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[This question paper contains 47 printed pages]

**Your Roll No.** : .....

**S1. No. of Q. Paper** : 9134      **IC**

**Unique Paper Code** : 12271403

**Name of the Course** : **B.A. (Hons.)**  
**Economics - CBCS**  
**Core**

**Name of the Paper** : Introductory  
Econometrics

**Semester** : IV

**Time : 3 Hours**      **Maximum Marks : 75**

**Instructions for Candidates :**

**परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश :**

- (a) Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.

इस प्रश्न-पत्र के प्राप्त होने पर तुरंत शीर्ष पर अपना रोल नंबर लिखें।

- (b) Answer may be written either in **English** or in **Hindi**; but the same medium should be used throughout the paper.

इस प्रश्न-पत्र का उत्तर अंग्रेजी या हिंदी किसी एक भाषा में दीजिए, लेकिन सभी उत्तर एक ही भाषा में होने चाहिए।

P.T.O.

(c) Answer any **five** questions out of **Seven**.

सात में से किन्हीं पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

(d) **All** questions carry equal marks.

सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।

(e) Use of simple non-programmable calculator is allowed. Statistical tables are attached for your reference.

सरल गैरप्रोग्राम कैल्कुलेटर के उपयोग की अनुमति दी जाती है। आपके संदर्भ के लिए सांख्यिकी टेबल प्रश्न-पत्र के अंत में दी गयी है।

1. State whether the following statements are **True** or **False**. Give reasons for your answer.

$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

बताइए कि निम्नलिखित कथन सत्य हैं या असत्य। अपने उत्तर हेतु कारण भी दीजिए।

(a) In a regression model  $\ln Y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 X_i + u_i$ , if  $\hat{\beta}_2$  is multiplied by 100 we obtain the growth rate estimate of  $Y_i$ .

समाश्रयण (regression) मॉडल  $\ln Y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 X_i + u_i$ , में, यदि  $\hat{\beta}_2$  को 100 से गुणा किया जाता है तो हमें  $Y_i$  की वृद्धि दर का आकलन (estimate) प्राप्त होता है।

(b) In regression through origin models the conventionally computed  $r^2$  may not be meaningful.

मूल बिन्दु (origin) से समाश्रयण वाले मॉडलों में परम्परागत रूप से गणित  $r^2$  निर्थक हो सकता है।

(c) In simple regression model  $Y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 X_i + u_i$ , the OLS estimators  $\hat{\beta}_1$  and  $\hat{\beta}_2$  each follow normal distribution only if  $u_i$  follows normal distribution.

सरल समाश्रयण मॉडल  $Y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 X_i + u_i$ , में OLS आकलकों(estimators)  $\hat{\beta}_1$  व  $\hat{\beta}_2$  में से प्रत्येक का बंटन (distribution) प्रसामान्य (normal) तभी होता है यदि  $u_i$  का बंटन प्रसामान्य हो।

(d) P-value of a test statistic is equal to the level of significance.

किसी जाँच प्रतिदर्शज (test statistic) का P-मान सार्थकता स्तर (level of significance) के बराबर होता है।

- (e) If the estimate of slope coefficient in a bivariate regression is zero, the measure of coefficient of determination is also zero.

यदि एक द्वि-चर समाश्रयण में ढाल गुणांक (slope coefficient) का आकलन शून्य हो, तो निर्धारण गुणांक (coefficient of determination) का मान भी शून्य होगा।

2. (a) You have the following information :

आपको निम्नलिखित सूचनाएँ दी गई हैं :

$$\begin{aligned}\sum X &= 1680, \sum Y = 1110, \sum XY = 204200, \\ \sum X^2 &= 315400, \sum Y^2 = 133300, n = 10.\end{aligned}$$

Assume all assumptions of CLRM are fulfilled. Obtain

मान लीजिए कि CLRM की सभी मान्यताएँ सन्तुष्ट होती हैं। निम्नलिखित को ज्ञात कीजिए :

(i)  $\hat{\beta}_1$  and  $\hat{\beta}_2$

$\hat{\beta}_1$  व  $\hat{\beta}_2$

- (ii) Establish 95% interval for the population slope coefficient  $\beta_2$

समष्टि (population) ढाल गुणांक  $\beta_2$  हेतु 95% विश्वास्तयता अन्तराल (confidence interval)

(iii)  $R^2$

- (b) Average score of students in a certain exam are known to be normally distributed with mean value 75 and standard deviation 9. Some coaching classes claim that it is possible to increase the average score of students with an additional use of their study material. It is believed that score with additional study material would remain normally distributed with  $\sigma = 9$ . Let  $\mu$  denote the true average score of students when additional material is used.

यह ज्ञात है कि किसी परीक्षा में विद्यार्थियों के औसत अंकों (score) का बंटन प्रसामान्य है जिसका माध्य (mean) 75 व मानक विचलन (standard deviation) 9 है। कुछ कोचिंग केन्द्रों का दावा है कि उनकी पाठ्य-सामग्री के उपयोग से इन औसत अंकों को बढ़ाया जा सकता है। यह माना जाता है कि अतिरिक्त पाठ्य-सामग्री के साथ अंकों का बंटन प्रसामान्य ही रहेगा जिसका मानक विचलन  $\sigma = 9$  होगा। मान लीजिए कि  $\mu$  अतिरिक्त पाठ्य सामग्री के उपयोग के साथ विद्यार्थियों के वास्तविक अंक (true score) हैं।

- (i) What are the appropriate null and alternative hypothesis ?

उपयुक्त शून्य (null) व वैकल्पिक (alternate) परिकल्पनाएँ (hypotheses) क्या हैं ?

- (ii) Let  $\bar{X}$  denote the sample average score for 25 randomly selected students.

Consider the test procedure with test statistic  $\bar{X}$  and rejection region  $\bar{x} \geq 77.9$ . What is the probability distribution of the statistic when  $H_0$  is true ? What is the probability of Type I error ?

मान लीजिए कि  $\bar{X}$  यादृच्छिक तौर पर (randomly) चयनित 25 विद्यार्थियों के समूह हेतु प्रतिदर्श औसत अंक (sample average score) हैं। जाँच प्रतिदर्शज  $\bar{X}$  व अस्वीकृति-क्षेत्र (rejection region)  $\bar{x} \geq 77.9$  वाली जाँच प्रक्रिया पर विचार कीजिए। यदि  $H_0$  सत्य हो तो प्रतिदर्शज का प्रायिकता बंटन (probability distribution) क्या होगा ? I प्रकार की त्रुटि (error) की प्रायिकता (probability) क्या होगी ?

- (iii) Using the testing procedure in (ii) what is the probability of type II error when in fact  $\mu = 80$  .

(ii) में दी गई जाँच प्रक्रिया की सहायता से बताइए कि II प्रकार की त्रुटि की प्रायिकता क्या होगी यदि वास्तव में  $\mu = 80$ .

- (c) In a regression model,  $Y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 X_i + u_i$ , show that the mean of actual  $Y_i$  is equal to the mean of estimated  $\hat{Y}_i$ . 3

समाश्रयण मॉडल  $Y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 X_i + u_i$ , में दर्शाइए कि वास्तविक  $Y_i$  का माध्य (mean) आकलित  $\hat{Y}_i$  के माध्य के बराबर होता है।

3. (a) Consider the following simple regression model

$$\text{price} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \text{assess} + u$$

where price is the housing price assess and is the assessment of housing prices. The estimated equation is :

निम्नलिखित सरल समाश्रयण मॉडल पर विचार कीजिए

$$\text{price} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \text{assess} + u$$

जहाँ price आवासों की कीमत है तथा assess आवासों की कीमतों का आकलन है। आकलित समीकरण निम्न प्रकार है :

$$\widehat{\text{price}} = -14.47 + 0.976 \text{assess}$$

$$t = (16.27) \quad (0.049)$$

$$n = 88, \text{SSR} = 165644.51, r^2 = 0.820$$

- (i) How will you test the constraints  $\beta_1 = 1$  and  $\beta_0 = 0$  in the above regression if you are given the SSR in the restricted model as 209448.99 ? Conduct the necessary test(s) at 1% level of significance and give your conclusion. 3  
 उपरोक्त समाश्रयण में आप प्रतिबन्धों (restrictions)  $\beta_1 = 1$  व  $\beta_0 = 0$  का परीक्षण किस प्रकार करेंगे यदि आपको दिया हुआ है कि प्रतिबन्धित समाश्रयण (restricted regression) में SSR का मान 209448.99 है ? आवश्यक परीक्षण (परीक्षणों) को 1% सार्थकता स्तर पर कीजिए तथा अपना निष्कर्ष दीजिए।

- (ii) Suppose now that the estimated model is :

अब मान लीजिए कि आकलित मॉडल निम्न प्रकार है :

$$\text{price} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \text{assess} + \beta_2 \text{lotsize} + \beta_3 \text{sqrft} + \beta_4 \text{bdrms} + u$$

where

जहाँ

lotsize = the size of the lot

= समूह का आकार

sqrft = the square footage

= क्षेत्रफल वर्गफुट में

bdrms = the number of bedrooms

= शयनकक्षों की संख्या

The  $R^2$  from estimating this model using the same 88 houses is 0.829. Test at 1% level of significance that all partial slope coefficients are equal to zero. 2

उन्हीं 88 की सहायता से इस मॉडल हेतु  $R^2 = 0.829$  है। 1% सार्थकता स्तर पर इस बात का परीक्षण कीजिए कि सभी आंशिक (partial) ढाल गुणांकों के मान शून्य के बराबर हैं।

- (b) Let  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ , Consider two independent random samples of observations on X. The samples are of size  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  with means  $\bar{X}_1$  and  $\bar{X}_2$  respectively. Two estimators of the population mean are proposed : 4

मान लीजिए  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ , X पर प्रेक्षणों के दो स्वतन्त्र यादृच्छिक (random) प्रतिदर्शी (samples) पर विचार कीजिए। इन प्रतिदर्शी के आकार क्रमशः  $n_1$  व  $n_2$  तथा माध्य  $\bar{X}_1$  व  $\bar{X}_2$  हैं। समष्टि माध्य के दो आकलक (estimators) प्रस्तावित किए जाते हैं :

$$\hat{\mu} = \frac{\bar{X}_1 + \bar{X}_2}{2}, \tilde{\mu} = \frac{n_1 \bar{X}_1 + n_2 \bar{X}_2}{n_1 + n_2}$$

Check whether these estimators are unbiased and calculate their variance.

इन आकलकों की अनभिनतता (unbiasedness) हेतु जाँच कीजिए तथा इनके प्रसरणों (variances) को ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (c) For each of the following pairs of dependent (Y) and independent variables (X), pick the most appropriate functional form. Explain the reason for your answer : 6

निम्नलिखित में से निर्भर (dependent) (Y) व स्वतन्त्र (independent) (X) चरों के प्रत्येक युग्म हेतु, सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त फलनीय रूप (functional form) का चयन कीजिए। अपने उत्तर हेतु कारण समझाइए।

(i)  $Y = \text{demand for food}$   $X = \text{price of food}$

$Y = \text{भोजन की मांग}$   $X = \text{भोजन की कीमत}$

(ii)  $Y = \text{AFC of production}$   $X = \text{output}$

$Y = \text{उत्पादन की AFC}$   $X = \text{उत्पाद}$

(iii)  $Y = \text{Population in India}$   $X = \text{time}$

$Y = \text{भारत में जनसंख्या}$   $X = \text{समय}$

4. (a) In a regression of average wages (W) on the number of employees (N) for a random sample of 30 firms, the following results were obtained : 6

30 फर्मों के एक यादृच्छिक प्रतिदर्श हेतु औसत मजदूरी ( $\bar{W}$ ) के कर्मचारियों की संख्या ( $N$ ) पर समाश्रयण हेतु निम्नलिखित परिणाम प्राप्त हुए :

$$\text{Regression 1: } \bar{W} = 7.5 + 0.009 N$$

समाश्रयण 1:

$$t = (16.10) \quad R^2 = 0.90$$

$$\text{Regression 2 : } \frac{\bar{W}}{N} = 0.008 + 7.8 \frac{1}{N}$$

समाश्रयण 2 :

$$t = (14.43) (76.58) \quad R^2 = 0.99$$

(i) How would you interpret the two regressions ?

आप इन दोनों समाश्रयणों की व्याख्या किस प्रकार करेंगे ?

(ii) What might be the reason for transforming Regression 1 into Regression 2 ? What assumption has been made about the error variance in going from Regression 1 to Regression 2 ?

समाश्रयण 1 को समाश्रयण 2 में रूपान्तरित करने के पीछे क्या कारण हो सकता है ? समाश्रयण 1 से समाश्रयण 2 पर जाने में त्रुटि पद (error term) के प्रसरण के बारे में क्या मान्यता ली गई है ?

(iii) Can you relate the slopes and intercepts of the two models ?

क्या आप इन दो मॉडलों के ढालों (slopes) व अन्तःखण्डों (intercepts) के मध्य सम्बन्ध बता सकते हैं ?

(iv) Can you compare the  $R^2$  of the two models ? Give reasons.

क्या आप इन दो मॉडलों के  $R^2$  की तुलना कर सकते हैं ? कारण दीजिए।

(b) The thickness of the graph paper (measured in GSM) used during examinations should be such that it does not tear off easily while plotting a graph. Let  $\mu$  denote the true average thickness of the new type of graph paper under consideration. The true average thickness of the graph paper should be greater than or equal to 20 GSM for it to be acceptable for all practical uses. A random sample of size  $n$  is drawn from a population with normal distribution. What conclusion is appropriate in each case ?

परीक्षाओं के दौरान उपयोग किए जाने वाले ग्राफ पेपर की मोटाई (GSM में) इतनी होनी चाहिए कि यह ग्राफ बनाते समय आसानी से फटे नहीं। मान लीजिए कि  $\mu$  एक नए प्रकार के विचाराधीन ग्राफ पेपर की वास्तविक (true) औसत मोटाई है। इस पेपर के सभी प्रायोगिक उपयोगों हेतु स्वीकार्य होने हेतु इसकी वास्तविक औसत मोटाई 20 GSM से अधिक या बराबर होना चाहिए। प्रसामान्य बंटन (normal distribution) वाली एक समष्टि से आकार  $n$  का एक यादृच्छिक प्रतिदर्श लिया जाता है। निम्नलिखित में से प्रत्येक स्थिति में क्या निष्कर्ष उपयुक्त है ?

