

Room - 9
[This question paper contains 8 printed pages.] 3

12 MAY 2023

Your Roll No.

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 4504

Unique Paper Code : 32161601

Name of the Paper : Plant Metabolism

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Hons) Botany

Semester VI

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

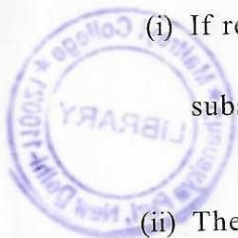
Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. All questions carry equal marks.
3. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
4. Attempt five questions in all including Question No. 1.

1. (a) Fill in the blanks (any five)

(5×1=5)

P.T.O.



(i) If respiratory quotient is 1, the respiratory substrate is _____.

(ii) The enzyme first isolated and purified in the crystalline form was _____.

(iii) _____ received the noble prize for tracing the path of carbon in photosynthesis.

(iv) Bacteroids are surrounded by _____ membrane in nodules.

(v) _____ number of molecules of Acetyl Co A are produced after β -oxidation of 14 carbon fatty acid.

(vi) The breakdown of complex molecules into simpler molecules with the release of energy is called _____.

(b) Define the following (**any five**) (5×1=5)

(i) Absorption spectrum

(ii) Isoenzymes

(iii) Uncouplers

(iv) Triglycerides

(v) Hill reaction

(vi) Anaerobic respiration

(c) State True or False (**any five**) (5×1=5)

- (i) Pepsin is a non-proteinaceous enzyme.
- (ii) Manganese is the central atom in the porphyrin head of the chlorophyll molecule.
- (iii) Starch biosynthesis begins with production of ADP glucose.
- (iv) Oxidative phosphorylation occurs in inner membrane of mitochondria.
- (v) The nitrate reductase is an inducible enzyme.
- (vi) Glycolate cycle is also known as EMP pathway.

2. Write explanatory notes on (**any three**)

(3×5=15)

- (a) Cyanide resistant respiration
- (b) Sucrose synthesis in plants
- (c) Enzyme classification
- (d) Tricarboxylic acid

3. Differentiate between the following (**any three**)

(3×5=15)

- (a) Synthesis and degradation of fatty acids
- (b) CAM and C4 cycle
- (c) Competitive and Non competitive inhibition

(d) Respiration and Photorespiration

4. Write short notes on the following (**any five**)

(5×3=15)

(a) Emerson enhancement and its significance

(b) Effect of pH on enzyme activity

(c) Leghemoglobin

(d) Role of acetyl CoA in cellular metabolism

(e) Nitrate assimilation

(f) Kranz anatomy

5. (a) Explain β -oxidation pathway of breakdown of fatty acids? (7)

(b) Explain the process of rhizobial infection and root nodulation in legumes. (8)

6. (a) What is gluconeogenesis ? Write an account of the glyoxylate pathway. (7)

(b) Explain the structure and mechanism of action of ATP synthase. (8)

7. (a) Schematically represent and explain Z-scheme of electron transport. (7)

(b) Give the contributions made by the following scientists (**any four**) (4×2=8)

(i) Blackman

(ii) Hans Krebs

(iii) Emil Fischer

(iv) Beijerinck

(v) Peter Mitchell

(vi) Stephen Hales

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

15 MAY 2023 Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 4521

Unique Paper Code : 32161401

Name of the Paper : Molecular Biology

Name of the Course : **B.Sc. (Hons.) Botany**
(C.B.C.S)

Semester : IV

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. Attempt **five** questions in all.
3. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
4. **All** parts of a question should be answered together.

1. (a) Expand (**any five**) : (1×5=5)

(i) Rf-C

(ii) ORC

(iii) CRP

(iv) RISC

(1000)

P.T.O.

4521

2

(v) TFIID

(vi) PCNA

(b) Write the contributions of (**any five**): (1×5=5)

(i) A. Korenberg

(ii) M. Meselson and F. Stahl

(iii) Hershey and Chase

(iv) J. Shine and L. Dalgarno

(v) George Gamow

(vi) H. Temin and D. Baltimore

(vii) J. D. Watson

(c) Define the following (**any five**): (1×5=5)

