

This question paper contains 7 printed pages]

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S. No. of Question Paper : 1367

3 | 12 | 18 (E)

Unique Paper Code : 62347502

Name of the Paper : Programming with Python

Name of the Course : B.A. (Programme) Computer

Application : DSE-1

Semester : V

Duration : 3 Hours Maximum Marks : 75

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Question No. 1 is compulsory.

Attempt any 5 of Question Nos. 2 to 8.

Parts of a question must be answered together.

1. (a) Which of the following is an *invalid* name ? 3
(i) my_string_1
(ii) 2nd_string
(iii) foo
(iv) __init__
(v) in
(vi) it
- (b) Which of the following is an *invalid* statement ? 1
(i) abc = 1,000,000
(ii) a b c = 1000 2000 3000
(iii) a,b,c = 1000, 2000, 3000
(iv) a_b_c = 1,000,000

(c) What is the output of the following code segments ?

6

(i) `x = 'abcd'
for i in range(len(x)):
 x = 'a'
 print(x)`

(ii) `i = 1
while True:
 if i%007 == 0:
 break
 print(i)
 i += 1`

(iii) `def foo(k):
 k[0] = 1
 q = [0]
 foo(q)
 print(q)`

(d) What is the output of the following Python code fragment ? Justify your answer :

3

(i) `weekdays =
['sun','mon','tue','wed','thu',
'fri','sun','mon','mon']
print(weekdays.count('mon'))`

(ii) `weekdays =
['sun','mon','tue','wed','thu','fri',
'sun','mon','mon']
print([[x,weekdays.count(x)] for x in
set(weekdays)])`

(e) Translate the following while loop into a for loop :

```
i = 20
while (i > 0):
    print "i = ", i
i -= 1
```

(f) Rectify the error (if any) in the given statements : 2

```
>>> str= "Hello Python"
>>> str[6]= "S"
```

(g) Under what conditions is binary search used ? Give the outline of binary search algorithm. Given : 7

`testlist=[0,1,2,8,13,17,19,32,42],`

Illustrate the operation of the binary search algorithm to search for the number 13.

2. What is the output of the following code segments ? 10

(i) `class test:
 def __init__(self,a="Hello World"):
 self.a=a

 def display(self):
 print(self.a)
obj=test()
obj.display()`

- (ii) class test:
 def __init__(self,a):
 self.a=a
 def display(self):
 print(self.a)
 obj=test()
 obj.display()
- (iii) def power(x, y=2):
 r = 1
 for i in range(y):
 r = r * x
 return r
 print power(3)
 print power(3, 3)
- (iv) x = 2
 for i in range(x):
 x -= 2
 print (x)
- (v) i = 0
 while i < 3:
 print(i)
 i += 1
 else:
 print(0)
3. (a) For the given array arr = [1,2,4,3], apply bubble sort algorithm to sort the array elements and also show the modified list after each iteration. 5
 (b) What is a queue? Write a Python code to create an empty queue. Initialize front and rear suitably. 5

4. What will be the output of the applying the following list Functions on list given below ? 10
- L1=[1, 3, 2, 12, 2, 4, 3]
 L.append(10)
 L.count(2)
 L.index(12)
 L.insert(2,15)
 L.remove(2)
5. (a) Write a function to compute the following series : 3

$$\text{Sum} = 1 + 1/2^2 + 1/3^2 + \dots + 1/n^2$$
- (b) Evaluate the following expressions : 3
- (i) $-7*20+8/16*2+54$
 (ii) $5 \% 10 + 10 - 25 * 8 // 5$
 (iii) $10 + 6 * 2 ** 2 != 9 // 4 - 3$ and $29 >= 29 / 9$
- (c) What will be the output of the following code segment ? 4
- ```
for letter in 'geeksforgeeks':

 if letter == 'e' or letter == 's':

 continue

 print 'Current Letter :', letter
```
6. (a) Write the output of the following code segments : 5
- (i)
- ```
for letter in 'geeksforgeeks':  

    if letter == 'e' or letter == 's':  

        break  

    print 'Current Letter :', letter
```

- (ii) def myfunc(a):
 a = a + 2
 a = a * 2
 return a
 print myfunc(2)
- (b) Write a python function to find the sum of all the numbers provided by the user as the input. [5]
7. (a) Differentiate between type conversion and type coercion with the help of an example. [5]
- (b) What will be the output the following code ? [5]
- ```
def f(x,l=[]):
 for i in range(x):
 l.append(i*i)
 print(l)

f(2)
f(3,[3,2,1])
f(3)
```

8. (a) Write the output of the following python code : 5

```
lis = [1, 2, 3]
lis1 = [4, 5, 6]
lis2= lis + lis1
print ('list after concatenation is')
for i in range(0,len(lis2)):
 print (lis2[i]),
print ("\r")
lis3 = lis * 3
print ('list after combining is')
for i in range(0,len(lis3)):
 print (lis3[i]),
```

- (b) Write output of the following python code : 5

(i)

```
x = "Welcome to GeeksforGeeks"
print x[2:5]
print x[4:10:2]
print x[-5:-3]
```

(ii)

```
i = 0
while i < 5:
 print(i)
 i += 1
 if i == 3:
 break
else:
 print(0)
```