- (i)  $n = 15, t = 3.2, \alpha = .05$
- (ii)  $n = 9, t = 1.8, \alpha = .01$
- (iii)  $n = 24, t = -0.2$

- (c) Suppose that earnings of individuals are dependent on whether they are skilled workers and their work experience over the years.

6

मान लीजिए कि व्यक्तियों की मजदूरी इस बात पर निर्भर करती है कि क्या वे कुशल (skilled) हैं, तथा उनका कार्यानुभव (work experience) कितना है।

- (i) Define dummy variables to capture whether workers are skilled or not. Take workers being unskilled as the reference category.

श्रमिक कुशल हैं या नहीं, इस हेतु मूक चर (dummy variable) परिभाषित कीजिए। अकुशल (unskilled) श्रमिकों को सन्दर्भ श्रेणी (reference category) में लीजिए।

- (ii) Develop a model which is linear in parameters that shows earnings of an individual as a function of work experience and whether they are skilled. Interpret your model.

प्राचलों (parameters) में रेखीय (linear) एक ऐसा मॉडल विकसित कीजिए जो कि व्यक्ति की मजदूरी को कार्यानुभव व क्या वह कुशल है या नहीं, इस बात के फलन के तौर पर दर्शाता है। अपने मॉडल की व्याख्या कीजिए।

- (iii) Now assume that there is an interaction between skill of the workers and their work experience. How would the model in (ii) change. Interpret the new model.

अब मान लीजिए कि इस मॉडल में श्रमिकों के कौशल व उनके कार्यानुभव का एक परस्पर सम्बन्ध व्यक्त करने वाला (interaction) पद भी है। उपरोक्त भाग

- (ii) म आपका मॉडल किस प्रकार परिवर्तित हो जाएगा ? नए मॉडल की व्याख्या कीजिए।

5. (a) The results of a logarithmic regression of demand for food on price and personal disposable income is given as : 5

भोजन की माँग के कीमत व व्यक्तिगत प्रयोज्य आय (personal disposable income) पर एक लघुगणकीय (logarithmic) समाश्रयण के परिणाम निम्न प्रकार हैं :

$$\log Q_t = 2.34 - 0.31 \log P_t + 0.45 \log Y_t + 0.65 \log Q_{t-1}$$

$S_e = (0.05) (0.20) (0.14)$

$n = 50 R^2 = 0.90 d = 1.8$

where  $Q$  = food consumption per capita

जहाँ  $Q$  = प्रति व्यक्ति भोजन का उपभोग

$P$  = food price

$P$  = भोजन की कीमत

$Y$  = real per capita disposable income

$Y$  = वास्तविक प्रति व्यक्ति प्रयोज्य आय

- (i) Just by looking at the estimated regression, do you suspect serial correlation in it ?

क्या इस मॉडल को देखने मात्र से आपको इसमें स्व-सहसम्बन्ध (serial correlation) का संदेह होता है ?

- (ii) Which test do you use to confirm your suspicion and why ?

अपने संदेह की पुष्टि करने हेतु आप कौन-से परीक्षण का उपयोग करेंगे व क्यों ?

- (iii) Outline the steps of the above mentioned test and provide a conclusion on the basis of your calculations.

उपरोक्त परीक्षण के चरणों की रूपरेखा दीजिए तथा अपनी गणनाओं के आधार पर निष्कर्ष दीजिए।

- (b) Suppose you are given the following regression : 5

मान लीजिए कि आपको निम्नलिखित समाश्रयण दिया गया है :

$$Y_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_t + \beta_2 X_t^2 + \mu_t$$

Do you think the model suffers from multicollinearity ? If yes then what are the possible remedies of the problem ?

क्या आपको लगता है कि यह मॉडल बहुसंरेखता (multicollinearity) से ग्रस्त है ? यदि हैं तो इस समस्या के संभव उपचार (remedies) क्या हैं ?

- (c) State and prove the minimum variance property of the slope coefficient in a two variable regression model. 5

एक द्विचर समाश्रण मॉडल में ढाल गुणांक के न्यूनतम प्रसरण गुणधर्म (minimum variance property) को लिखिए व सिद्ध कीजिए।

6. (a) Consider the following models : 5

निम्नलिखित मॉडलों पर विचार कीजिए :

$$\text{Model I : } \ln Y_i^* = \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 \ln X_i^* + u_i^*$$

मॉडल I :

$$\text{Model II : } \ln Y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 \ln X_i + u_i$$

मॉडल II :

where  $Y_i^* = w_1 Y_i$  and  $X_i^* = w_2 X_i$ , the w's being constants.

जहाँ  $Y_i^* = w_1 Y_i$  व  $X_i^* = w_2 X_i$ , दोनों w अचर (constants) हैं।

- (i) Establish the relationships between the two sets of regression coefficients and their standard errors.

समाश्रण गुणांकों व इनकी मानक त्रुटियों के इन दो समूहों के मध्य सम्बन्ध स्थापित कीजिए।

- (ii) Is the  $R^2$  different between the two models ?

क्या इन दो मॉडलों के  $R^2$  भिन्न होंगे ?

- (b) Suppose the CLRM applies to  $Y_i = \beta_2 X_i + \varepsilon_i$ .

मान लीजिए कि  $Y_i = \beta_2 X_i + \varepsilon_i$  पर CLRM लागू होता है।

- (i) Find the slope coefficient in the regression of Y on X

Y के X पर समाश्रयण में ढाल गुणांक ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (ii) Suppose now we have a regression of X on Y,  $X_i = \gamma_2 Y_i + v_i$ . Is slope coefficient of regression on X on Y an inverse of slope of regression of Y on X. 4

अब मान लीजिए कि हमारे पास X का Y पर समाश्रयण,  $X_i = \gamma_2 Y_i + v_i$  है। क्या X के Y पर समाश्रयण में ढाल गुणांक Y के X पर ढाल गुणांक का व्युत्क्रम (inverse) होता है ?

(c) Using data on compensation per employee in thousands of dollars (COMP) and average productivity in thousands of dollars (PROD) for a cross section of 50 firms for the year 1958, the following regression results were obtained (t ratios in parentheses) : 6

50 फर्मों के एक अनुप्रस्थ (cross section) हेतु वर्ष 1958 में प्रति व्यक्ति कर्मचारी वेतन (हजार डॉलरों में) (COMP) व औसत उत्पादकता (हजार डॉलरों में) (PROD) के आँकड़ों की सहायता से निम्नलिखित समाश्रयण परिणाम प्राप्त हुए (कोष्ठकों में t अनुपात हैं) :

$$= 1992.35 + 0.233 \text{PROD}_i$$

$$t = (2.1275) \quad (2.333) \quad R^2 = 0.5891$$

Since the cross-sectional data included heterogeneous units, heteroscedasticity was likely to be present. The Park test was performed and the following results of auxiliary regression were obtained :

चूंकि अनुप्रस्थ आँकड़ों में विजातीय (heterogeneous) इकाइयाँ सम्मिलित थीं, प्रसरण-विषमता (heteroskedasticity) के विद्यमान होने की सम्भावना थी। पार्क का परीक्षण (Park's test) किया गया तथा सहायक (auxiliary) समाश्रयण से निम्नलिखित परिणाम प्राप्त हुए :

$$\widehat{\ln e_i^2} = 35.817 - 2.8099 \text{PROD}_i$$

$$t = (0.934) \quad (-0.667) \quad R^2 = 0.0595$$

(i) Use the result of auxiliary regression to check if the model indeed suffers from heteroscedasticity. Perform the test at 5% level of significance.

सहायक समाश्रयण के परिणामों की सहायता से जाँच कीजिए कि क्या यह मॉडल वास्तव में प्रसरण-विषमता से ग्रस्त है। 5% सार्थकता स्तर पर परीक्षण कीजिए।

(ii) What could be the possible remedies of heteroscedasticity ? 6

प्रसरण-विषमता हेतु क्या सम्भव उपचार हो सकते हैं ?

7. (a) The following model was estimated for United States from 1958 to 1977 : 5

निम्नलिखित मॉडल को 1958 से 1977 हेतु संयुक्त राज्य अमेरिका हेतु आकलित किया गया था :

$$\hat{Y}_t = 10.078 - 10.337 D_t - 17.549 \left( \frac{1}{X_t} \right) +$$

$$38.173 D_t \left( \frac{1}{X_t} \right)$$

$$se = (1.4204) \quad (1.6859) \quad (8.3373) \quad (9.399)$$

$$R^2 = 0.8787$$

where  $Y$  = year-to-year percentage change in the index of hourly earnings

जहाँ  $Y$  = प्रति घण्टा मजदूरी के सूचकांक में वर्ष-दर-वर्ष प्रतिशत परिवर्तन

$X$  = percent unemployment rate

$X$  = प्रतिशत बेरोजगारी की दर

$D = 1$  for 1958-1969

= 0 if otherwise

$D = 1$ , 1958-1969 हेतु

= 0 अन्यथा

- (i) Show the Phillips curve for two periods separately.

दोनों अवधियों हेतु फिलिप्स वक्र को अलग-अलग दर्शाइए।

- (ii) Are differential intercept and slope coefficients statistically significant ? What does this suggest ?

क्या विभेदक (differential) अन्तःखण्ड व ढाल गुणांक सांख्यिकीय तौर पर सार्थक हैं ? यह क्या बताता है ?

- (iii) Interpret the regression.

इस समाश्रयण की व्याख्या कीजिए।

- (b) Two models for Engel expenditure function are estimated. 5

एंजेल व्यय फलन (Engel expenditure function) हेतु दो मॉडल आकलित किए गए हैं।

Model I :  $Y_t = 1087.930 + 0.077 X_t$

मॉडल I :

$t = (25.58) \quad (21.64) \quad R^2 = 0.350 \quad F = 468.645$

$$\text{Model II : } Y_t = 4005.077 + 0.3381/X_t$$

मॉडल II :

$$t = (19.259) (-20.816) R^2 = 0.333 \quad F = 433.310$$

where  $Y_t$  = expenditure on food in rupees

जहाँ  $Y_t$  = भोजन पर व्यय, रुपयों में

= total expenditure in rupees

= कुल व्यय, रुपयों में

- (i) Interpret all coefficient value of the two models.

इन दो मॉडलों के सभी गुणांकों के मानों की व्याख्या कीजिए।

- (ii) Are the sign of the coefficients in the two models contradictory ?

क्या इन दो मॉडलों में गुणांकों के चिन्ह परस्पर विरोधी (contradictory) हैं ?

- (iii) Can we compare the results of the two models ?

क्या हम इन दो मॉडलों के परिणामों की तुलना कर सकते हैं ?

- (iv) Diagrammatically show the sample regression function in the above model.

उपरोक्त मॉडल में प्रतिदर्श समाश्रयण फलन को रेखाचित्र की सहायता से दर्शाइए।

- (c) Consider the following fitted regression model. Standard error is given in parenthesis :

5

निम्नलिखित आकलित समाश्रयण मॉडल पर विचार कीजिए। मानक त्रुटियाँ कोष्ठकों में दी हुई हैं :

$$Y_t = -9.6 + 2.1X_1 + 0.45X_2 \quad R^2 = 0.92$$

$$se = (8.3) \quad (1.98) \quad (1.77)$$

- (i) Do you see any problem with this regression ?

क्या आपको इस समाश्रयण में कोई समस्या नजर आती है ?

(ii) If yes, what is the problem ?

यदि हाँ, तो वह समस्या क्या है ?

(iii) Outline the steps for performing an auxiliary regression to detect the presence of problem in the regression.

इस समाश्रयण में समस्या का पता लगाने हेतु सहायक समाश्रयण करने हेतु प्रयुक्त होने वाले चरणों की रूपरेखा दीजिए।