(i) Replisome

(ii) Enhancer

(iii) Okazaki fragment

(iv) Exon

(v) Ribozyme

(vi) Operon

4521

3

2. Differentiate between the following (**any five**):
(3×5=15)

(i) Left handed DNA and Right handed DNA

(ii) Euchromatin and Heterochromatin

(iii) Negative and Positive Gene Regulation

(iv) Denaturation and Renaturation

(v) Self Splicing and Spliceosome Mediated Splicing

(vi) Monocistronic and Polycistronic RNA

3. Write short note on (**any three**): (5×3=15)

(i) Organization of DNA in Prokaryotes

(ii) 5' and 3' modifications in eukaryotic mRNA

(iii) Telomeric Replication

(iv) RNA interference

4. (a) Discuss in detail, two major mechanisms of transcription termination in prokaryotes. (9)

(b) What is Central Dogma? Why RNA viruses do not follow Central Dogma? (3)

(c) State the function of the following (**any three**): (3)

(i) PCNA

(ii) Gyrase

(iii) SSB

(iv) DNA Polymerase α

P.T.O.

5. (a) Describe briefly the *Trp* operon and how it controls the biosynthesis of aminoacid tryptophan. (9)
- (b) What is reassociation kinetics and how it can be used to plot cot curve? Also give its implications. (6)
6. (a) With the help of a well labelled diagram, explain the mechanism of initiation of DNA replication in prokaryotes. (6)
- (b) Explain the salient features of genetic code. (6)
- (c) Write down the consensus sequence for the following (**any three**) : (1×3=3)
- (i) 5'splice site
 - (ii) TATA Box
 - (iii) Polyadenylation signal
 - (iv) Kozak Sequence
7. (a) Discuss in detail, the mechanism of initiation of translation in prokaryotes and compare it with that of eukaryotes. (9)
- (b) How can a single gene produce multiple protein products? Explain. (6)

16 MAY 2023

Your Roll No.

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 4539

E

Unique Paper Code : 32161201

Name of the Paper : Mycology and Phytopathology

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Hons.) BOTANY

Semester : II

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. Attempt **five** questions in all.
3. All questions carry equal marks.
4. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
5. All parts of a question must be answered together.
6. Draw well labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

I. (a) Fill in the blanks (any **five):**

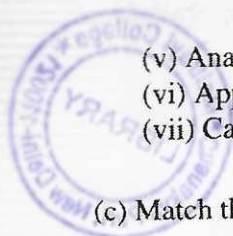
5 x 1 = 5

- (i) Pseudomycelium is formed by
- (ii) A fungus used for flavouring cheese is
- (iii) Loose Smut of wheat disease is caused by
- (iv) is an edible mushroom.
- (v) A propagule containing fungal mycelium loosely interwoven with algal cells is.....
- (vi) In Basidiomycota, the septal pore complex is known as
- (vii) An example of mycotoxin producing fungus is.....

(b) Define the following (any **five):**

5 x 1 = 5

- (i) Sclerotia
- (ii) Hypertrophy
- (iii) Fairy rings
- (iv) Haustoria



- (v) Anamorph
- (vi) Appressorium
- (vii) Capillitium

(c) Match the following:

5 x 1 = 5

Column A

- (i) Red bread mold
- (ii) Zygospor
- (iii) Phaneroplasmodium
- (iv) Muriform conidia
- (v) Bioluminescent fungus

Column B

- Physarum*
- Alternaria*
- Mycena lux- coeli*
- Neurospora*
- Rhizopus*

2. Write short notes on any **three** of the following:

3 x 5 = 15

- (i) Sexual reproduction in *Rhizopus*
- (ii) Mushroom cultivation
- (iii) Germination of sporangia in *Phytophthora*
- (iv) Economic importance of Lichens
- (v) Uses of fungi in the fermentation of food and enzyme production

3. Differentiate between any **five** of the following:

5 x 3 = 15

- (i) Biotrophs and Necrotrophs
- (ii) Cleistothecium and Perithecium
- (iii) Early Blight and Late Blight of Potato
- (iv) Loose Smut and Covered Smut
- (v) Ectomycorrhiza and Endomycorrhiza
- (vi) Foliose and Fruticose Lichens
- (vii) Oospore and Zygospor

4. Draw a well labelled diagram of any **three** of the following:

3x5=15

- (i) E. M. of *Saccharomyces* cell
- (ii) V. S. of *Agaricus* gill
- (iii) T. S. leaf showing an asexual stage in *Albugo*
- (iv) V. S. of *Peziza* apothecium

5. (a) Briefly explain asexual mode of reproduction in *Penicillium*.

5

(b) Explain different types of fruiting bodies present in Myxomycetes.

5

(c) Explain why *Neurospora* is considered as *Drosophila* of the plant kingdom.

