian tastes. Domino's went a step ahead by differentiating regions and applying the taste-factor accordingly. Domino's also made ordering simpler through a single toll-free number through out the country.

When Domino's entered the Indian market, the concept of home delivery was still in its nascent stages. It existed only in some major cities and was restricted to delivery by the friendly neighborhood fast food outlets. Eating out at 'branded' restaurants was more prevalent. To penetrate the indian market, Domino's introduced an integrated home delivery system from a network of company outlets within 30 minutes of the order being placed

However, Domino's was not the trendsetter so far as home delivery was concerned. Delhi based fast food chain, Nirula's was the first to start free home delivery in 1994. But where Domino's stole the market was its efficient delivery record. Goutham Advani (Advani), Chief of Marketing. Domino's Pizza India, said, "What really worked its way into the Indian mind set was the promised thirty minute delivery." Domino's also offered compensation: Rs.30/off the price tag, if there was a delay in delivery. For the first 4 years in India, Domino's concentrated on its 'Delivery' act.

For its delivery promise to work, Domino's followed a 11-minute schedule: one minute for taking down the order, one minute for Pizza-making, six minutes oven-time, and three minutes for packing, sealing and exit. Pizza Hut, on the other hand, laid more emphasis on its "restaurant dining experience." It positioned itself as a family restaurant and also concentrated on wooing kids. Its delivery service was not time-bound.

A company official said, "The Pizza making process takes about 20 minutes and since we don't usually deliver to places which are beyond the reachable-in-half-an-hour distance, customers can expect home delivery within 45 minutes." Moreover, analysts felt that Pizza was something that just was not meant to be delivered. Said Vivek Sure, Projects Manager, Pizza Pizza Express, "If you don't eat pizza fresh, it turns cold and soggy." However, Domino's seemed to have overcome this problem through its delivery pack called 'Domino's Heatwaye.

Since its entry into India, Domino's introduced nine new toppings for Pizzas to cater to the local tastes. Different flavors were introduced in different parts of India. Advani said, "The Indian palate is very definitive - people are extremely finicky and choosy, not too willing to experiment. Food tastes vary from. region to region.

To capture the market, we had to localize flavors. Thus, Deluxe Chicken with Mustard Sauce and Sardines were confined to the East, Mutton Ghongura and Chicken Chettinad to the South and Chicken Pudina to Mumbai. Butter chicken, Makhani Paneer and the Chatpata Chana Masala were confined to the North.

Very soon, Pizza Hut followed Domino's and offered customized Spicy Paneer and Chicken Tikka toppings. Apart from this, it also opened a 100% vegetarian restaurant at Ahmedabad, a one-of-its-kind worldwide. The restaurant also offered a special Jam menu, which did not have a single root-based ingredient to fit in with the food habits of Jains.

Another city-specific adaptation of its menu by Pizza Hut was the restaurant in Hyderabad, (Andhra Pradesh) which offered Halal meat and chicken only with no beef and pork products in the menu.

Domino's and Pizza Hut initially restricted their ad strategy to banners, hoardings and specific promotions. In August 2000, Domino's launched the 'Hungry Kya? (Are You Hungry)'s equence of advertisements on television.

A company official said, "We realized that a Pizza couldn't be slotted - it could be a snack; then again, it could also be a complete meal" The only definitive common link between Domino's Pizzas and eating was the hunger platform.

The launch of 'Hungry Kya'? campaign coincided with Domino's tie-up with Mahanagar Telephones Nigam Ltd. (MTNL) for the 'Hunger Helpline'. The helpline enabled the customers to dial a toll-free number (1600-111-123) from any place in India. The number automatically hunted out the nearest Domino's outlet from the place where the call was made and connected the customer for placing the order.

The number also helped Domino's to add the customer's name, address and phone number to its database. This was followed by Pizza Hut's first campaign on television in July 2001, which said, 'Good times start with great pizzas.' The ad was aired during all the important programs on Star Plus, Sony, Sony, Max, Star Movies. HBO, AXN and MTV.

Pizza Hut planned to spend between Rs.70-75 million on the ad campaign in 2001. Said Pankaj Batra, "The first ad campaign on TV defines Pizza Hut as a brand, and what it offers to its existing and potential customers. Once the awareness of this message is high, we will focus on other facets of the brand and its offerings".

- a) What was the marketing USP of Dominos and Pizza Hut and how both companies targeted the Indian market?
- b) How Dominos penetrated and influenced the Indian market?
- c) What mechanism was used by Dominos for its 'delivery promise to work' and how dominos positioned itself in the market?
- d) What strategies were implemented by Dominos and Pizza Hut for localizing the menu in India?
- e) What advertising strategies Dominos and Pizza Hut implemented?