## Appendix

### STATISTICA TABLES

TABLE I  
LOGARITHMS

	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9										Mean Differences										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	30
10	0000	0043	0086	0129	0170	0212	0253	0294	0334	0374	4	8	12	17	21	25	20	30	34		
11	0414	0453	0492	0531	0569	0607	0645	0682	0719	0756	4	8	11	15	19	23	26	30	34		
12	0792	0828	0864	0899	0934	0969	1004	1038	1072	1106	3	7	10	14	17	21	24	28	31		
13	1139	1173	1206	1239	1271	1303	1335	1367	1399	1430	3	6	10	13	16	19	23	26	29		
14	1461	1492	1523	1553	1584	1614	1644	1678	1702	1732	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27		
15	1701	1790	1813	1847	1875	1903	1931	1959	1987	2014	3	6	8	11	14	17	20	22	25		
16	2081	2058	2095	2122	2148	2175	2201	2227	2253	2279	3	5	8	11	13	16	18	21	24		
17	2304	2330	2355	2380	2405	2430	2455	2480	2504	2529	2	5	7	10	12	15	17	20	22		
18	2582	2577	2601	2625	2648	2672	2695	2718	2742	2765	2	5	7	9	12	14	16	19	21		
19	2786	2810	2833	2856	2878	2900	2923	2945	2967	2989	2	4	7	9	11	13	16	18	20		
20	3010	3032	3054	3075	3096	3118	3139	3160	3181	3201	2	4	6	8	11	13	15	17	19		
21	3222	3243	3263	3284	3304	3324	3345	3365	3385	3404	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18		
22	3423	3444	3464	3483	3502	3522	3541	3560	3579	3598	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	15	17		
23	3611	3636	3656	3671	3692	3711	3729	3747	3766	3784	2	4	6	7	9	11	13	15	17		
24	3802	3830	3858	3874	3892	3909	3927	3945	3962	3980	2	4	5	7	9	11	12	14	16		
25	3979	3997	4014	4031	4048	4065	4082	4099	4116	4133	2	3	5	7	9	10	12	14	15		
26	4150	4166	4183	4200	4216	4232	4249	4265	4281	4298	2	3	5	7	8	10	11	13	15		
27	4231	4250	4266	4282	4298	4313	4329	4345	4360	4376	2	3	5	6	8	9	11	13	14		
28	4372	4487	4502	4518	4533	4548	4564	4579	4594	4609	2	3	5	6	8	9	11	12	14		
29	4650	4659	4664	4669	4683	4698	4713	4728	4742	4757	1	3	4	6	7	9	10	12	13		
30	4771	4786	4800	4814	4829	4843	4857	4871	4886	4900	1	3	4	6	7	9	10	11	13		
31	4918	4928	4942	4955	4968	4983	4997	5011	5028	5038	1	3	4	6	7	8	10	11	12		
32	5051	5065	5079	5092	5105	5119	5132	5145	5159	5172	1	3	4	5	7	8	9	11	12		
33	5184	5193	5211	5224	5237	5259	5263	5276	5289	5302	1	3	4	5	6	8	9	10	12		
34	5215	5326	5340	5353	5366	5378	5391	5403	5416	5428	1	3	4	5	6	8	9	10	11		
35	5441	5453	5465	5478	5490	5502	5514	5527	5539	5551	1	2	4	5	6	7	9	10	11		
36	5563	5575	5587	5599	5611	5623	5635	5647	5658	5670	1	2	4	5	6	7	8	10	11		
37	5682	5694	5705	5717	5729	5740	5752	5763	5775	5786	1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10		
38	5799	5809	5821	5832	5843	5855	5866	5877	5888	5899	1	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	10		
39	5911	5922	5933	5944	5955	5964	5977	5988	5999	6010	1	2	3	4	5	7	8	9	10		
40	6021	6031	6042	6053	6064	6075	6085	6096	6107	6117	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	10		
41	6126	6138	6149	6160	6170	6180	6191	6201	6212	6222	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
42	6232	6243	6253	6263	6274	6284	6294	6304	6314	6325	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
43	6336	6345	6355	6365	6375	6385	6395	6405	6415	6425	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
44	6436	6446	6454	6464	6473	6484	6493	6503	6513	6522	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
45	6532	6542	6551	6561	6571	6580	6590	6599	6609	6618	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
46	6628	6637	6646	6656	6665	6675	6684	6693	6702	6712	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7	8		
47	6721	6730	6739	6749	6758	6767	6776	6785	6794	6803	1	2	3	4	5	5	6	7	8		
48	6812	6821	6830	6839	6848	6857	6866	6875	6884	6893	1	2	3	4	4	5	6	7	8		
49	6902	6911	6920	6928	6937	6946	6955	6964	6972	6981	1	2	3	4	4	5	6	7	8		
50	6994	6998	7007	7016	7024	7033	7042	7050	7059	7067	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	7		
51	7076	7084	7093	7101	7110	7118	7126	7135	7143	7152	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	8		
52	7150	7168	7177	7185	7193	7202	7210	7218	7226	7235	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	7		
53	7243	7261	7259	7267	7274	7284	7292	7300	7308	7316	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	6	7		
54	7324	7332	7340	7348	7356	7364	7372	7380	7388	7396	1	2	2	3	4	5	6	6	7		

	Mean Differences									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
55	7104	7412	7419	7422	7435	7443	7451	7450	7466	7474
56	7482	7490	7497	7505	7513	7520	7528	7536	7543	7551
57	7559	7566	7574	7582	7589	7597	7604	7612	7619	7627
58	7634	7642	7649	7657	7664	7672	7679	7686	7694	7701
59	7709	7716	7723	7731	7738	7745	7752	7760	7767	7774
60	7782	7789	7796	7803	7810	7818	7825	7832	7839	7846
61	7853	7860	7868	7875	7882	7889	7896	7903	7910	7917
62	7924	7931	7938	7945	7952	7959	7966	7973	7980	7987
63	7993	8000	8007	8014	8021	8028	8035	8041	8048	8055
64	8062	8069	8075	8082	8089	8096	8102	8109	8116	8122
65	8129	8136	8142	8149	8156	8162	8169	8176	8182	8189
66	8195	8202	8209	8215	8222	8228	8235	8241	8248	8254
67	8261	8267	8274	8280	8287	8293	8299	8306	8312	8319
68	8325	8331	8338	8344	8351	8357	8363	8370	8376	8382
69	8388	8395	8401	8407	8414	8420	8426	8432	8439	8445
70	8451	8457	8463	8470	8476	8482	8488	8494	8500	8506
71	8513	8519	8525	8531	8537	8548	8549	8555	8561	8567
72	8573	8579	8585	8591	8597	8603	8609	8615	8621	8627
73	8633	8639	8645	8651	8657	8663	8669	8675	8681	8686
74	8692	8698	8704	8710	8716	8722	8727	8733	8739	8745
75	8751	8756	8762	8768	8774	8779	8785	8791	8797	8802
76	8808	8814	8820	8825	8831	8837	8842	8848	8854	8859
77	8865	8871	8876	8882	8887	8893	8899	8904	8910	8915
78	8921	8927	8932	8938	8943	8949	8954	8960	8965	8971
79	8976	8982	8987	8993	8998	9004	9009	9015	9020	9025
80	9031	9036	9042	9047	9053	9058	9063	9069	9074	9079
81	9085	9090	9096	9101	9106	9112	9117	9122	9128	9136
82	9138	9148	9149	9154	9159	9165	9170	9175	9180	9186
83	9191	9196	9201	9206	9212	9217	9222	9228	9234	9240
84	9243	9248	9253	9258	9263	9269	9274	9279	9284	9289
85	9294	9299	9304	9309	9315	9320	9325	9330	9335	9340
86	9345	9350	9355	9360	9365	9370	9375	9380	9385	9390
87	9395	9400	9405	9410	9415	9420	9425	9430	9435	9440
88	9445	9450	9455	9460	9465	9469	9474	9479	9484	9489
89	9494	9499	9504	9509	9513	9518	9523	9528	9533	9538
90	9542	9547	9552	9557	9562	9566	9571	9576	9581	9586
91	9590	9595	9600	9605	9609	9614	9619	9624	9628	9633
92	9638	9642	9647	9652	9657	9661	9666	9671	9675	9680
93	9681	9686	9691	9696	9701	9706	9713	9717	9722	9727
94	9731	9736	9741	9745	9750	9754	9763	9768	9773	9778
95	9777	9782	9786	9791	9795	9800	9805	9809	9814	9818
96	9823	9827	9832	9836	9841	9845	9850	9854	9859	9863
97	9868	9872	9877	9881	9886	9890	9894	9899	9903	9908
98	9912	9917	9921	9926	9930	9934	9938	9943	9948	9952
99	9956	9964	9963	9969	9974	9976	9983	9987	9991	9996

TABLE II  
ANTI-LOGARITHMS

	Mean Differences									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
50	3162	3170	3177	3184	3192	3199	3206	3214	3221	3228
51	3236	3243	3251	3258	3266	3273	3281	3289	3296	3304
52	3311	3319	3327	3334	3342	3350	3357	3365	3373	3381
53	3388	3396	3404	3412	3420	3428	3436	3443	3451	3459
54	3467	3475	3483	3491	3499	3508	3516	3524	3532	3540
55	3546	3558	3565	3572	3581	3589	3597	3600	3614	3622
56	3631	3639	3648	3656	3664	3673	3681	3690	3698	3707
57	3715	3724	3733	3741	3750	3758	3767	3776	3784	3793
58	3802	3811	3819	3828	3837	3846	3855	3864	3873	3882
59	3898	3899	3908	3917	3926	3936	3945	3954	3963	3972
60	3981	3990	3999	4009	4018	4027	4036	4046	4055	4064
61	4074	4083	4093	4102	4111	4128	4176	4140	4150	4159
62	4169	4178	4186	4196	4207	4217	4227	4236	4246	4256
63	4266	4276	4285	4295	4308	4315	4325	4335	4345	4355
64	4355	4375	4385	4388	4403	4416	4426	4436	4446	4457
65	4407	4477	4487	4498	4508	4519	4529	4539	4550	4560
66	4576	4581	4592	4603	4613	4624	4634	4645	4656	4667
67	4677	4686	4699	4710	4721	4732	4742	4753	4764	4775
68	4750	4797	4808	4819	4831	4852	4863	4874	4875	4887
69	4898	4909	4920	4932	4943	4955	4966	4977	4989	5000
70	5012	5023	5035	5047	5058	5070	5082	5093	5105	5117
71	5129	5140	5152	5161	5176	5188	5200	5212	5224	5236
72	5248	5260	5272	5284	5297	5309	5321	5333	5346	5358
73	5370	5383	5395	5408	5420	5433	5445	5458	5470	5483
74	5495	5506	5521	5534	5546	5559	5572	5585	5601	5613
75	5623	5635	5649	5662	5675	5688	5702	5715	5728	5741
76	5754	5768	5781	5794	5808	5821	5834	5848	5861	5875
77	5888	5902	5916	5929	5943	5957	5970	5984	5998	6012
78	6026	6039	6053	6067	6081	6095	6109	6124	6138	6152
79	6166	6180	6194	6209	6225	6237	6252	6266	6281	6295
80	6310	6324	6339	6353	6368	6383	6397	6412	6427	6442
81	6457	6471	6486	6501	6516	6531	6546	6561	6577	6592
82	6607	6622	6637	6653	6668	6683	6699	6714	6730	6745
83	6761	6776	6792	6808	6823	6839	6855	6871	6887	6902
84	6918	6934	6950	6965	6982	6998	7015	7031	7047	7063
85	7079	7096	7112	7129	7145	7161	7178	7194	7211	7228
86	7214	7261	7278	7295	7311	7328	7345	7362	7379	7396
87	7412	7420	7417	7464	7482	7499	7516	7534	7551	7568
88	7580	7603	7620	7638	7656	7674	7691	7709	7727	7745
89	7762	7782	7798	7816	7834	7852	7870	7889	7907	7925
90	7943	7982	7960	7998	8017	8035	8054	8072	8091	8110
91	8128	8147	8166	8185	8204	8222	8241	8260	8279	8290
92	8318	8337	8356	8375	8395	8411	8433	8453	8472	8492
93	8511	8531	8551	8570	8599	8610	8630	8650	8670	8690
94	8716	8720	8750	8770	8790	8810	8831	8851	8872	8892
95	8913	8933	8954	8974	8995	9016	9036	9057	9078	9099
96	9129	9141	9163	9188	9204	9226	9247	9268	9290	9311
97	9233	9354	9376	9397	9415	9441	9482	9484	9496	9538
98	9590	9522	9524	9616	9638	9661	9688	9705	9727	9750
99	9773	9795	9817	9849	9868	9888	9906	9931	9951	9977

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Memo Differences	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
00	1000	1002	1006	1007	1009	1012	1014	1016	1019	1021	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
01	1023	1026	1028	1030	1033	1035	1035	1040	1042	1045	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
02	1047	1050	1052	1054	1057	1059	1062	1064	1067	1069	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
03	1072	1074	1076	1079	1081	1084	1086	1089	1091	1094	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
04	1090	1099	1102	1104	1107	1109	1112	1114	1117	1119	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
05	1122	1125	1127	1130	1132	1135	1138	1140	1148	1146	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
06	1148	1151	1153	1156	1159	1161	1164	1167	1169	1172	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
07	1175	1178	1180	1183	1186	1189	1191	1194	1197	1199	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
08	1202	1205	1208	1211	1213	1216	1219	1222	1225	1227	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
09	1230	1233	1236	1239	1242	1245	1247	1250	1252	1256	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
10	1259	1262	1265	1268	1271	1274	1276	1279	1272	1285	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
11	1288	1291	1294	1297	1300	1303	1306	1309	1312	1315	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
12	1318	1321	1324	1327	1330	1334	1337	1340	1343	1346	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
13	1349	1352	1355	1358	1361	1365	1368	1371	1374	1377	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
14	1386	1387	1390	1393	1396	1400	1403	1406	1409	1409	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
15	1413	1416	1418	1422	1426	1429	1432	1435	1439	1442	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
16	1445	1449	1452	1455	1459	1462	1466	1469	1472	1476	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
17	1470	1483	1486	1489	1493	1496	1500	1503	1507	1510	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
18	1514	1517	1521	1524	1528	1531	1535	1538	1542	1545	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
19	1549	1552	1556	1560	1563	1567	1570	1574	1578	1581	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
20	1585	1589	1592	1596	1600	1603	1607	1611	1614	1618	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
21	1622	1626	1629	1633	1637	1641	1644	1648	1652	1656	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
22	1660	1663	1667	1671	1675	1679	1683	1687	1690	1694	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
23	1698	1702	1705	1710	1714	1718	1722	1726	1730	1734	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
24	1738	1742	1746	1750	1754	1758	1762	1766	1770	1774	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
25	1778	1782	1786	1791	1795	1799	1803	1807	1811	1816	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
26	1820	1824	1825	1832	1837	1841	1845	1849	1854	1858	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
27	1862	1866	1871	1875	1879	1884	1888	1892	1897	1901	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
28	1905	1910	1914	1919	1923	1928	1932	1936	1941	1945	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
29	1950	1954	1959	1963	1968	1972	1977	1982	1986	1991	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
30	1995	2000	2004	2009	2014	2018	2023	2028	2032	2037	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
31	2042	2046	2051	2056	2061	2065	2070	2075	2080	2084	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
32	2089	2094	2099	2104	2109	2113	2118	2123	2128	2133	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
33	2136	2143	2148	2153	2158	2163	2168	2173	2178	2183	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	3
34	2188	2193	2198	2203	2208	2213	2218	2223	2228	2234	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
35	2239	2244	2249	2254	2250	2265	2270	2275	2280	2286	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
36	2291	2296	2301	2307	2312	2317	2323	2328	2323	2339	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
37	2344	2350	2355	2360	2366	2371	2377	2382	2388	2393	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
38	2399	2404	2410	2415	2421	2427	2432	2435	2443	2449	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
39	2455	2460	2466	2472	2477	2483	2489	2495	2500	2506	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
40	2512	2518	2523	2529	2536	2541	2547	2553	2559	2564	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
41	2570	2576	2582	2588	2594	2600	2606	2612	2618	2624	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
42	2630	2636	2642	2649	2655	2661	2667	2673	2679	2685	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	6
43	2692	2704	2710	2716	2723	2729	2785	2742	2748	1	1	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6	
44	2754	2761	2767	2773	2766	2786	2786	2798	2805	2812	1	1	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6
45	2818	2825	2831	2808	2844	2851	2858	2868	2871	2877	1	1	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6
46	2884	2891	2867	2904	2911	2917	2924	2931	2938	2944	1	1	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6
47	2951	2956	2955	2972	2974	2985	2992	2999	3006	3013	1	1	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6
48	3050	3027	3034	3043	3035	3082	3089	3076	3083	3141	1	2	3	4	4	5	5	6	6	6
49	3090	3097	3105	3112	3119	3126	3138	3141	3148	3155	1	1	2	3	4	4	5	5	6	6