5

6. (a) Discuss the development of ascus in Ascomycota.

5

(b) Explain the various stages of *Puccinia graminis tritici* on the secondary host.

5

(c) Discuss the role of fungi in the biological control of nematodes and insects.

5

7. (a) Write the causal organism, symptoms and control measures of Citrus canker disease.

5

(b) Describe the geographic distribution of plant diseases with example.

5

(c) Discuss the importance of plant quarantine in relation to fungal contamination.

5

[This question paper contains 2 printed pages.]

19 MAY 2023

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 4659
Unique Paper Code : 32161202
Name of the Paper : Archegoniatae
Name of the Course : Botany
Semester : II

E



Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top of Question Paper immediately.
2. This question paper has 7 questions.
3. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
4. Attempt 5 questions in all.
5. All questions carry equal marks.
6. Answer all parts of a question together.
7. Illustrate your answers with suitable diagram wherever necessary.

Q1. (a) Define the following terms (Any ten)

(10x1=10)

- i. Coenosorus
- ii. Transfusion tissues
- iii. Stomium
- iv. Pseudoelaters
- v. Carinal canal
- vi. Sulphur shower
- vii. Haplostele
- viii. Synangium
- ix. Protonema
- x. Manoxylic wood
- xi. Sporophyte
- xii. Leaf traces

(b) Fill in the blanks: (Any five)

(5x1=5)

- i.type of pollination is observed in gymnosperms.
- ii. The basal part of ligule is called.....

P.T.O.

- iii. Presence of elaterophores is the characteristic feature of
- iv. *Riccia* belongs to class of Bryophyta.
- v. is the pteridophyte commonly known as "Horse Tail"
- vi. Gymnosperms lack in xylary elements.
- vii. In bryophytes rosette habit is characteristic of

Q2. Draw well labeled diagrams of the following (Any three) (3x5=15)

- a. V.S. *Marchantia* thallus
- b. T.S. *Equisetum* stem – internode
- c. T.S. *Cycas* coralloid root
- d. L.S. Male cone of *Pinus*

Q3. Write short notes on the following (Any three) (3x5=15)

- a. Adaptations to land habit in bryophytes
- b. Dehiscence of sporangium in *Pteris*
- c. Gametophyte of *Porella*
- d. Polyembryony in *Pinus*
- e. Sporophyte of *Anthoceros*

Q4. Differentiate between the following (Any three) (3x5=15)

- a. Sporophyte of *Marchantia* and *Funaria*
- b. Spore bearing structure of *Psilotum* and *Equisetum*
- c. Bryophytes and Pteridophytes
- d. Apogamy and Apospory

Q5. a. Describe in detail about the stelar evolution (5)
 b. Mention the ecological and economical significance of *Sphagnum* (5)
 c. Discuss about the early Vascular land plants *Cooksonia* and *Rhynia* (5)

Q6. a. Discuss heterospory and seed habit in pteridophytes. (7)
 b. Describe spore bearing structure of *Selaginella* with suitable diagram. (8)

Q7. a. Discuss the concept of double fertilization in some gymnosperms. Mention the similarities of *Gnetum* with angiosperms and gymnosperms. (10)
 b. Elucidate the economical importance of gymnosperms. (5)

23 MAY 2023

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 4677

Unique Paper Code : 32161402

Name of the Paper : Ecology

Name of the Course : B. Sc. (Hons.) Botany

Semester : IV

Duration : 3 Hours

Maitreyi College

Maximum Marks 75

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. Attempt any five questions in all. Question No. 1 is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.
3. All parts of a question must be answered together.

1. (a) Define the following terms (Attempt any five) :
(1×5=5)

(i) Flora

(ii) Ecological amplitude

P.T.O.

(iii) Standing crop

(iv) Homeostasis

(v) Primary Productivity

(vi) Pedon

(vii) Population

(b) Write one word answer for each of the following
(Attempt any **five**) : (1×5=5)

(i) The fully decomposed organic matter in soil

(ii) Interconnected network of food chains

(iii) The organisms feeding on the dead and decayed matter

(iv) The zone of transition representing a situation of special ecological interest between two different types of communities

(v) The structural and functional unit of biosphere

(vi) Plants living under shade

(c) Match the following : (1×5=5)