Q4) Case Study 3:

[15]

In 1997, BIL, whose business seemed to be doing well, instead of concentrating on it, virtually charted a new course by seeking to reinvent itself. it built a new corporate identity and adopted a colourful and identifiable logo with a new base line - 'Eat Healthy, Think better.' From being a manufacturer of baked products, BIL kicked off a diversification exercise to become a comprehensive foods and beverages company making cheese and other dairy products, in addition to its bakery products.

Others felt that BILs makeover decision may have been influenced by the threat of potential competition. They also felt that with the organised biscuit market in india being commoditised, and the major chunk being controlled by the unbranded segment, reliance on biscuits alone could be detrimental to its long-term interests.

However, some analysts were of the opinion that the diversification of BIL into relatively new areas was risky and that it should have concentrated on its core competence, the biscuit business.

As a first step in its makeover plan, BIL hired a Paris based design studio-Shining Strategic design, to craft a new logo and corporate slogan, its work involved understanding the perceived and potential value of the brand where everything from colours and symbols to the typeface, was evaluated. The work also involved looking at the potential of the market and seeing where BIL could venture in future. Research showed that the brand 'Britannia' was synonymous with trust and quality, and the wide portfolio of products was seen as a source of strength. But, BIL was aiming at faster growth, by expanding its business within the bakery segment and in select synergistic areas.

Consumer research conducted with these specific objectives in mind, brought to the fore two key issues 1. Although the brand had tremendous strength associated with it. it needed to communicate modernity strongly. 2. It needed to assure the customers that apart from being a trusted and a familiar brand, it was also a contemporary one, and changed with the times.

The fact that the existing brand was too closely associated with the bakery business, could have been a hindrance to BIL's diversification efforts. Therefore, Britannia needed a more dynamic expression. So there was a need to restage the logo, with the twin objectives of communicating modernity and dynamism. While developing the new logo and brand statement, the existing red and white shield like unit was retained with a modern rendition. The new corporate identity had three colours red (symbolising energy and vitality), green (nutrition and freshness) and white (purity) which collectively represented what consumers looked for in foods and beverage. Research had shown that the brand statement, Eat Healthy, Think Better, captured the essence of the Indian concept of the unity of body and mind.

At the low-end price-point, was the 'Tiger' brand, a calcium-enriched" glucose biscuit launched in 1997, which acted as the umbrella brand for the mass market. Until then. BIL had focussed on the middle and premium segments of the biscuit market, leaving Parle's Parle G to rule the mass market. With the mass segment accounting for half of the unorganised market, it seemed strategically important for BIL to make inroads into the same.

Therefore, as a part of its new plan to attack the mass market, BIL launched the Tiger' brand and positioned it as a 'healthforce biscuit' as consumer research showed that good health was the overwhelming consideration when mothers chose snacks for their children. Analysts felt that since Glucose had become a generic brand, BIL by establishing a new brand was clearly differentiating its Glucose biscuits from others.

- a) What potential challenges BIL had to face?
- b) What steps BIL took as its makeover plan?
- c) As per the consumer research what were the two key issues?
- d) What ideas were behind designing a new logo?
- e) What strategy BIL adopted to attack the mass market?



Total No. of Questions : 4]	SEAT No. :
PA-1952	[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5953]-611 T.Y. B.B.A.

B 606 : CASES IN FINANCE (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

Time: 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. 01 is compulsory.
- 2) Attempt any TWO questions from the remaining.
- 3) Use of calculator is allowed.
- Q1) A firm whose cost of capital is 10% is considering two mutually exclusive proposals X and Y, the details of which are as follows: [20]

Particulars	Proposal X (Rs.)	Proposal Y (Rs.)
Investments	15,00,000	15,00,000
Cash inflows at the end		
of- year		
1	1,00,000	6,50,000
2	2,50,000	6,00,000
3	3,50,000	6,00,000
4	5,50,000	5,75,000
5	7,50,000	5,25,000
	20,00,000	29,50,000

A company has a target return on capital of 10% and present value of Re. 01 @ 10% is as follows:

Due in 1st year	0.91
Due in 2nd year	0.83
Due in 3rd year	0.75
Due in 4th year	0.68
Due in 5th year	0.62

Calculate:

- a) Pay Back Period,
- b) Net Present Value @ 10%,
- c) Profitability Index @ 10%
- d) Internal Rate of Return
- Q2) The Board of Directors of Avinash Chemicals Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai requests you to prepare a statement showing the working capital requirements for a level of activity of 1,56,000 units of production. The following information is available for your consideration: [15]

Particulars	Per Unit (Rs.)
Raw Materials	90
Direct labour	40
Overheads	75
Total Cost	205
Profit	60
Selling price per unit	265

- a) Raw materials are in stock on an average one month.
- b) Materials are in process 50% complete on an average two weeks.
- c) Finished goods are in stock on an average one month.
- d) Credit allowed by suppliers one month.
- e) Time lag in payment from debtors two months.
- f) Lag in payment of wages 1 1/2 weeks.
- g) Lag in payment of overheads one month.
- h) 20% of the output is sold against cash.
- i) Cash in hand and bank expected Rs. 60,000/-.