4-6 Appendix Tables

Table A.3 Standard Normal Curve Areas

$$\Phi(z) = P(Z \leq z)$$

Standard normal density curve

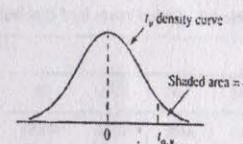
Shaded area =  $\Phi(z)$ 

<i>z</i>	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
-3.4	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0003	.0002
-3.3	.0005	.0005	.0005	.0004	.0004	.0004	.0004	.0004	.0004	.0003
-3.2	.0007	.0007	.0006	.0006	.0006	.0006	.0006	.0006	.0006	.0005
-3.1	.0010	.0009	.0009	.0009	.0008	.0008	.0008	.0008	.0007	.0007
-3.0	.0013	.0013	.0013	.0012	.0012	.0011	.0011	.0011	.0010	.0010
-2.9	.0019	.0018	.0017	.0017	.0016	.0016	.0015	.0015	.0014	.0014
-2.8	.0026	.0025	.0024	.0023	.0022	.0021	.0021	.0020	.0019	.0019
-2.7	.0035	.0034	.0033	.0032	.0031	.0030	.0029	.0028	.0027	.0026
-2.6	.0047	.0045	.0044	.0043	.0041	.0040	.0039	.0038	.0037	.0036
-2.5	.0062	.0060	.0059	.0057	.0055	.0054	.0052	.0051	.0049	.0048
-2.4	.0082	.0080	.0078	.0075	.0073	.0071	.0069	.0068	.0066	.0064
-2.3	.0107	.0104	.0102	.0099	.0094	.0091	.0089	.0087	.0084	.0083
-2.2	.0139	.0136	.0132	.0129	.0125	.0122	.0119	.0116	.0113	.0110
-2.1	.0179	.0174	.0170	.0166	.0162	.0158	.0154	.0150	.0146	.0143
-2.0	.0228	.0222	.0217	.0212	.0207	.0202	.0197	.0192	.0188	.0183
-1.9	.0287	.0281	.0274	.0268	.0262	.0256	.0250	.0244	.0239	.0233
-1.8	.0359	.0352	.0344	.0336	.0329	.0322	.0314	.0307	.0301	.0294
-1.7	.0446	.0436	.0427	.0418	.0409	.0401	.0392	.0384	.0375	.036

Table A.3 Standard Normal Curve Areas (cont.)

<i>z</i>	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09	$\Phi(z) = P(Z \leq z)$
0.0	.5000	.5040	.5080	.5120	.5160	.5199	.5239	.5279	.5319	.5359	
0.1	.5398	.5438	.5478	.5517	.5557	.5596	.5636	.5675	.5714	.5753	
0.2	.5793	.5832	.5871	.5910	.5948	.5987	.6026	.6064	.6103	.6141	
0.3	.6179	.6217	.6255	.6293	.6331	.6368	.6406	.6443	.6480	.6517	
0.4	.6554	.6591	.6628	.6664	.6700	.6736	.6772	.6808	.6844	.6879	
0.5	.6915	.6950	.6985	.7019	.7054	.7088	.7123	.7157	.7190	.7224	
0.6	.7257	.7291	.7324	.7357	.7389	.7422	.7454	.7486	.7517	.7549	
0.7	.7580	.7611	.7642	.7673	.7704	.7734	.7764	.7794	.7823	.7852	
0.8	.7881	.7910	.7939	.7967	.7995	.8023	.8051	.8078	.8106	.8133	
0.9	.8159	.8186	.8212	.8238	.8264	.8289	.8315	.8340	.8365	.8389	
1.0	.8413	.8438	.8461	.8485	.8508	.8531	.8554	.8577	.8599	.8621	
1.1	.8643	.8665	.8686	.8708	.8729	.8749	.8770	.8790	.8810	.8830	
1.2	.8849	.8869	.8888	.8907	.8925	.8944	.8962	.8980	.8997	.9015	
1.3	.9032	.9049	.9066	.9082	.9099	.9115	.9131	.9147	.9162	.9177	
1.4	.9192	.9207	.9222	.9236	.9251	.9265	.9278	.9292	.9306	.9319	
1.5	.9332	.9345	.9357	.9370	.9382	.9394	.9406	.9418	.9429	.9441	
1.6	.9452	.9463	.9474	.9484	.9495	.9505	.9515	.9525	.9535	.9545	
1.7	.9554	.9564	.9573	.9573	.9582	.9591	.9599	.9608	.9616	.9625	.9633
1.8	.9641	.9649	.9656	.9664	.9671	.9678	.9686	.9693	.9699	.9706	
1.9	.9713	.9719	.9726	.9732	.9738	.9744	.9750	.9756	.9761	.9767	
2.0	.9772	.9778	.9783	.9788	.9793	.9798	.9803	.9808	.9812	.9817	
2.1	.9821	.9826	.9830	.9834	.9838	.9842	.9846	.9850	.9854	.9857	
2.2	.9861	.9864	.9868	.9871	.9875	.9878	.9881	.9884	.9887	.9890	
2.3	.9893	.9896	.9898	.9901	.9904	.9906	.9909	.9911	.9913	.9916	
2.4	.9918	.9920	.9922	.9925	.9927	.9929	.9931	.9932	.9934	.9936	
2.5	.9938	.9940	.9941	.9943	.9945	.9946	.9948	.9949	.9951	.9952	
2.6	.9953	.9955	.9956	.9957	.9959	.9960	.9961	.9962	.9963	.9964	
2.7	.9965	.9966	.9967	.9968	.9969	.9970	.9971	.9972	.9973	.9974	
2.8	.9974	.9975	.9976	.9977	.9977	.9978	.9979	.9979	.9980	.9981	
2.9	.9981	.9982	.9982	.9983	.9984	.9984	.9985	.9985	.9986	.9986	
3.0	.9987	.9987	.9987	.9988	.9988	.9989	.9989	.9989	.9990	.9990	
3.1	.9990	.9991	.9991	.9991	.9992	.9992	.9992	.9992	.9993	.9993	
3.2	.9993	.9993	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9995	.9995	.9995	
3.3	.9995	.9995	.9995	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9997	.9997	
3.4	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9998	

Table A.5 Critical Values for t Distributions



<i>v</i>	$\alpha$						
	.10	.05	.025	.01	.005	.001	.0005
1	3.078	6.314	12.706	31.821	63.657	318.31	636.62
2	1.886	2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925	22.326	31.598
3	1.638	2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841	10.213	12.924
4	1.533	2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604	7.173	8.610
5	1.476	2.015	2.571	3.365	4.032	5.893	6.869
6	1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707	5.208	5.959
7	1.415	1.895	2.365	2.998	3.499	4.785	5.408
8	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.896	3.355	4.501	5.041
9	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.821	3.250	4.297	4.781
10	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169	4.144	4.587
11	1.363	1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106	4.025	4.437
12	1.356	1.782	2.179	2.681	3.055	3.930	4.318
13	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.650	3.012	3.852	4.221
14	1.345	1.761	2.145	2.624	2.977	3.787	4.140
15	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.602	2.947	3.733	4.073
16	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921	3.686	4.015
17	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898	3.646	3.965
18	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878	3.610	3.922
19	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.539	2.861	3.579	3.883
20	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845	3.552	3.850
21	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831	3.527	3.819
22	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819	3.505	3.792
23	1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807	3.485	3.767
24	1.318	1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797	3.467	3.745
25	1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787	3.450	3.725
26	1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779	3.435	3.707
27	1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771	3.421	3.690
28	1.313	1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763	3.408	3.674
29	1.311	1.699	2.045	2.462	2.756	3.396	3.659
30	1.310	1.697	2.042	2.457	2.750	3.385	3.646
32	1.309	1.694	2.037	2.449	2.738	3.365	3.622
34	1.307	1.691	2.032	2.441	2.728	3.348	3.601
36	1.306	1.688	2.028	2.434	2.719	3.333	3.582
38	1.304	1.686	2.024	2.429	2.712	3.319	3.566
40	1.303	1.684	2.021	2.423	2.704	3.307	3.551
50	1.299	1.676	2.009	2.403	2.678	3.262	3.496
60	1.296	1.671	2.000	2.390	2.660	3.232	3.460
120	1.289	1.658	1.980	2.358	2.617	3.160	3.373
$\infty$	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576	3.090	3.291

Table A.9 Critical Values for F Distributions

		$\nu_1 = \text{numerator df}$									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
$a$		.100	39.86	49.50	53.59	55.83	57.24	58.20	58.91	59.44	59.86
1	.050	161.45	199.50	215.71	224.58	230.16	233.99	236.77	238.88	240.54	
	.010	4052.20	4999.50	5403.40	5624.60	5763.60	5859.00	5928.40	5981.10	6022.50	
	.001	405284	500.000	540.379	562.500	576.405	585.937	592.873	598.144	602.284	
	.100	8.53	9.00	9.16	9.24	9.29	9.33	9.35	9.37	9.38	
2	.050	18.51	19.00	19.16	19.25	19.30	19.33	19.35	19.37	19.38	
	.010	98.50	99.00	99.17	99.25	99.30	99.33	99.36	99.37	99.39	
	.001	998.50	999.00	999.17	999.25	999.30	999.33	999.36	999.37	999.39	
	.100	5.54	5.46	5.39	5.34	5.31	5.28	5.27	5.25	5.24	
3	.050	10.13	9.55	9.28	9.12	9.01	8.94	8.89	8.85	8.81	
	.010	34.12	30.82	29.46	28.71	28.24	27.91	27.67	27.49	27.35	
	.001	167.03	148.50	141.11	137.10	134.58	132.85	131.58	130.62	129.86	
	.100	4.54	4.32	4.19	4.11	4.05	4.01	3.98	3.95	3.94	
4	.050	7.71	6.94	6.59	6.39	6.26	6.16	6.09	6.04	6.00	
	.010	21.20	18.00	16.69	15.98	15.52	15.21	14.98	14.80	14.66	
	.001	74.14	61.25	56.18	53.44	51.71	50.53	49.66	49.00	48.47	
	.100	4.06	3.78	3.62	3.52	3.45	3.40	3.37	3.34	3.32	
5	.050	6.61	5.79	5.41	5.19	5.05	4.95	4.88	4.82	4.77	
	.010	16.26	13.27	12.06	11.39	10.97	10.67	10.46	10.29	10.16	
	.001	47.18	37.12	33.20	31.09	29.75	28.83	28.16	27.65	27.24	
	.100	3.78	3.46	3.29	3.18	3.11	3.05	3.01	2.98	2.96	
6	.050	5.99	5.14	4.76	4.53	4.39	4.28	4.21	4.15	4.10	
	.010	13.75	10.92	9.78	9.15	8.75	8.47	8.26	8.10	7.98	
	.001	35.51	27.00	23.70	21.92	20.80	20.03	19.46	19.03	18.09	
	.100	3.59	3.26	3.07	2.96	2.88	2.83	2.78	2.75	2.72	
7	.050	5.59	4.74	4.35	4.12	3.97	3.87	3.79	3.73	3.68	
	.010	12.25	9.55	8.45	7.85	7.46	7.19	6.99	6.84	6.72	
	.001	29.25	21.69	18.77	17.20	16.21	15.52	15.02	14.63	14.33	
	.100	3.46	3.11	2.92	2.81	2.73	2.67	2.62	2.59	2.56	
8	.050	5.32	4.46	4.07	3.84	3.69	3.58	3.50	3.44	3.39	
	.010	11.26	8.65	7.59	7.01	6.63	6.37	6.18	6.03	5.91	
	.001	25.41	18.49	15.83	14.39	13.48	12.86	12.40	12.05	11.77	
	.100	3.36	3.01	2.81	2.69	2.61	2.55	2.51	2.47	2.44	
9	.050	5.12	4.26	3.86	3.63	3.48	3.37	3.29	3.23	3.18	
	.010	10.56	8.02	6.99	6.42	6.06	5.80	5.61	5.47	5.35	
	.001	22.86	16.39	13.90	12.56	11.71	11.13	10.70	10.37	10.11	
	.100	3.29	2.92	2.73	2.61	2.52	2.46	2.41	2.38	2.35	
10	.050	4.96	4.10	3.71	3.48	3.33	3.22	3.14	3.07	3.02	
	.010	10.04	7.56	6.55	5.99	5.64	5.39	5.20	5.06	4.94	
	.001	21.04	14.91	12.55	11.28	10.48	9.93	9.52	9.20	8.96	
	.100	3.23	2.86	2.66	2.54	2.45	2.39	2.34	2.30	2.27	
11	.050	4.84	3.98	3.59	3.36	3.20	3.09	3.01	2.95	2.90	
	.010	9.65	7.21	6.22	5.67	5.32	5.07	4.84	4.63	4.53	
	.001	19.69	13.81	11.56	10.35	9.58	9.05	8.66	8.35	8.12	
	.100	3.18	2.81	2.61	2.48	2.39	2.33	2.28	2.24	2.21	
12	.050	4.75	3.89	3.49	3.26	3.11	3.00	2.91	2.85	2.80	
	.010	9.33	6.93	5.95	5.41	5.06	4.82	4.64	4.50	4.39	
	.001	18.64	12.97	10.80	9.63	8.89	8.38	8.00	7.71	7.48	

(continued)

Table A.9 Critical Values for F Distributions (cont.)