(i) Eolian soil (a) Instrument used to measure light intensity

(ii) *Orobanchae* (b) Soil transported by wind

(iii) Litter (d) Total water present in soil

(iv) Holard (f) Root parasite

(v) Luxmeter (g) Freshly fallen dead matter

2. Differentiate between the following (Attempt any **three**) : (5×3=15)

(a) Analytical Characteristics and Synthetic Characteristics

(b) Autotrophic Succession and Heterotrophic Succession

(c) Mor humus and Mull humus

(d) k-selection and r- selection

(e) Grazing Food Chain and Detritus Food Chain

3. Write short notes on the following (Attempt any **three**) : (5×3=15)

(a) Raunkiaer's life forms

(b) Habitat and ecological niche

- (c) Ecological pyramids
- (d) Fire as an ecological factor
- (e) Survivorship curves
4. (a) What are biogeochemical cycles? Explain any **one** biogeochemical cycles of your choice along with the labelled diagrams. (5)
- (b) Briefly discuss the different types of age pyramids with suitable examples. (5)
- (c) Define biotic interaction. Discuss any two positive interactions among organisms with suitable examples. (5)
5. (a) Define soil profile. Discuss along with the diagram. (5)
- (b) Briefly explain the Y shaped energy flow model in an ecosystem. (5)
- (c) Comment on light as an ecological factor. (5)
6. (a) What is Phytogeography? Discuss any four phytogeographical divisions of India. (7)
- (b) Define Ecological succession. Discuss the type of succession that will occur in a water body with the help of diagrams. (8)

(1000)

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

24 MAY 2023

Your Roll No.

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 4705

Unique Paper Code : 32167601

Name of the Paper : DSE-III (Industrial and Environmental Microbiology)

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Honours) Botany

Semester : VI

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

Instructions for Candidates

- Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- Attempt **five** questions in all including Question number **1** which is compulsory.
- All parts of a question must be answered together.
- Draw well labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

- (a) Expand the following (**any five**) : (1×5=5)

(i) BOD (ii) MPN (iii) UASB (iv) HFCS

(v) PDA (vi) CFU

P.T.O.

(b) Fill in the blanks (**any five**) : (1×5=5)

(i) In trickling filters _____ forms a slime matrix, that can accommodate heterogenous microbial community.

(ii) _____ are plates in the bioreactor that enhance aeration efficiency and prevent vortexing.

(iii) _____ fungi catalyses the breakdown of cellulose.

(iv) Process of fermentation was first described by _____

(v) _____ is a method used to reduce the concentration of a substance in a solution by repeatedly diluting it with a solvent.

(vi) _____ fungal species are used for alcohol production as they can tolerate high levels of alcohol.

(c) Read the following statements carefully and write *True* or *False*. (1×5=5)

(i) Gravimetric method is used to measure TOC.

(ii) Millipore filters are used for sterilization.

(iii) α -Amylase is an endogenous enzyme of *Bacillus subtilis*.

(iv) In liquid state surface fermentations, no agitation is carried out and thus the moulds grow as mycelial mats on the surface of the medium.

(v) Cell disruption is a mandatory step in intracellular product recovery.

2. Write short notes on the following (**any three**) :

(5×3=15)

(i) Components of a Bioreactor

(ii) Isolation of microbes from Air/water

(iii) GRAS

(iv) Algal Blooms

3. Differentiate between the following (**any five**) :

(3×5=15)

(i) Enrichment medium and differential medium

(ii) Solid state fermentation and Liquid state fermentation

(iii) COD and BOD

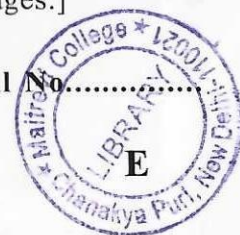
(iv) Lyophilization and Spray drying

- (v) Extracellular microbial enzymes and Intracellular microbial enzymes
- (vi) Laminar air flow and Autoclave
4. (a) Discuss in detail the production and estimation of amylase using microorganisms. (8)
- (b) Discuss various methods of down stream processing. (7)
5. (a) What do you understand by enzyme immobilization? What are the different methods of enzyme immobilization? (8)
- (b) What is the industrial importance of glucose isomerase? What are the advantages of semisynthetic penicillin over natural penicillin? (7)
6. (a) What are coliforms? Discuss methods (**any three**) for detecting coliforms in drinking water. (8)
- (b) Discuss the secondary methods for treatment of sewage water. (7)
7. (a) Discuss the scope of microbes in Industry. (8)
- (b) What are the different components of synthetic culture media? (7)

(1000)

[This question paper contains 8 printed pages.]