Assume that production is carried on evenly throughout the year, wages and overheads accrue similarly and a time period of 04 weeks is equivalent to a month.

Q3) Mittal Industries, Pune has the following capital structure:

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Equity Share Capital (20,000 Shares)	4,00,000
6 % Preference Shares	1,00,000
8% Debentures	3,00,000
Total	8,00,000

The market price of equity share is Rs. 20/-. It is expected that the company will pay a current dividend of Rs. 2/- per share which will grow at 7% forever. Corporate tax rate is 40%. The face value and net proceeds from the preference share are Rs. 100/- each and their redemption period is 10 years. Calculate the Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC). [15]

Q4) Abhinav Paints Ltd., Mumbai sells its products at 20% profit on sales. The following information is extracted from its annual accounts for the year ending 31st march, 2022:

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Sales at 3 months credit	40,00,000
Raw Materials	12,00,000
Wages paid - 15 days in arrears	9,60,000
Manufacturing expenses - 01 month in arrears	12,00,000
Administrative Expenses - 01 month in arrears	4,80,000
Income Tax payable quarterly - last instalment falls	
due in March, 2022	4,00,000

The company enjoys one month's credit from the supplier of the raw materials and maintains two months stock of raw materials and one and half month's stock of finished goods. Cash balance is maintained at Rs. 1,00,000/- as a precautionary balance. Assuming 10% margin, find out net working capital requirement of the company. [15]



Total No. of Questions : 3]	SEAT No. :
PA-1953	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-612 T.Y. B.B.A.

${\bf RECENT\,TRENDS\,AND\,HR\,ACCOUNTING}$

(DSE - C - 606-HRM)

		(2019 Pattern) (CBC	CS) (Se	mester - VI)
Time : 2½ Instructio 1) 2)	ons to a	rs] the candidates: estions are compulsory. es to the right indicate full man	·ks.	[Max. Marks : 50
<i>Q1</i>) A)	Fill	in the blanks (any 4 out of 5))	[4]
	i)	is a factor, which n (Flexibility, Cultural Divers	•	y impacts Employee Engagement onomy, Strict supervision)
	ii)	<u> </u>	ommitte	where employees feel passionate ed to their work. (Experiential, nt)
	iii)	1 1	•	g and measuring goals, 1' stands Inspiring based, Inclusion based.
	iv)		ormatio	ed to acquire, store, manipulate. n about organisation 's human (D)
	v)			acrifice cost actually incurred to Opportunity cost, Replacement
B)	Mat	tch the following		[4]
	i)	Monetary method of human valuation	a)	HR Database
	ii)	HRIS	b)	Asset Multiplier Method
	iii)	Personnel Research	c)	Enhance profitability of the organization
	iv)	Positively engaged employees	d)	Reexamining to resolve HR issues
				l l

P.T.O.

C) True or False (any 4 out of 5)

- **[4]**
- i) Organizations which do not encourage the climate of recognition in the workplace basically break the principle of employee welfare (True / False)
- ii) Barely Engaged employee is enthusiastic about his work (True / False)
- iii) Personnel research implies reassessment of Material and Logistics Management (True / False)
- iv) Human Resource Accounting helps in providing important information regarding the value of Owned and Borrowed capital (True / False)
- v) HR Audit helps to eliminate deficiencies of Human Resources policies, practices and systems of a firm (True / False)
- Q2) Short notes (any 2 out of 4)

[14]

- a) Hurdles to Employee Engagement
- b) Human resource Valuation
- c) Personnel research
- d) Elements of HRIS
- Q3) Long Answer (any 2 out of 4)

[24]

- a) What is Employee Engagement? What are the measures the companies implement to improve the Employee Engagement?
- b) What is HRIS? Explain the process of designing HRIS.
- c) Define human resource Accounting? State the significance of Human resource Accounting with its advantages and disadvantages?
- d) What do you mean by HR Audit? State the checklist of HR Audit with its approaches?

x x x

Total No. of Questions : 3]	SEAT No. :
PA-1954	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-613 T.Y.B.B.A.