		$\nu_1 = \text{numerator df}$										
		10	12	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	120	1000
		60.19	60.71	61.22	61.74	62.05	62.26	62.53	62.69	62.79	63.06	63.30
		241.88	243.91	245.95	248.01	249.26	250.10	251.14	251.77	252.20	253.25	254.19
		6055.80	6106.30	6157.30	6208.70	6239.80	6260.60	6285.80	6302.50	6313.00	6339.40	6362.70
		605,621	610,668	615,764	620,908	624,017	626,099	628,712	630,285	631,337	633,972	636,301
		9.39	9.41	9.42	9.44	9.45	9.46	9.47	9.47	9.48	9.48	9.49
		19.40	19.41	19.43	19.45	19.46	19.47	19.47	19.48	19.48	19.49	19.49
		99.40	99.42	99.43	99.45	99.46	99.47	99.47	99.48	99.48	99.49	99.50
		999.40	999.42	999.43	999.45	999.46	999.47	999.47	999.48	999.48	999.49	999.50
		5.23	5.22	5.20	5.18	5.17	5.17	5.16	5.15	5.15	5.14	5.13
		8.79	8.74	8.70	8.66	8.63	8.62	8.59	8.58	8.57	8.55	8.53
		27.23	27.05	26.87	26.69	26.58	26.50	26.41	26.35	26.32	26.22	26.14
		129.25	128.32	127.37	126.42	125.84	125.45	124.96	124.46	124.47	123.97	123.53
		3.92	3.90	3.87	3.84	3.83	3.82	3.80	3.79	3.78	3.76	3.76
		5.96	5.91	5.86	5.80	5.77	5.75	5.72	5.70	5.69	5.66	5.63
		14.55	14.37	14.20	14.02	13.91	13.84	13.75	13.69	13.65	13.56	13.47
		48.05	47.41	46.76	46.10	45.70	45.43	45.09	44.88	44.75	44.40	44.09
		3.30	3.27	3.24	3.21	3.19	3.17	3.16	3.15	3.14	3.12	3.11
		4.74	4.68	4.62	4.56	4.52	4.50	4.46	4.44	4.43	4.40	4.37
		10.05	9.89	9.72	9.55	9.45	9.38	9.29	9.24	9.20	9.11	9.03
		26.92	26.42	25.91	25.39	25.08	24.87	24.60	24.44	24.33	24.06	23.82
		2.94	2.90	2.87	2.84	2.81	2.78	2.77	2.76	2.74	2.72	2.72
		4.06	4.00	3.94	3.87	3.83	3.81	3.77	3.74	3.70	3.67	3.67
		7.87	7.72	7.56	7.40	7.30	7.23	7.14	7.09	7.06	6.97	6.89
		18.41	17.99	17.56	17.12	16.85	16.67	16.44	16.31	16.21	15.98	15.77
		2.70	2.67	2.63	2.59	2.57	2.56	2.54	2.52	2.51	2.49	2.47
		3.64	3.57	3.51	3.44	3.40	3.38	3.34	3.32	3.30	3.27	3.23
		6.62	6.47	6.31	6.16	6.06	5.99	5.91	5.86	5.74	5.66	5.63
		14.08	13.71	13.32	12.93	12.69	12.53	12.33	12.20	12.12	11.91	11.72
		2.54	2.50	2.46	2.42	2.40	2.38	2.36	2.35	2.34	2.32	2.30
		3.35	3.28	3.22	3.15	3.11	3.08	3.04	3.02	3.01	2.97	2.93
		5.81	5.67	5.52	5.36	5.26	5.20	5.12	5.07	5.03	4.95	4.87
		11.54	11.19	10.84	10.48	10.26	10.11	9.92	9.80	9.73	9.53	9.36
		2.42	2.38	2.34	2.30	2.27	2.25	2.23	2.22	2.21	2.18	2.16
		3.14	3.07	3.01	2.94	2.89	2.86	2.83	2.80	2.79	2.75	2.71
		4.85	4.71	4.56	4.41	4.31	4.25	4.17	4.12	4.08	4.00	3.92
		8.75	8.45	8.13	7.80	7.60	7.47	7.30	7.19	7.12	6.94	6.78
		2.25	2.21	2.17	2.12	2.10	2.08	2.05	2.04	2.03	2.00	1.98
		2.85	2.79	2.72	2.65	2.60</						

Table A.9 Critical Values for F Distributions (cont.)

$\nu_2$ = denominator df	$\alpha$	$\nu_1$ = numerator df								
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
13	.100	3.14	2.76	2.56	2.43	2.35	2.28	2.23	2.20	2.16
	.050	4.67	3.81	3.41	3.18	3.03	2.92	2.83	2.77	2.71
	.010	9.07	6.70	5.74	5.21	4.86	4.62	4.44	4.30	4.19
	.001	17.82	12.31	10.21	9.07	8.35	7.86	7.49	7.21	6.98
14	.100	3.10	2.73	2.52	2.39	2.31	2.24	2.19	2.15	2.12
	.050	4.60	3.74	3.34	3.11	2.96	2.85	2.76	2.70	2.65
	.010	8.86	6.51	5.56	5.04	4.69	4.46	4.28	4.14	4.03
	.001	17.14	11.78	9.73	8.62	7.92	7.44	7.08	6.80	6.58
15	.100	3.07	2.70	2.49	2.36	2.27	2.21	2.16	2.12	2.09
	.050	4.54	3.68	3.29	3.06	2.90	2.79	2.71	2.64	2.59
	.010	8.68	6.36	5.42	4.89	4.56	4.32	4.14	4.00	3.89
	.001	16.59	11.34	9.34	8.25	7.57	7.09	6.74	6.47	6.26
16	.100	3.05	2.67	2.46	2.33	2.24	2.18	2.13	2.09	2.06
	.050	4.49	3.63	3.24	3.01	2.85	2.74	2.66	2.59	2.54
	.010	8.53	6.23	5.29	4.77	4.44	4.20	4.03	3.89	3.78
	.001	16.12	10.97	9.01	7.94	7.27	6.80	6.46	6.19	5.98
17	.100	3.03	2.64	2.44	2.31	2.22	2.15	2.10	2.06	2.03
	.050	4.45	3.59	3.20	2.96	2.81	2.70	2.61	2.55	2.49
	.010	8.40	6.11	5.19	4.67	4.34	4.10	3.93	3.79	3.68
	.001	15.72	10.66	8.73	7.68	7.02	6.56	6.22	5.96	5.75
18	.100	3.01	2.62	2.42	2.29	2.20	2.13	2.08	2.04	2.00
	.050	4.41	3.55	3.16	2.93	2.77	2.66	2.58	2.51	2.46
	.010	8.29	6.01	5.09	4.58	4.25	4.01	3.84	3.71	3.60
	.001	15.38	10.39	8.49	7.46	6.81	6.35	6.02	5.76	5.56
19	.100	2.99	2.61	2.40	2.27	2.18	2.11	2.06	2.02	1.98
	.050	4.38	3.52	3.13	2.90	2.74	2.63	2.54	2.48	2.42
	.010	8.18	5.93	5.01	4.50	4.17	3.94	3.77	3.63	3.52
	.001	15.08	10.16	8.28	7.27	6.62	6.18	5.85	5.59	5.39
20	.100	2.97	2.59	2.38	2.25	2.16	2.09	2.04	2.00	1.96
	.050	4.35	3.49	3.10	2.87	2.71	2.60	2.51	2.45	2.39
	.010	8.10	5.85	4.94	4.43	4.10	3.87	3.70	3.56	3.46
	.001	14.82	9.95	8.10	7.10	6.46	6.02	5.69	5.44	5.24
21	.100	2.96	2.57	2.36	2.23	2.14	2.08	2.02	1.98	1.95
	.050	4.32	3.47	3.07	2.84	2.68	2.57	2.49	2.42	2.37
	.010	8.02	5.78	4.87	4.37	4.04	3.81	3.64	3.51	3.40
	.001	14.59	9.77	7.94	6.95	6.32	5.88	5.56	5.31	5.11
22	.100	2.95	2.56	2.35	2.22	2.13	2.06	2.01	1.97	1.93
	.050	4.30	3.44	3.05	2.82	2.66	2.55	2.46	2.40	2.34
	.010	7.95	5.72	4.82	4.31	3.99	3.76	3.59	3.45	3.35
	.001	14.38	9.61	7.80	6.81	6.19	5.76	5.44	5.19	4.99
23	.100	2.94	2.55	2.34	2.21	2.11	2.05	1.99	1.95	1.91
	.050	4.28	3.42	3.03	2.80	2.64	2.53	2.44	2.37	2.32
	.010	7.88	5.66	4.76	4.26	3.94	3.71	3.54	3.41	3.30
	.001	14.20	9.47	7.67	6.70	6.08	5.65	5.33	5.09	4.89
24	.100	2.93	2.54	2.33	2.19	2.10	2.04	1.98	1.94	1.91
	.050	4.26	3.40	3.01	2.78	2.62	2.51	2.42	2.36	2.30
	.010	7.82	5.61	4.72	4.22	3.90	3.67	3.50	3.36	3.26
	.001	14.03	9.34	7.55	6.59	5.98	5.55	5.23	4.99	4.80

(continued)

Table A.9 Critical Values for F Distributions (cont.)

$\nu_2$ = denominator df	$\alpha$	$\nu_1$ = numerator df									
		10	12	15	20	25	30	40	50	120	1000
	.100	2.14	2.10	2.05	2.01	1.98	1.96	1.93	1.92	1.90	1.88
	.050	2.67	2.60	2.53	2.46	2.41	2.38	2.34	2.31	2.30	2.25
	.010	4.10	3.96	3.82	3.66	3.57	3.51	3.43	3.38	3.34	3.18
	.001	6.80	6.52	6.23	5.93	5.75	5.63	5.47	5.37	5.30	5.14
	.100	2.10	2.05	2.01	1.96	1.93	1.91	1.89	1.87	1.86	1.83
	.050	2.60	2.53	2.46	2.39	2.34	2.31	2.27	2.24	2.22	2.18
	.010	3.94	3.80	3.66	3.51	3.41	3.35	3.27	3.22	3.18	3.09
	.001	6.40	6.13	5.85	5.56	5.38	5.25	5.10	5.00	4.94	4.77
	.100	2.06	2.02	1.97	1.92	1.89	1.87	1.85	1.83	1.82	1.79
	.050	2.54	2.48	2.40	2.33	2.28	2.25	2.20	2.18	2.16	2.07
	.010	3.80	3.67	3.52	3.37	3.28	3.21	3.13	3.08	3.05	2.96
	.001	6.08	5.81	5.54	5.25	5.07	4.95	4.80	4.70	4.64	4.47
	.100	2.03	1.99	1.94	1.89	1.86	1.84	1.81	1.79	1.78	1.75
	.050	2.49	2.42	2.35	2.28	2.23	2.19	2.15	2.12	2.11	2.06
	.010	3.69	3.55	3.41	3.26	3.16	3.10	3.02	2.97	2.93	2.84
	.001	5.81	5.55	5.27	4.99	4.82	4.70	4.54	4.45	4.39	4.08
	.100	2.00	1.96	1.91	1.86	1.83	1.81	1.78	1.76	1.75	1.72
	.050	2.45	2.38	2.31	2.23	2.18	2.15	2.10	2.08	2.06	2.01
	.010	3.59	3.46	3.31	3.16	3.07	3.00	2.92	2.87	2.83	2.75
	.001	5.58	5.32	5.05	4.78	4.60	4.48	4.33	4.24	4.18	4.02
	.100	1.98	1.93	1.89	1.84	1.80	1.78	1.75	1.74	1.72	1.69
	.050	2.41	2.34	2.27	2.19	2.14	2.11	2.06	2.04	2.02	1.97
	.010	3.51	3.37	3.23	3.08	2.98	2.92	2.84	2.78	2.75	2.66
	.001	5.39	5.13	4.87	4.59	4.42	4.30	4.15	4.06	4.00	3.84
	.100	1.96	1.91	1.86	1.81	1.78	1.76	1.73	1.71	1.70	1.67
	.050	2.38	2.31	2.23	2.16	2.11	2.07	2.03	2.00	1.98	1.93
	.010	3.43	3.30	3.15	3.00	2.91	2.84	2.76	2.71	2.67	2.58
	.001	5.22	4.97	4.70	4.43	4.26	4.14	3.99	3.90	3.84	3.53
	.100	1.94	1.89	1.84	1.79	1.76	1.74	1.71	1.69	1.68	1.61
	.050	2.35	2.28	2.20	2.12	2.07	2.04	1.99	1.97	1.95	1.90
	.010	3.37	3.23	3.09	2.94	2.84	2.78	2.69	2.64	2.61	2.52
	.001	5.08	4.82	4.56	4.29	4.12	4.00	3.86	3.77	3.70	3.54
	.100	1.92	1.87	1.83	1.78	1.74	1.72	1.69	1.67	1.66	1.62
	.050	2.32	2.25	2.18	2.10	2.05	2.01	1.96	1.94	1.92	1.87
	.010	3.31	3.17	3.03	2.88	2.79	2.72	2.64	2.58	2.55	2.46
	.001	4.95	4.70	4.44	4.17	4.00	3.88	3.74	3.64	3.58	3.42
	.100	1.90	1.86	1.81	1.76	1.73	1.70	1.67	1.65	1.64	1.60
	.050	2.30	2.23	2.15	2.07	2.02	1.98	1.94	1.91	1.89	1.84
	.010	3.26	3.12	2.98	2.83	2.73	2.67	2.58	2.53	2.50	2.40
	.001	4.83	4.58	4.33	4.06	3.89	3.78	3.63	3.54	3.48	3.32
	.100	1.89	1.84	1.80	1.74	1.71	1.69	1.66	1.64	1.62	1.55
	.050	2.27	2.20	2.13	2.05	2.00	1.96	1.91	1.88	1.86	1.81
	.010	3.21	3.07	2.93	2.78	2.69	2.62	2.54	2.48	2.45	2.35
	.001	4.73	4.48	4.23	3.96	3.79	3.68	3.53	3.44	3.38	3.22

Table A.9 Critical Values for F Distributions (cont.)

