Unique Paper Code	:	32175912
Name of the Paper	:	Molecules of Life
Name of the Course	:	BSc. (H) Generic Elective: Chemistry
Semester	:	IV
Duration	:	3 Hours
Maximum Marks	:	75

Instructions for the Candidates:

- (a) Write all the particulars as per the instruction on A4 sized blank or rules sheets..
- (b) All other questions shall carry equal marks.
- (c) Attempt 4 questions out of 6 questions.

SET A

- 1. Explain the following:
 - (a) How do you differentiate between reducing and non-reducing sugars? Give examples.
 - (b) How will you synthesis dipeptide Ala-Phe with the help of N-protection group t-butyloxycarbonyl?
 - (c) Draw the structures of the following: (any four)
 - i. Cytidine
 - ii. Uridine
 - iii. ATP
 - iv. α-D-ribose
 - v. α-D-galactopyranose

(6+6.75+6)

- 2. Answer the following questions:
 - (a) What is Iodine number? Calculate the Iodine number of a triglyceride which has the molecular weight of 790 and contains three double bonds. (Molecular weight of Iodine = 127).
 - (b) How to determine the N-terminal of amino acids by using DNFB reagent of poly peptide chain? Explain with suitable example.
 - (c) What are carbohydrates? Give the classification of carbohydrates.

(6+6+6.75)

3. Answer the following:

(a) Complete the following: (Any four blanks)



- (b) Write a short note on denaturation of proteins.
- (c) Explain the conversion of D-glucose to D-arabinose.

(6+6+6.75)

- 4. Explain the following:
 - (a) Differentiate between: (any two)
 - i. Primary and secondary structures of proteins
 - ii. Omega-3 and Omega-6 fatty acids with structures
 - iii. Purines and pyrimidines
 - (b) What are enzyme inhibitors and their significance?
 - (c) What do you mean by the term metabolism? Explain its components.

5. Explain the following:

(a) Draw Fischer and Haworth Projection of β -D-fructofuranose and β -D-glucopyranose.

(b) What is mutarotation? What is its relationship with anomers, explain with mechanism?

(c) Genetic Code

6. Write short notes: *(any three)*

- (a) Isoelectric Point (explain with respect to acidic and basic amino acids)
- (b) Krebs cycle
- (c) Carboxypeptidase enzyme in end group analysis in polypeptide chain
- (d) Trans fats

(6.25x3)