26 MAY 2023 Your Roll No.



Sr. No. of Question Paper : 4784

Unique Paper Code : 32161602

Name of the Paper : Plant Biotechnology

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (H) Botany

Semester : VI

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. Attempt **five** questions in all.
3. Question No. 1 is compulsory.

1. (a) Expand the abbreviations (**any five**) : (1×5=5)

(i) PAGE

P.T.O.

(ii) Ti-plasmid

(iii) scFv

(iv) PEG

(v) BAC

(vi) Taq

(b) Define (any five)

(1×5=5)

(i) Superbug

(ii) Phagemid

(iii) Somaclonal variations

(iv) Genetically modified crop

(v) Probe

(vi) Restriction endonucleases

(c) Fill in the blanks (any five)

(1×5=5)

(i) Synthetic insulin developed using recombinant DNA technology was called _____.

(ii) The bacterial cells which are modified for the uptake of foreign DNA are called _____ cells.

(iii) The gene which was silenced in Flavr Savr^R is _____.

(iv) _____ is an example of biofortified transgenic crop.

(v) The plant-based antibodies developed for dental caries is against bacteria _____.

(vi) High cytokinin and low auxin ratio promotes _____ production in plant tissue culture.

2. Draw labelled diagrams of (any three) (5×3=15)

- (a) Gene gun
- (b) Polymerase chain reaction
- (c) Gene construct of Golden rice
- (d) BAC

3. Differentiate between (any five) (3×5=15)

- (a) Selectable marker gene and reporter gene
- (b) Somatic Hybridization and cybridization
- (c) Haploid and Triploid plantlets
- (d) cDN library and genomic DNA Library
- (e) Primary and Secondary metabolites
- (f) RAPD and RFLP
- (g) Zygotic and somatic embryogenesis

4. Write short notes on (any three) (5×3=15)

- (a) Molecular markers
- (b) Anther culture
- (c) Round Up ready Soyabean
- (d) Applications of tissue culture

5. (a) What are osmoprotectants? Provide examples of any two osmoprotectants and their role in abiotic stress tolerance in plants. (5)
- (b) Discuss the role of plants as bioreactors from the view point of production of biopolymers. (5)

OR

A linear molecule of DNA was cut with the following restriction enzymes : (5)

EcoRI – 2 fragments produced – 3.7 kb, 2.3 kb

SmaI – 3 fragments produced – 4.3 kb, 1.2 kb, 0.5 kb

Double digestion with both enzymes – 4 fragments produced: 2.5 kb, 1.8 kb, 1.2 kb, 0.5 kb

(i) What is the size of DNA? (0.5)

(ii) Draw a gel profile from the data provided (1)

(iii) Make a restriction map (2)

(iv) What can you conclude from this data? (1.5)

(c) Describe the mechanism of action of cry gene in Bt cotton. What were the advantages of Bt crop over the traditionally grown crops? (5)

6. Answer the following :

(a) Describe the *Agrobacterium*-mediated method of gene transfer in plants with the help of suitable illustrations (binary and co-integrate methods). (5)

(b) Give a detailed account of purpose and strategy used in developing Golden rice. (5)

(c) Provide any one (Key) application of following : (1×5=5)

(i) Lipase

(ii) Cryopreservation

(iii) Meristem culture

(iv) Recombinant DNA technology

(v) Phytohormones in Plant tissue culture

7. (a) Give a brief account of any two prokaryotic vectors. (8)

(b) Describe the biosafety and bioethical concerns in development of transgenic plants. (7)

OR

Give role of genetic transformation in changing the floral characters in carnations. (7)

[This question paper contains 6 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 4801

E

Unique Paper Code : 32161403

Name of the Paper : Plant Systematics

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (H.) Botany

Semester : IV

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. Attempt **FIVE** QUESTIONS in all including Question No. **1** which is **COMPULSORY**.
3. Attempt all parts of the question together.

1. (a) Expand the following (**any five**) : (5)

(i) D.C.

(ii) L.

(iii) Nom.nud.

(iv) R.Br.

(v) Hook. f.

(vi) et.

(b) Answer the following (any five) : (5)

(i) Name a genus commemorating a place

(ii) The alternate name of family Cruciferae

(iii) An example of autonym

(iv) Author of Flora of Delhi

(v) Significance of May 1, 1753

(vi) Type genus of family Fabaceae

(c) Fill in the blanks (any five) : (5)

(i) The standard size of a herbarium sheet is _____ .

(ii) _____ is an angiosperm lacking vessels.