		$\nu_1 = \text{numerator df}$								
	$\alpha$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
25	.100	2.92	2.53	2.32	2.18	2.09	2.02	1.97	1.93	1.89
	.050	4.24	3.39	2.99	2.76	2.60	2.49	2.40	2.34	2.28
	.010	7.77	5.57	4.68	4.18	3.85	3.63	3.46	3.32	3.22
	.001	13.88	9.22	7.45	6.49	5.89	5.46	5.15	4.91	4.71
26	.100	2.91	2.52	2.31	2.17	2.08	2.01	1.96	1.92	1.88
	.050	4.23	3.37	2.98	2.74	2.59	2.47	2.39	2.32	2.27
	.010	7.72	5.53	4.64	4.14	3.82	3.59	3.42	3.29	3.18
	.001	13.74	9.12	7.36	6.41	5.80	5.38	5.07	4.83	4.64
27	.100	2.90	2.51	2.30	2.17	2.07	2.00	1.95	1.91	1.87
	.050	4.21	3.35	2.96	2.73	2.57	2.46	2.37	2.31	2.25
	.010	7.68	5.49	4.60	4.11	3.78	3.56	3.39	3.26	3.15
	.001	13.61	9.02	7.27	6.33	5.73	5.31	5.00	4.76	4.57
28	.100	2.89	2.50	2.29	2.16	2.06	2.00	1.94	1.90	1.87
	.050	4.20	3.34	2.95	2.71	2.56	2.45	2.36	2.29	2.24
	.010	7.64	5.45	4.57	4.07	3.75	3.53	3.36	3.23	3.12
	.001	13.50	8.93	7.19	6.25	5.66	5.24	4.93	4.69	4.50
29	.100	2.89	2.50	2.28	2.15	2.06	1.99	1.93	1.89	1.86
	.050	4.18	3.33	2.93	2.70	2.55	2.43	2.35	2.28	2.22
	.010	7.60	5.42	4.54	4.04	3.73	3.50	3.33	3.20	3.09
	.001	13.39	8.85	7.12	6.19	5.59	5.18	4.87	4.64	4.45
30	.100	2.88	2.49	2.28	2.14	2.05	1.98	1.93	1.88	1.85
	.050	4.17	3.32	2.92	2.69	2.53	2.42	2.33	2.27	2.21
	.010	7.56	5.39	4.51	4.02	3.70	3.47	3.30	3.17	3.07
	.001	13.29	8.77	7.05	6.12	5.53	5.12	4.82	4.58	4.39
40	.100	2.84	2.44	2.23	2.09	2.00	1.93	1.87	1.83	1.79
	.050	4.08	3.23	2.84	2.61	2.45	2.34	2.25	2.18	2.12
	.010	7.31	5.18	4.31	3.83	3.51	3.29	3.12	2.99	2.89
	.001	12.61	8.25	6.59	5.70	5.13	4.73	4.44	4.21	4.02
50	.100	2.81	2.41	2.20	2.06	1.97	1.90	1.84	1.80	1.76
	.050	4.03	3.18	2.79	2.56	2.40	2.29	2.20	2.13	2.07
	.010	7.17	5.06	4.20	3.72	3.41	3.19	3.02	2.89	2.78
	.001	12.22	7.96	6.34	5.46	4.90	4.51	4.22	4.00	3.82
60	.100	2.79	2.39	2.18	2.04	1.95	1.87	1.82	1.77	1.74
	.050	4.00	3.15	2.76	2.53	2.37	2.25	2.17	2.10	2.04
	.010	7.08	4.98	4.13	3.65	3.34	3.12	2.99	2.82	2.72
	.001	11.97	7.77	6.17	5.31	4.76	4.37	4.09	3.86	3.69
100	.100	2.76	2.36	2.14	2.00	1.91	1.83	1.78	1.73	1.69
	.050	3.94	3.09	2.70	2.46	2.31	2.19	2.10	2.03	1.97
	.010	6.90	4.82	3.98	3.51	3.21	2.99	2.82	2.69	2.59
	.001	11.50	7.41	5.86	5.02	4.48	4.11	3.83	3.61	3.44
200	.100	2.73	2.33	2.11	1.97	1.88	1.80	1.75	1.70	1.66
	.050	3.89	3.04	2.65	2.42	2.26	2.14	2.06	1.98	1.93
	.010	6.76	4.71	3.88	3.41	3.11	2.89	2.73	2.60	2.50
	.001	11.15	7.15	5.63	4.81	4.29	3.92	3.65	3.43	3.26
1000	.100	2.71	2.31	2.09	1.95	1.85	1.78	1.72	1.68	1.64
	.050	3.85	3.00	2.61	2.38	2.22	2.11	2.02	1.95	1.89
	.010	6.66	4.63	3.80	3.34	3.04	2.82	2.66	2.53	2.43
	.001	10.89	6.96	5.46	4.65	4.14	3.78	3.51	3.30	3.13

(continued)

Table A.9 Critical Values for F Distributions (cont.)

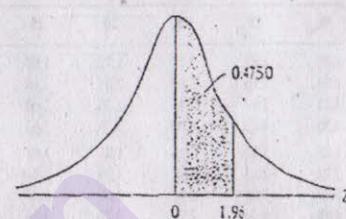
		$\nu_1 = \text{numerator df}$										
		10	12	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	120	1000
		1.87	1.82	1.77	1.72	1.68	1.66	1.63	1.61	1.59	1.56	1.52
		2.24	2.16	2.09	2.01	1.96	1.92	1.87	1.84	1.82	1.77	1.72
		3.13	2.99	2.85	2.70	2.60	2.54	2.45	2.40	2.36	2.27	2.18
		4.56	4.31	4.06	3.79	3.63	3.52	3.37	3.28	3.22	3.06	2.91
		1.86	1.81	1.76	1.71	1.67	1.65	1.61	1.59	1.58	1.54	1.51
		2.22	2.15	2.07	1.99	1.94	1.90	1.85	1.82	1.80	1.75	1.70
		3.09	2.96	2.81	2.66	2.57	2.50	2.42	2.36	2.33	2.23	2.14
		4.48	4.24	3.99	3.72	3.56	3.44	3.30	3.21	3.15	2.99	2.84
		1.85	1.80	1.75	1.70	1.66	1.64	1.60	1.58	1.57	1.53	1.50
		2.20	2.13	2.06	1.97	1.92	1.88	1.84	1.81	1.79	1.73	1.68
		3.06	2.93	2.78	2.63	2.54	2.47	2.38	2.33	2.29	2.20	2.11
		4.41	4.17	3.92	3.66	3.49	3.38	3.23	3.14	3.08	2.92	2.78
		1.84	1.79	1.74	1.69	1.65	1.63	1.59	1.57	1.56	1.52	1.48
		2.19	2.12	2.04	1.96	1.91	1.87	1.82	1.79	1.77	1.71	1.66
		3.03	2.90	2.75	2.60	2.51	2.44	2.35	2.30	2.26	2.17	2.08
		4.35	4.11	3.86	3.60	3.43	3.32	3.18	3.09	3.02	2.86	2.72
		1.83	1.78	1.73	1.68	1.64	1.62	1.58	1.56	1.55	1.51	1.47
		2.18	2.10	2.03	1.94	1.89	1.85	1.81	1.77	1.75	1.70	1.65
		3.00	2.87	2.73	2.57	2.48	2.41	2.33	2.27	2.23	2.14	2.05
		4.29	4.05	3.80	3.54	3.38	3.27	3.12	3.03	2.97	2.81	2.66
		1.82	1.77	1.72	1.67	1.63	1.61	1.57	1.55	1.54	1.50	1.46
		2.16	2.09	2.01	1.93	1.88	1.84	1.79	1.76	1.74	1.68	1.63
		2.98	2.84	2.70	2.55	2.45	2.39	2.30	2.25	2.21	2.11	2.02
		4.24	4.00	3.75	3.49	3.33	3.22	3.07	2.98	2.92	2.76	2.61
		1.76	1.71	1.66	1.61	1.57	1.54	1.51	1.48	1.47	1.42	1.38
		2.08	2.00	1.92	1.84	1.78	1.74	1.69	1.66	1.64	1.58	1.52
		2.80	2.66	2.52	2.37	2.27	2.20	2.11	2.06	2.02	1.92	1.82
		3.87	3.64	3.40	3.14	2.98	2.87	2.73	2.64	2.57	2.41	2.25
		1.71	1.66	1.60	1.54	1.50	1.48	1.44	1.41	1.40	1.35	1.30
		2.03	1.95	1.87	1.78	1.73	1.69	1.63	1.60	1.58	1.51	1.45
		2.70	2.56	2.42	2.27	2.17	2.10	2.01	1.95	1.91	1.80	1.70
		3.67	3.44	3.20	2.95	2.79	2.68	2.53	2.44	2.38	2.21	2.05
		1.71	1.66	1.60	1.54	1.50	1.48	1.44	1.41	1.40	1.35	1.30
		2.09	1.92	1.84	1.75	1.69	1.65	1.59	1.56	1.53	1.47	1.40
		2.63	2.50	2.35	2.20	2.10	2.03	1.94	1.88	1.84	1.73	1.62
		3.54	3.32	3.08	2.83	2.67	2.55	2.41	2.32	2.25	2.08	1.92
		1.66	1.61	1.56	1.49	1.45	1.42	1.38	1.35	1.34	1.28	1.22
		1.93	1.85	1.77	1.68	1.62	1.57	1.52	1.48	1.45	1.38	1.30
		2.50	2.37	2.22	2.07	1.97	1.89	1.80	1.74	1.69	1.57	1.45
		3.30	3.07	2.84	2.59	2.43	2.32	2.17	2.08	2.01	1.83	1.64
		1.63	1.58	1.52	1.46	1.41	1.38	1.34	1.31	1.29	1.23	1.16
		1.88	1.80	1.72	1.62	1.56	1.52	1.46	1.41	1.39	1.30	1.21
		2.41	2.27	2.13	1.97	1.89	1.80	1.74	1.69	1.63	1.58	1.45
		3.12										

TABLE D.1 AREAS UNDER THE STANDARDIZED NORMAL DISTRIBUTION

Example

$$\Pr(0 \leq Z \leq 1.96) = 0.4750$$

$$\Pr(Z \geq 1.96) = 0.5 - 0.4750 = 0.025$$



Z	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
0.0	.0000	.0040	.0080	.0120	.0160	.0199	.0239	.0279	.0319	.0359
0.1	.0398	.0438	.0478	.0517	.0557	.0596	.0636	.0675	.0714	.0753
0.2	.0793	.0832	.0871	.0910	.0948	.0987	.1026	.1064	.1103	.1141
0.3	.1179	.1217	.1255	.1293	.1331	.1368	.1406	.1443	.1480	.1517
0.4	.1554	.1591	.1628	.1664	.1700	.1736	.1772	.1808	.1844	.1879
0.5	.1915	.1950	.1985	.2019	.2054	.2088	.2123	.2157	.2190	.2224
0.6	.2257	.2291	.2324	.2357	.2389	.2422	.2454	.2486	.2517	.2549
0.7	.2580	.2611	.2642	.2673	.2704	.2734	.2764	.2794	.2823	.2852
0.8	.2881	.2910	.2939	.2967	.2995	.3023	.3051	.3078	.3106	.3133
0.9	.3159	.3186	.3212	.3238	.3264	.3289	.3315	.3342	.3365	.3393
1.0	.3413	.3438	.3461	.3485	.3508	.3531	.3554	.3577	.3599	.3621
1.1	.3643	.3665	.3686	.3708	.3729	.3749	.3770	.3790	.3810	.3830
1.2	.3849	.3869	.3888	.3907	.3925	.3944	.3962	.3980	.3997	.4015
1.3	.4032	.4049	.4066	.4082	.4099	.4115	.4131	.4147	.4162	.4177
1.4	.4192	.4207	.4222	.4236	.4251	.4265	.4279	.4292	.4306	.4319
1.5	.4332	.4345	.4357	.4370	.4382	.4394	.4406	.4418	.4429	.4441
1.6	.4452	.4463	.4474	.4484	.4495	.4505	.4515	.4525	.4535	.4545
1.7	.4454	.4564	.4573	.4582	.4591	.4599	.4608	.4616	.4625	.4633
1.8	.4641	.4649	.4656	.4664	.4671	.4678	.4685	.4693	.4699	.4706
1.9	.4713	.4719	.4726	.4732	.4738	.4744	.4750	.4756	.4761	.4767
2.0	.4772	.4778	.4783	.4788	.4793	.4798	.4803	.4808	.4812	.4817
2.1	.4821	.4826	.4830	.4834	.4838	.4842	.4846	.4850	.4854	.4857
2.2	.4861	.4864	.4868	.4871	.4875	.4878	.4881	.4884	.4887	.4890
2.3	.4893	.4896	.4898	.4901	.4904	.4906	.4909	.4911	.4913	.4916
2.4	.4918	.4920	.4922	.4925	.4927	.4929	.4931	.4932	.4934	.4936
2.5	.4938	.4940	.4941	.4943	.4945	.4946	.4948	.4949	.4951	.4952
2.6	.4953	.4955	.4956	.4957	.4959	.4960	.4961	.4962	.4963	.4964
2.7	.4965	.4966	.4967	.4968	.4969	.4970	.4971	.4972	.4973	.4974
2.8	.4974	.4975	.4976	.4977	.4977	.4978	.4979	.4979	.4980	.4981
2.9	.4981	.4982	.4982	.4983	.4984	.4984	.4985	.4985	.4986	.4986
3.0	.4987	.4987	.4987	.4988	.4988	.4989	.4989	.4989	.4990	.4990

Note: This table gives the area in the right-hand tail of the distribution (i.e.,  $Z \geq 0$ ). But since the normal distribution is symmetrical about  $Z = 0$ , the area in the left-hand tail is the same as the area in the corresponding right-hand tail. For example,  $\Pr(-1.96 \leq Z \leq 0) = 0.4750$ . Therefore,  $\Pr(-1.96 \leq Z \leq 1.96) = 2(0.4750) = 0.95$ .

