- (c) Find the equation of the right circular cylinder of radius 2 whose axis is the line $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y-2}{2} = \frac{z-2}{2}$.
- (a) Find the equations of the sphere through the circle $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$, 2x + 4y + 5z = 6 and touching the plane z = 0.
 - (b) Find the equation of the cone whose vertex is (α, β, γ) and base

$$ax^2 + by^2 = 1, z = 0.$$

(c) Find the enveloping cylinder of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x + 4y = 1$ having its generators parallel to the line x = y = z.

Your Roll No ..

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Sr. No. of Question Paper: 1473

Unique Paper Code : 2352201202

Name of the Paper : DSC: Analytic Geometry

Name of the Course : Bachelor of Arts

Semester : II

Duration: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 90

Instructions for Candidates

- Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- All questions are compulsory.
- Attempt any two parts from each section.
- All questions carry equal marks.
- 1. (a) Sketch the parabola and label the focus, vertex, and directrix of the following

$$y^2 - 10y - 12x + 61 = 0.$$

- (b) State the reflection property of the hyperbola. Sketch the graph of the hyperbola $25y^2 9x^2 = 225$, and label the vertices, foci, and asymptotes.
- (c) Find an equation for the ellipse satisfying the given conditions: the ends of the major axis are $(0, \pm 6)$; passes through (-3, 2).
- 2. (a) Find the equation for the parabola that has its vertex at (5, -3), axis parallel to they-axis and which passes through the point (10, 2).
 - (b) Identify and sketch the curve xy = 1.
 - (c) Find the angle that the vector $\vec{v} = -\sqrt{3}\hat{i} + \hat{j}$ makes with the positive x-axis.
 - 3. (a) Find the vector component of \vec{v} along \vec{b} and the vector component of \vec{v} orthogonal to \vec{b} where $\vec{v} = 2\hat{i} \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}, \ \vec{b} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}.$
 - (b) Find the area of the triangle with vertices P(1, 5, -2), Q(0,0,0) and R(7,2,0).

- (c) Use a scalar triple product to determine whether the vectors $\vec{u} = 5\hat{i} 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$, $\vec{v} = 4\hat{i} \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $\vec{w} = \hat{i} \hat{j}$ lie in the same plane.
- 4. (a) Find the parametric equation of the line that passes through the point P(-1, 2, 4) and is parallel to the vector $\vec{v} = 3\hat{i} 4\hat{j} + \hat{k}$.
 - (b) Find the direction cosines of a line which is perpendicular to the lines whose direction ratios are 1,2,3; -1,3,5.
 - (c) Show that the line x = -1 + t, y = 3 + 2t, z = -t and the plane 2x 2y 2z + 3 = 0 are parallel and find the distance between them.
- 5. (a) Find the equation of the sphere described on the join of the points A(2, -3, 4) and B(-5, 6, -7) as diameter.
 - (b) Prove that the tangent planes to the cone lyz + mzx + nxy = 0 are at right angles to the generators of the cone

$$1^2x^2 + m^2y^2 + n^2z^2 - 2mnyz - 2nlzx - 2lmxy = 0.$$