

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

9/12/19M

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper : 7335

J

Unique Paper Code : 42164301

Name of the Paper : Plant Anatomy and Embryology

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Prog.)

Semester : III

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

**Instructions for Candidates**

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
2. Attempt **five** question in all, including question number **1**, which is compulsory.
3. Attempt **all** parts of questions together.
4. Draw well labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

1. (a) Fill in the blanks (attempt any **five**) (1×5=5)

(i) The spongy multiple epidermis found in aerial roots of epiphytes is known as .....

(ii) The Tunica-Corpus theory is proposed by .....

P.T.O.

- (iii) Lateral roots originate from .....
- (iv) Type of collenchyma in which the thickenings are mainly at the angles of the cells is known as .....
- (v) ..... is the fleshy outgrowth of integument at the micropylar region in seed that helps in dispersal and germination.
- (vi) Persistent nucellus in black pepper is known as .....

(b) Define the following (attempt any **five**) ( $1 \times 5 = 5$ )

- (i) Chalazogamy
- (ii) Entomophily
- (iii) Hypostase
- (iv) Obturator
- (v) Lithocyst
- (vi) Rhytidome
- (vii) Fascicular cambium

(c) Match the following (attempt any **five**) ( $1 \times 5 = 5$ )

- (i) Composite endosperm    a) Absence of endosperm
- (ii) Quiescent centre        b) Lorantheae
- (iii) Pollination by water    c) Root

- (iv) Sunken stomata        d) *Zea mays*
- (v) Bulliform cells         e) Korper-kappe theory
- (vi) Schuepp                f) Hydrophily
- (vii) Podostemaceae        g) Xerophyte

2. Write short notes on any **five** of the following :

( $3 \times 5 = 15$ )

- (i) Microgametogenesis
- (ii) Double Fertilisation
- (iii) Apomixis
- (iv) Metcalfe and Chalk's classification of stomata
- (v) Types of Tapetum
- (vi) Sclerenchyma

3. Differentiate between any **three** of the following :

( $3 \times 5 = 15$ )

- (i) Nuclear and Cellular endosperm
- (ii) Monosporic and Tetrasporic embryo sac
- (iii) Sapwood and Heartwood
- (iv) Monocot and Dicot Stem

4. Draw well labelled diagrams of any **three** of the following :

( $5 \times 3 = 15$ )

- (i) T.S. tetrasporangiate anther at tetrad stage
  - (ii) L.S. monocot embryo
  - (iii) T.S. monocot leaf
  - (iv) V.S. *Nerium* leaf
  - (v) L.S. anatropus, bitegmic ovule showing *Polygonum* type of embryo sac
5. (a) Discuss the adaptive features of plants pollinated by wind and water with suitable example. (7.5)
- (b) Describe anatomical adaptations of hydrophytes with suitable examples. (7.5)
6. (a) Describe secondary growth in dicot roots with the help of suitable diagrams. (7.5)
- (b) Define polyembryony and give its classification. (7.5)
7. (a) Describe various types of ovules in angiosperms with help of suitable examples. (7)
- (b) Discuss various theories explaining the organisation of root apex. (3)
- (c) Write a brief essay on the structure and functions of treachery elements. (5)