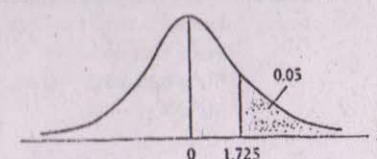
TABLE D.2 PERCENTAGE POINTS OF THE T DISTRIBUTION

Example

$$\Pr(t > 2.098) = 0.025$$

$$\Pr(t > 1.725) = 0.05 \quad \text{for } df = 20$$

$$\Pr(|t| > 1.725) = 0.10$$



df \ Pr	0.25 0.50	0.10 0.20	0.05 0.10	0.025 0.05	0.01 0.02	0.005 0.010	0.001
1	1.000	3.078	6.314	12.706	31.821	63.657	318.31
2	0.816	1.856	2.920	4.303	6.925	9.925	22.327
3	0.765	1.638	2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841	10.214
4	0.741	1.533	2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604	7.173
5	0.727	1.476	2.015	2.571	3.385	4.032	5.893
6	0.718	1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707	5.208
7	0.711	1.415	1.895	2.365	2.996	3.499	4.785
8	0.706	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.896	3.355	4.501
9	0.703	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.821	3.250	4.297
10	0.700	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169	4.144
11	0.697	1.363	1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106	4.025
12	0.695	1.356	1.782	2.179	2.681	3.055	3.930
13	0.694	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.650	3.012	3.852
14	0.692	1.345*	1.761	2.145	2.624	2.977	3.787
15	0.691	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.602	2.947	3.733
16	0.690	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921	3.686
17	0.689	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898	3.645
18	0.688	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878	3.610
19	0.688	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.539	2.851	3.573
20	0.687	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845	3.552
21	0.686	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831	3.527
22	0.686	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819	3.505
23	0.685	1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807	3.485
24	0.685	1.318	1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797	3.467
25	0.684	1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787	3.450
26	0.684	1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779	3.435
27	0.684	1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771	3.421
28	0.683	1.313	1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763	3.408
29	0.683	1.311	1.699	2.045	2.462	2.756	3.396
30	0.683	1.310	1.697	2.042	2.457	2.750	3.385
40	0.681	1.303	1.684	2.021	2.423	2.704	3.307
60	0.679	1.296	1.671	2.000	2.390	2.660	3.232
120	0.677	1.289	1.658	1.980	2.358	2.617	3.160
$\infty$	0.674	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576	3.090

Note: The smaller probability shown at the head of each column is the area in one tail; the larger probability is the area in both tails.

Source: From E. S. Pearson and H. O. Hartley, eds., Biometrika Tables for Statisticians, vol. 1, 3d ed., Table 12, Cambridge University Press, New York, 1966. Reproduced by permission of the editors and trustees of Biometrika.

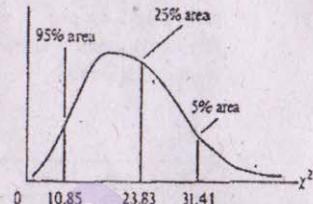
TABLE D.4 UPPER PERCENTAGE POINTS OF THE  $\chi^2$  DISTRIBUTION

Example

$\Pr(\chi^2 > 10.85) = 0.95$

$\Pr(\chi^2 > 23.83) = 0.25 \text{ for } df = 20$

$\Pr(\chi^2 > 31.41) = 0.05$



Degrees of freedom	.995	.990	.975	.950	.900
1	$392704 \times 10^{-10}$	$157088 \times 10^{-9}$	$982069 \times 10^{-9}$	$333214 \times 10^{-8}$	.0157908
2	.0100251	.0201007	.0506356	.102587	21.072
3	.0717212	.114632	.215795	.351846	58.4375
4	.206990	.297110	.484419	.710721	106.3623
5	.411740	.554300	.831211	1.145476	161.031
6	.575727	.872085	1.237347	1.63539	220.413
7	.989265	1.239043	1.66987	2.16735	283.316
8	1.344419	1.646482	2.17973	2.73264	3.48954
9	1.734926	2.087912	2.70039	3.32511	4.16818
10	2.15585	2.55821	3.24697	3.94030	4.86518
11	2.60321	3.05347	3.81575	4.57481	5.57779
12	3.07382	3.57056	4.40379	5.22603	6.30086
13	3.58503	4.10691	5.00874	5.89186	7.04150
14	4.07468	4.66043	5.62072	6.57063	7.78953
15	4.60094	5.22935	6.20214	7.26094	8.54675
16	5.14224	5.81221	6.90766	7.96164	9.31223
17	5.69724	6.40776	7.55418	8.67176	10.0852
18	6.26481	7.01491	8.23075	9.39046	10.8649
19	6.84398	7.53273	8.90655	10.1170	11.6503
20	7.43386	8.26040	9.59083	10.8508	12.4426
21	8.03368	8.89720	10.28293	11.5913	13.2396
22	8.64272	9.54249	10.9823	12.3380	14.0415
23	9.26042	10.19567	11.6685	13.0905	14.8479
24	9.88623	10.8564	12.4011	13.8484	15.6587
25	10.5197	11.5240	13.1197	14.6114	16.4734
26	11.1603	12.1981	13.8439	15.3791	17.2918
27	11.8076	12.8786	14.5733	16.1513	18.1138
28	12.4613	13.5648	15.3079	16.9279	18.9392
29	13.1211	14.2565	16.0471	17.7083	19.7677
30	13.7867	14.9535	16.7908	18.4926	20.5992
40	20.7065	22.1643	24.4331	25.5093	28.0505
50	27.9907	29.7067	32.3574	34.7642	37.6886
60	35.5346	37.4848	40.4817	43.1879	46.4589
70	43.2752	45.4418	48.7576	51.7393	55.3290
80	51.1720	53.5400	57.1532	60.3915	64.2778
90	59.1963	61.7541	65.6466	69.1260	73.2912
100*	67.3276	70.0648	74.2219	77.9295	82.3581

\*For  $df$  greater than 100 the expression  $\sqrt{2\chi^2} - \sqrt{2(k-1)} = Z$  follows the standardized normal distribution, where  $k$  represents the degrees of freedom.

Source: Abridged from E. S. Pearson and H. O. Hartley, eds., *Biometrika Tables for Statisticians*, vol. 1, 3d ed., table 6, Cambridge University Press, New York, 1966. Reproduced by permission of the editors and trustees of Biometrika.

.750	.500	.250	.100	.050	.025	.010	.005
.1015308	.454937	1.32330	2.70554	3.84146	5.02389	6.63490	7.87944
.575364	1.38629	2.77239	4.60517	5.99147	7.37776	9.21034	10.5966
.212534	2.36597	4.10835	6.25139	7.81473	9.34840	11.3449	12.8381
1.92255	3.35670	5.38527	7.77944	9.48773	11.1433	13.2767	14.8602
2.67460	4.35146	6.62568	9.23635	11.0705	12.8325	15.0863	16.7495
3.45460	5.34812	7.84080	10.6446	12.5916	14.4494	16.8119	18.5476
4.25485	6.34581	9.03715	12.0170	14.0571	16.0128	18.4753	20.2777
5.07064	7.34412	10.2168	13.3616	15.5073	17.5346	20.0902	21.9550
5.89883	8.34283	11.3887	14.6837	16.9190	19.0228	21.6560	23.5893
6.73720	9.34182	12.5489	15.9871	18.3070	20.4831	23.2093	25.1882
7.58412	10.3410	13.7007	17.2750	19.6751	21.9200	24.7250	26.7569
8.43842	11.3403	14.8454	18.5494	21.0261	23.3367	26.2170	28.2995
9.29906	12.3398	15.9899	19.8119	22.3621	24.7356	27.6883	29.8194
10.1853	13.3393	17.1170	21.0642	23.6848	26.1190	29.1413	31.3193
11.0385	14.3389	18.2451	22.3072	24.9958	27.4884	30.5779	32.8013
11.9122	15.3385	19.3688	23.5418	26.2962	28.8454	31.9999	34.2672
12.7919	16.3381	20.4887	24.7690	27.5871	30.1910	33.4087	35.7185
13.6753	17.3379	21.6048	25.9894	28.8693	31.5264	34.8053	37.1564
14.5620	18.3376	22.7178	27.2096	30.1435	32.8523	36.1908	38.5822
15.4518	19.3374	23.8277	28.4120	31.4104	34.1636	37.5652	39.9953
16.3444	20.3372	24.9348	29.6151	32.6705	35.4789	38.9321	41.4010
17.2396	21.3370	26.0393	30.8133	33.8244	36.7807	40.2894	42.7955
18.1373	22.3369	27.1413	32.0069	35.1725	38.0757	41.6384	44.1813
19.0372	23.3367	28.2412	33.1983	36.4151	39.3641	42.9798	45.5585
19.9393	24.3366	29.3389	34.3816	37.6525	40.8465	44.3141	46.9278
20.8434	25.3364	30.4345	35.5531	38.8852	41.9232	45.6417	48.2899
21.7494	26.3363	31.5234	36.7412	40.1133	43.1944	46.9530	49.6449
22.6572	27.3363	32.6205	37.9159	41.3372	44.4607	48.2782	50.9933
23.5666	28.3362	33.7108	39.0875	42.5569	45.7222	49.5879	52.3356
24.4776	29.3360	34.7998	40.2580	43.7729	46.9792	50.8922	53.6720
33.6603	39.3354	45.6160	51.8550	55.7585	59.3417	63.6907	66.7659
42.9421	49.3349	56.3306	63.1671	67.5048	71.4202	76.1539	79.4900
52.2938	59.3347	66.9014	74.3970	79.0819	83.2976	88.3794	91.9517
61.6983	69.3344	77.5766	85.5271	90.5312	95.0231	100.425	104.215
71.1445	79.3343	88.1303	96.5782	101.879	106.629	112.329	116.321
80.6247	89.3342	98.6499	107.565	113.145	118.136	124.116	128.299
90.1332	99.3341	109.141	118.498	124.342	129.561	135.807	140.169

TABLE D.5A  
DURBIN-WATSON  $d$  STATISTIC: SIGNIFICANCE POINTS OF  $d_L$  AND  $d_U$  AT 0.05 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE

$n$	$K=1$	$K=2$	$K=3$	$K=4$	$K=5$	$K=6$	$K=7$	$K=8$	$K=9$	$K=10$
	$d_L$									
6	0.910	1.400	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7	0.700	1.350	0.467	1.395	—	—	—	—	—	—
8	0.703	1.332	0.558	1.777	0.585	2.287	—	—	—	—
9	0.624	1.326	0.823	1.698	0.955	2.125	0.299	2.568	—	—
10	0.678	1.320	0.697	1.641	0.555	2.016	0.376	2.403	0.243	2.822
11	0.927	1.324	0.658	1.604	0.535	1.939	0.444	2.383	0.315	2.845
12	0.971	1.331	0.612	1.579	0.653	1.824	0.512	2.177	0.379	2.576
13	1.010	1.340	0.681	1.582	0.715	1.818	0.574	2.394	0.445	2.393
14	1.045	1.350	0.905	1.551	0.767	1.779	0.632	2.030	0.555	2.298
15	1.077	1.361	0.945	1.543	0.814	1.750	0.685	1.577	0.582	2.223
16	1.105	1.371	0.982	1.533	0.857	1.723	0.734	1.835	0.815	2.157
17	1.135	1.381	1.015	1.538	0.877	1.710	0.771	1.923	0.858	2.104
18	1.159	1.391	1.045	1.535	0.933	1.693	0.828	1.872	0.710	2.080
19	1.190	1.401	1.074	1.536	0.957	1.683	0.859	1.848	0.752	2.023
20	1.201	1.411	1.100	1.637	0.958	1.876	0.894	1.828	0.789	2.015
21	1.221	1.420	1.125	1.508	1.026	1.663	0.959	1.921	0.732	2.124
22	1.239	1.429	1.147	1.541	1.053	1.684	0.958	1.837	0.853	2.067
23	1.257	1.437	1.168	1.543	1.078	1.682	0.986	1.785	0.835	2.020
24	1.273	1.446	1.188	1.548	1.101	1.659	1.075	1.795	0.995	2.005
25	1.293	1.454	1.204	1.551	1.123	1.654	1.038	1.787	0.953	2.018
26	1.302	1.461	1.224	1.551	1.143	1.652	1.022	1.753	0.979	1.973
27	1.316	1.463	1.244	1.555	1.162	1.651	1.084	1.753	1.009	1.861
28	1.328	1.476	1.255	1.560	1.161	1.659	1.104	1.747	1.025	1.851
29	1.341	1.483	1.270	1.563	1.176	1.659	1.124	1.743	1.050	1.841
30	1.352	1.499	1.284	1.567	1.214	1.659	1.175	1.755	1.095	1.992
31	1.363	1.498	1.297	1.570	1.223	1.659	1.150	1.763	1.090	1.825
32	1.373	1.502	1.307	1.574	1.244	1.659	1.177	1.752	1.109	1.819
33	1.383	1.503	1.321	1.577	1.258	1.659	1.201	1.753	1.127	1.813
34	1.393	1.514	1.331	1.583	1.271	1.652	1.226	1.757	1.128	1.803
35	1.402	1.519	1.343	1.584	1.283	1.653	1.222	1.756	1.160	1.803
36	1.411	1.525	1.354	1.587	1.295	1.654	1.233	1.724	1.175	1.798
37	1.419	1.530	1.368	1.590	1.307	1.655	1.249	1.723	1.193	1.787
38	1.427	1.536	1.373	1.594	1.316	1.655	1.281	1.722	1.146	1.681
39	1.435	1.540	1.382	1.597	1.323	1.658	1.273	1.721	1.181	1.652
40	1.442	1.544	1.391	1.598	1.328	1.659	1.271	1.721	1.180	1.654
45	1.475	1.569	1.415	1.615	1.326	1.668	1.324	1.726	1.184	1.655
50	1.503	1.585	1.482	1.628	1.431	1.674	1.378	1.721	1.335	1.771
55	1.528	1.601	1.490	1.641	1.452	1.681	1.414	1.724	1.374	1.763
60	1.543	1.618	1.514	1.652	1.480	1.683	1.444	1.727	1.402	1.767
65	1.557	1.629	1.528	1.592	1.503	1.695	1.471	1.721	1.439	1.765
70	1.583	1.541	1.558	1.572	1.525	1.703	1.434	1.761	1.484	1.766
75	1.599	1.652	1.571	1.683	1.543	1.709	1.515	1.723	1.487	1.770
80	1.611	1.662	1.585	1.688	1.560	1.719	1.534	1.720	1.507	1.774
85	1.624	1.671	1.600	1.695	1.576	1.720	1.550	1.724	1.554	1.776
90	1.635	1.670	1.618	1.703	1.589	1.728	1.566	1.721	1.542	1.774
95	1.645	1.687	1.623	1.709	1.602	1.732	1.585	1.726	1.584	1.775
100	1.654	1.694	1.634	1.715	1.613	1.736	1.592	1.758	1.601	1.776
150	1.720	1.748	1.705	1.769	1.693	1.774	1.674	1.808	1.651	1.877
200	1.755	1.776	1.748	1.789	1.733	1.798	1.728	1.810	1.718	1.874

