(b) What are "jumping genes"? Diagrammatically illustrate the cointegrate model of transposition of Tn3 elements.

- 6. (a) Explain how the somatic cell hybridization technique is used for mapping genes. (8)
  - (b) Differentiate between sex limited and sex-linked traits with examples. (4)
- 7. Write short note on any three of the following:  $(3\times4=12)$ 
  - (i) Bombay phenotype
  - (ii) Dosage compensation
  - (iii) Benzer's complementation test
  - (iv) Position effect
  - (v) Chromosomal number aberrations

[This question paper contains 6 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 1054

0.2 DEC 2000

Unique Paper Code

: 32231502

Name of the Paper

: B.Sc. (Honours) Zoology

Name of the Course

: Principles of Genetics-

LOCF

Semester

: V

Duration: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

## Instructions for Candidates

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- Attempt five questions in all, including question No.
   which is compulsory.
- 1. (i) Define any five of the following: (5)
  - (a) Tautomeric shift
  - (b) Barr body

(c) Test cross (d) Idiogram (e) Sexduction (f) Chiasma (5)(ii) Fill in the blanks: (a) Genes that affect the viability of organisms are termed as \_\_\_ (b) The sex of Drosophila is when X:A ratio is greater than 1 (c) When a chromosome segment is reversed 180°, it causes \_\_\_\_\_ mutation \_\_\_\_ elements in Drosophila causes hybrid dysgenesis (e) Bacterial cells that are able to take up DNA in the process of naked transformation are known as \_\_\_ cells

gm fruit weight is crossed with a homozygous plant with 50 gm fruit weight. In the  $F_2$  generation of 128 plants, 2 plants have a fruit weight of 20 gm, and 2 plants have fruit weight of 50 gm, and the rest of the plants have fruit weights between 20gm and 50gm.

- (i) On the basis of this data, determine how many genes control the fruit weight.
- (ii) Determine the genotypes and fruit weights of the progeny of a back cross between an F<sub>1</sub> plant and a plant with 50 gm fruit weight.
- 4. (a) Diagrammatically explain the process of bacterial transduction and differentiate between generalized and specialized transduction. (8)
  - (b) Explain the genetic basis of shell coiling in Limnea peregra. (4)
- 5. (a) Discuss sex determination in Drosophila. (6)

- (v) Differentiate between the following pairs
  (any 4):
  - (i) Pleitropic and Polygenic traits
  - (ii) Conservative and Replicative transposition
  - (iii) Nonsense and Missense mutation
  - (iv) Penetrance and Expressivity
  - (v) Auxotroph and Prototroph
- (a) How does epistatic interaction modify the Mendelian dihybrid ratio? Explain with 3 suitable examples.
  - (b) Describe Muller's experiment to demonstrate the role of X-rays as mutagens. (6)
- 3. (a) With a suitable experiment, discuss the cytological basis of crossing over. (5)
  - (b) In a hypothetical plant species, fruit weight is a polygenic character. A homozygous plant, with 20

1054 (any five): (5)	
(iii) Expand the abbreviations (any five): (5)	
(i) PKU	
(ii) SRY	
(iii) ITR	
(iv) RTF	
(v) HAT	
(vi) C1B	
(iv) What are the contributions of the following scientists (any four):	
(i) Barbara Mc Clintock	
(ii) Karpechenko	
(iii) T.H. Morgan	
(iv) Margret Kidwell	
(v) Carl Correns	
P.T.O.	