(iii) The occurrence of similar features in different species with a common ancestry is known as _____ .

(iv) _____ is an example of journal devoted to taxonomy.

(v) _____ is the Father of genus concept.

(vi) _____ is an International Botanical Garden.

2. Write notes on the following (any three) : (5×3=15)

(a) Parallelism and Convergence

(b) APG

(c) Typification

(d) Principles of ICN

3. (a) Give an outline of Bentham and Hooker's **OR** Engler and Prantl system of classification. (6)

(b) "Angiosperm and their pollinators have evolved together". Comment. (4)

(c) Interpret the following (any five) : (1×5=5)

(i) *Rosa floribunda* 'Blessings'

(ii) *Capparis lasiantha* R.Br. ex DC.

(iii) *Stellaria media* (L.) Vill.

(iv) *Delphinium viscosum* Hook. f. et. Thomson

(v) *Triticum aestivum* Linn., nom.cons.

(vi) *Salix aurita* x *S. caprea*

4. (a) Explain the role of semantides in plant systematics with suitable examples? (6)

(b) Explain Principle of Priority citing various examples. (6)

(c) Give endings of the ranks provided by ICN (**any three**) : (3)

(i) Division

(ii) Class

(iii) Order

(iv) Family

5. Differentiate between the following (**any five**) :
(5×3=15)

(i) Homology and Analogy

(ii) Synonym and Homonym

(iii) Indented keys and Bracketed keys

(iv) Flora and Monograph

(v) Taxonomic category and Taxonomic group

(vi) Monophyly and Polyphyly

6. Attempt **any two** of the following :

(a) Explain the Ranaian and Englerian concept of primitive angiosperm. (7.5)

(b) Discuss the role of palynology in plant systematics. (7.5)

(c) What are the roles of herbaria? Name any one national and one international herbarium of repute and briefly highlight their key features. (7.5)

7. (a) What are taxonomic keys? Explain various types of multi-access keys. (9)

(b) What is a species concept and its types? Explain any one of its types in detail. (6)

4801

6

Or

Write a note on methodology of phenetics.

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

30 MAY 2023

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 4828

Unique Paper Code : 32167608

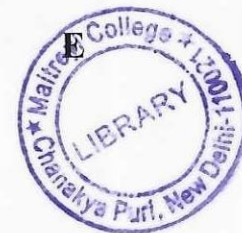
Name of the Paper : Bioinformatics

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (H) Botany

Semester : VI

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75



Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. Attempt any **five** questions in all.
3. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
4. **All** parts of the question must be answered together.

1. (a) Define the following (**any five**) : (1×5=5)

(i) Gene annotation

(500)

P.T.O.

(ii) Conserved domain

(iii) Database

(iv) Metabolomics

(v) e-value

(vi) Dendrogram

(b) Expand the following (any five) : (1×5=5)

(i) SNP

(ii) NGS

(iii) PDB

(iv) NCBI

(v) MEGA

(vi) OMIM

(c) Fill in the Blanks (any Five) (5×1=5)

(i) The term genome was used by German botanist _____

(ii) _____ is an integrated search engine which allows users to search and retrieve different data.

(iii) A web server designed for identifying protein

coding region in expressed sequence tag-derived sequences is _____

(iv) A graphical method for comparing two sequences to identify region of similarity is _____

(v) The first protein database was generated by _____

(vi) _____ is a tool used to align mRNA sequence and gene sequence.

2. Write short note on (any five) : (5×3=15)

(i) Python in bioinformatics

(ii) Swiss Modelling

(iii) RasMol

(iv) Transcriptomics

(v) Microarray

(vi) Whole Genome Sequencing

3. Differentiate between the following (any three) : (3×5=15)

(i) GenBank and FASTA file format

- (ii) Secondary and composite database
 - (iii) Webin and Sequin
 - (iv) Structural and functional genomics
4. (a) DDBJ is a widely used bioinformatic resource. Discuss the various tools available at DDBJ. (8)
- (b) Explain the main features of PDB and PIR. How the PDB and PIR protein databases different from each other. (7)
5. (a) What is a phylogenetic tree. Discuss the three methods used in construction of phylogenetic tree. (8)
- (b) Briefly discuss the role of bioinformatics in microbial genomics and crop improvement. (7)
6. (a) Explain the key points of Local and Global sequence alignment and describe various methods used for alignment. (8)
- (b) Discuss the main features of computer aided drug design and its role in medical science. (7)