$n$	$K=11$	$K=12$	$K=13$	$K=14$	$K=15$	$K=16$	$K=17$	$K=18$	$K=19$	$K=20$
	$d_L$									
16	0.999	3.523	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
17	0.938	3.376	0.987	3.367	—	—	—	—	—	—
18	0.917	3.265	0.123	3.441	0.076	3.603	—	—	—	—
19	0.920	3.159	0.160	3.333	0.111	3.496	0.070	3.642	—	—
20	0.926	3.061	0.200	3.234	0.145	3.393	0.100	3.542	0.063	3.679
21	0.937	2.976	0.241	3.141	0.182	3.350	0.128	3.448	0.091	3.583
22	0.940	2.897	0.281	3.067	0.220	3.211	0.168	3.495	0.052	3.731
23	0.951	2.826	0.320	2.979	0.257	3.128	0.222	3.212	0.153	3.492
24	0.941	2.761	0.362	2.908	0.297	3.063	0.239	3.193	0.168	3.444
25	0.970	2.702	0.400	2.844	0.335	2.963	0.275	3.118	0.221	3.487
26	0.958	2.543	0.438	2.784	0.373	2.919	0.312	3.081	0.258	3.474
27	0.944	2.603	0.473	2.730	0.408	2.854	0.348	2.987	0.291	3.481
28	0.973	2.555	0.510	2.660	0.460	2.893	0.382	3.021	0.328	3.488
29	0.912	2.515	0.544	2.634	0.478	2.795	0.418	2.874	0.359	3.485
30	0.943	2.477	0.577	2.582	0.512	2.803	0.457	2.937	0.387	3.486
31	0.974	2.442	0.608	2.653	0.545	2.665	0.484	2.776	0.425	3.487
32	0.903	2.411	0.538	2.517	0.578	2.625	0.515	2.733	0.457	3.488
33	0.931	2.382	0.663	2.484	0.606	2.588	0.540	2.692	0.494	3.489
34	0.958	2.355	0.695	2.454	0.634	2.554	0.575	2.694	0.524	3.494
35	0.978	2.333	0.722	2.425	0.662	2.562	0.614	2.716	0.547	3.495
36	0.930	2.306	0.748	2.398	0.693	2.492	0.567	2.774	0.487	3.496
37	0.931	2.305	0.772	2.374	0.714	2.464	0.657	2.768	0.499	3.497
38	0.954	2.265	0.798	2.351	0.738	2.438	0.683	2.826	0.525	3.498
39	0.975	2.248	0.819	2.323	0.793	2.413	0.737	2.499	0.553	3.499
40	0.989	2.228	0.840	2.309	0.785	2.391	0.731	2.473	0.586	3.500
45	0.988	2.198	0.938	2.228	0.887	2.294	0.838	2.397	0.788	2.470
50	1.004	2.103	1.019	2.183	0.973	2.235	0.927	2.367	0.882	2.500
55	1.022	2.062	1.087	2.116	0.945	2.170	0.923	2.332	0.877	2.505
60	1.048	2.031	1.145	2.079	1.106	2.127	1.068	2.317	0.951	2.509
65	1.021	2.006	1.195	2.042	1.163	2.093	1.124	2.136	1.052	2.509
70	1.072	1.959	1.208	2.006	1.172	2.105	1.139	2.148	1.095	2.510
75	1.008	1.970	1.227	2.017	1.217	2.105	1.181	2.155	1.121	2.512
80	1.040	1.957	1.311	1.991	1.283	2.024	1.253	2.059	1.193	2.513
85	1.059	1.945	1.315	1.977	1.315	2.049	1.247	2.040	1.260	2.514
90	1.065	1.937	1.369	1.944	1.304	2.075	1.265	2.080	1.273	2.515
95	1.065	1.932	1.314	1.937	1.303	2.058	1.216	2.078	1.213	2.516
100	1.049	1.924	1.374	1.903	1.301	2.009	1.271	2.047	1.271	2.517
150	1.078	1.892	1.364	1.861						

TABLE D.5B  
DURBIN-WATSON  $d$  STATISTIC: SIGNIFICANCE POINTS OF  $d_L$  AND  $d_U$  AT 0.01 LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE

$n$	$K=1$	$K=2$	$K=3$	$K=4$	$K=5$	$K=6$	$K=7$	$K=8$	$K=9$	$K=10$
	$d_L$	$d_U$								
6	0.330	1.142	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7	0.435	1.038	0.294	1.675	—	—	—	—	—	—
8	0.497	1.003	0.345	1.489	0.229	2.102	—	—	—	—
9	0.554	0.958	0.408	1.389	0.279	1.875	0.181	2.433	—	—
10	0.504	1.001	0.466	1.303	0.340	1.733	0.230	2.193	0.150	2.600
11	0.653	1.010	0.519	1.297	0.385	1.640	0.288	2.030	0.193	2.451
12	0.697	1.023	0.569	1.274	0.449	1.575	0.339	1.913	0.244	2.292
13	0.738	1.038	0.616	1.261	0.499	1.526	0.391	1.824	0.254	2.101
14	0.775	1.054	0.660	1.254	0.547	1.490	0.441	1.757	0.343	2.249
15	0.811	1.070	0.700	1.252	0.591	1.484	0.488	1.704	0.391	2.257
16	0.844	1.086	0.737	1.252	0.633	1.446	0.532	1.663	0.437	2.244
17	0.674	1.102	0.772	1.255	0.672	1.432	0.574	1.630	0.480	2.078
18	0.902	1.116	0.855	1.259	0.708	1.422	0.613	1.604	0.522	2.015
19	0.923	1.132	0.855	1.265	0.742	1.415	0.659	1.584	0.561	1.757
20	0.952	1.147	0.863	1.271	0.773	1.411	0.665	1.587	0.558	1.737
21	0.875	1.161	0.891	1.277	0.803	1.408	0.718	1.554	0.532	1.712
22	0.937	1.174	0.914	1.284	0.831	1.407	0.748	1.543	0.657	1.691
23	1.018	1.167	0.938	1.291	0.858	1.407	0.777	1.534	0.658	1.673
24	1.037	1.199	0.960	1.293	0.882	1.407	0.805	1.528	0.728	1.655
25	1.055	1.211	0.981	1.305	0.906	1.409	0.831	1.532	0.758	1.682
26	1.072	1.222	1.001	1.312	0.928	1.411	0.855	1.518	0.783	1.635
27	1.068	1.233	1.019	1.319	0.949	1.415	0.876	1.515	0.808	1.635
28	1.104	1.244	1.037	1.325	0.969	1.415	0.860	1.513	0.832	1.618
29	1.119	1.254	1.054	1.332	0.988	1.418	0.921	1.512	0.855	1.611
30	1.133	1.253	1.333	1.005	1.421	0.941	1.511	0.877	1.602	0.812
31	1.147	1.273	1.085	1.345	1.023	1.425	0.960	1.510	0.907	1.601
32	1.160	1.282	1.100	1.352	1.040	1.428	0.970	1.510	0.917	1.607
33	1.172	1.291	1.114	1.358	1.055	1.432	0.986	1.510	0.936	1.608
34	1.184	1.299	1.128	1.364	1.043	1.412	1.011	1.511	0.934	1.606
35	1.195	1.307	1.140	1.370	1.085	1.438	1.028	1.512	0.971	1.581
36	1.206	1.315	1.153	1.376	1.098	1.442	1.043	1.513	0.988	1.588
37	1.217	1.323	1.165	1.382	1.116	1.448	1.058	1.514	1.004	1.586
38	1.227	1.330	1.178	1.388	1.124	1.449	1.072	1.515	1.019	1.587
39	1.237	1.337	1.187	1.393	1.131	1.453	1.081	1.517	1.024	1.582
40	1.248	1.344	1.198	1.388	1.144	1.457	1.098	1.518	1.048	1.584
45	1.284	1.376	1.245	1.423	1.204	1.474	1.159	1.528	1.181	1.584
50	1.324	1.403	1.285	1.444	1.245	1.491	1.205	1.538	1.184	1.609
55	1.356	1.427	1.320	1.466	1.284	1.506	1.247	1.548	1.202	1.622
60	1.383	1.448	1.350	1.434	1.317	1.520	1.283	1.558	1.214	1.629
65	1.407	1.468	1.377	1.503	1.346	1.534	1.315	1.568	1.293	1.634
70	1.423	1.495	1.400	1.515	1.372	1.546	1.341	1.578	1.313	1.611
75	1.448	1.501	1.422	1.529	1.385	1.557	1.386	1.582	1.342	1.645
80	1.466	1.515	1.441	1.541	1.416	1.568	1.390	1.585	1.364	1.632
85	1.482	1.528	1.458	1.553	1.435	1.576	1.411	1.603	1.366	1.663
90	1.496	1.540	1.474	1.563	1.452	1.587	1.429	1.611	1.386	1.661
95	1.510	1.552	1.489	1.573	1.468	1.598	1.446	1.618	1.425	1.642
100	1.522	1.562	1.503	1.583	1.482	1.604	1.462	1.625	1.441	1.647
105	1.611	1.637	1.598	1.651	1.584	1.665	1.571	1.671	1.557	1.693
120	1.664	1.684	1.553	1.693	1.643	1.704	1.633	1.715	1.623	1.725

$n$	$K=11$	$K=12$	$K=13$	$K=14$	$K=15$	$K=16$	$K=17$	$K=18$	$K=19$	$K=20$
	$d_L$	$d_U$								
16	0.000	3.446	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
17	0.004	3.386	0.053	3.500	—	—	—	—	—	—
18	0.113	3.146	0.075	3.359	0.047	3.357	—	—	—	—
19	0.145	3.023	0.102	3.227	0.067	3.420	0.043	3.601	—	—
20	0.178	2.914	0.131	3.109	0.092	3.297	0.061	3.474	0.038	3.639
21	0.212	2.817	0.162	3.004	0.115	3.165	0.065	3.521	0.035	3.671
22	0.246	2.729	0.194	2.909	0.148	3.084	0.072	3.412	0.032	3.700
23	0.281	2.651	0.227	2.822	0.178	2.951	0.130	3.139	0.080	3.459
24	0.315	2.580	0.260	2.744	0.209	2.926	0.155	3.065	0.125	3.218
25	0.346	2.517	0.292	2.674	0.240	2.823	0.194	3.082	0.165	3.251
26	0.381	2.460	0.324	2.610	0.272	2.753	0.204	3.030	0.180	3.295
27	0.413	2.409	0.356	2.552	0.303	2.684	0.233	3.036	0.167	3.345
28	0.444	2.363	0.387	2.499	0.333	2.625	0.283	2.772	0.194	3.342
29	0.474	2.321	0.417	2.451	0.363	2.582	0.313	2.713	0.222	3.340
30	0.503	2.283	0.447	2.407	0.393	2.533	0.342	2.659	0.249	3.299
31	0.531	2.248	0.475	2.367	0.422	2.457	0.371	2.603	0.277	3.251
32	0.558	2.216	0.503	2.330	0.450	2.445	0.399	2.563	0.304	3.270
33	0.585	2.187	0.530	2.296	0.477	2.404	0.426	2.520	0.377	3.233
34	0.610	2.160	0.558	2.266	0.503	2.373	0.452	2.481	0.454	3.209
35	0.634	2.136	0.581	2.237	0.529	2.340	0.478	2.449	0.503	3.255
36	0.658	2.113	0.603	2.210	0.554	2.313	0.504	2.410	0.455	3.217
37	0.680	2.092	0.623	2.186	0.578	2.262	0.520	2.379	0.477	3.199
38	0.702	2.073	0.651	2.164	0.601	2.254	0.552	2.376	0.517	3.184
39	0.723	2.055	0.673	2.143	0.623	2.252	0.587	2.375	0.547	3.174
40	0.744	2.039	0.694	2.123	0.645	2.210	0.597	2.377	0.551	3.163
45	0.833	1.972	0.790	2.044	0.744	2.118	0.655	2.269	0.612	2.346
50	0.913	1.925	0.871	1.987	0.829	2.051	0.787	2.116	0.749	2.305
55	0.979	1.891	0.940	1.945	0.902	2.002	0.863	2.117	0.786	2.237
60	1.037	1.863	1.001	1.914	0.965	1.964	0.929	2.015	0.893	2.227
65	1.087	1.845	1.053	1.889	1.020	1.934	0.987	2.027	0.919	2.221
70	1.131	1.831	1.099	1.876	1.068	1.911	1.037	1.933	1.005	2.217
75	1.170	1.819	1.141	1.856	1.111	1.933	1.092	1.931	1.052	2.203
80	1.205	1.810	1.177	1.844	1.150	1.928	1.122	1.913	1.094	2.196
85	1.236	1.803	1.210	1.831	1.184	1.888	1.158	1.932	1.121	2.186
90	1.264	1.798	1.240	1.827	1.215	1.856	1.165	1.917	1.141	2.179
95	1.290	1.783	1.267	1.821	1.244	1.848	1.221	1.878	1.197	2.172
100	1.314	1.780	1.292	1.816	1.270	1.841	1.245	1.868	1.222	2.166
105	1.473	1.783	1.458	1.787						