D-606: RECENT TRENDS IN SERVICES PROJECT (CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

Time: 2		
Instructi 1)		the candidates: vestions are compulsory.
2)	Figur	es to the right indicate full marks.
<i>01</i>) Ob	ojectiv	e type questions.
	•	tiple Choice questions. [5]
,	a)	ITES stands for
	i) Information technology enabled services	
		ii) Information technology end services
		iii) Information technology enabled services
		iv) None of the above
	b)	Service processes that are developed to producing knowledge based
		or advice based services are called
		i) Customer - centric services
		ii) Professional services
		iii) Value services
		iv) Customised services
	Services differ from manufactured products in four ways.	
		Intangibility, Inseparability, Perishability and
		i) Homogeneity ii) Heterogeneity
		iii) Customer Interactability iv) Indivisibility
	d)	Services are not much effected by
		i) Recessions in market
		ii) Manufacturing slow down
		iii) Logistical activities
		iv) Development of the new product
	e)	New service development, involves
		i) Location and accessibility
		ii) Facilities design and ambience
		iii) Service escape
		iv) All of the above

B) Ma	itch the following.	[5]	
		Group A	Gro	oup B
	a)	Technology driven	i)	Meeting customers
		Service innovation		expectations
	b)	New service development	ii)	Human elements in the service
				environment
	c)	Customer satisfaction	iii)	Customers perspective
	d)	Servicescape	iv)	Creating a new service
	e)	Customer - centric services	v)	Launching a new service

Q2) Long answer questions (Solve any 2 out of 4)

[20]

- a) Explain the role of service sector in the development of Indian Economy.
- b) Explain the advantages of technology in agricultural sector services.
- c) Discuss the benefits of IT enabled services.
- d) State the recent trends in Hospitality industry.

Q3) Write short notes on (Solve any 4 out of 6)

[20]

- a) Emergence of self service
- b) Global service strategies
- c) Professional services
- d) Automation in services
- e) Managing the new technology adoption process
- f) Retail services



Total No. of Questions : 3]	SEAT No. :
PA-1955	[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5953]-614 T.Y.B.B.A.

606 E: TOURISM DEVELOPMENT IN RURAL INDIA (CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester - VI)

	•) (5011	iester (1)	
ons to	the co			[Max. Marks : 50	
_			ks.		
jectiv	e typ	e questions.			
Mu	ltiple	Choice questions.		[5]	
a)	Nat	ural Environmental base	ed touri	ourism is known as	
	i)	Pilgrimage Tourism	ii)	Agro Tourism	
	iii)	Eco-Tourism	iv)	Natural Tourism	
b)	In_	areas, agricult	ure & a	llied activities are predominant.	
	i)	Urban	ii)	Semi - urban	
	iii)	Metropolitan	iv)	Rural	
c)		_	the status of the rural		
	i)	Social	ii)	Economical	
	iii)	Political	iv)	All of the above	
d)			ed deve	elopment of rural areas through	
	i)	Poverty	ii)	Wealth	
	iii)	Insfrastructure	iv)	Population	
e) Agro - Based industries				-	
	i) Use output of agriculture and allied activities as raw r				
	ii) Provide inputs required in agriculture				
	iii)	Both (i) and (ii)			
	iv)	Only (ii)			
	jectiv Mu a) b)	de Hours Jons to the constant All question Figures to serve type Multiple a) Nation iii) b) Ini) c) Run pope i) iii) d) Marerae ii) iii) e) Agrae ii) iii) e) Agrae ii) iii)	ons to the candidates: All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full mark jective type questions. Multiple Choice questions. a) Natural Environmental base i) Pilgrimage Tourism iii) Eco-Tourism b) In areas, agricult i) Urban iii) Metropolitan c) Rural development implies population i) Social iii) Political d) Mahatma Gandhi had view eradication of i) Poverty iii) Insfrastructure e) Agro - Based industries i) Use output of agriculturii) Provide inputs required iii) Both (i) and (ii)	ons to the candidates: All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Jective type questions. Multiple Choice questions. a) Natural Environmental based touri i) Pilgrimage Tourism ii) iii) Eco-Tourism iv) b) In areas, agriculture & a i) Urban ii) iii) Metropolitan iv) c) Rural development implies raising population i) Social ii) iii) Political iv) d) Mahatma Gandhi had viewed deveradication of i) Poverty ii) iii) Insfrastructure iv) e) Agro - Based industries i) Use output of agriculture and a ii) Provide inputs required in agriculture iii) Both (i) and (iii)	

B) Answer in one sentence

[5]

- a) What is Rural Tourism?
- b) Discuss any two challenges of Rural Tourism in India.
- c) Define sustainable Tourism.
- d) What is Agro Tourism?
- e) State any two tourism projects in India.

Q2) Long answer questions (Solve any 2 out of 4)

[20]

- a) Explain the need and scope of Rural Tourism.
- b) What is Inspirational Tourism? State its importance.
- c) Explain the recent tourism initiatives are taken by Government of India.
- d) Discuss the importance and benefits of Rural Tourism.

Q3) Write short notes on (Solve any 4 out of 6)

[20]

- a) Cost associated with rural tourism.
- b) Tourism projects in India.
- c) Types of Rural Tourism.
- d) Linkages for development of Rural Tourism in India.
- e) Impact of Rural Tourism on the rural community.
- f) Rural Development.

