4/12/18 (M)

[This question paper contains 4 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 541

IC

Unique Paper Code : 32177903

Name of the Paper : Applications of Computers

in Chemistry

Name of the Course

: B.Sc. (H) Chemistry: DSE

Semester

Duration: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Instructions for Candidates

- Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- Attempt Six questions in total including question No. 2. 1, which is compulsory.
- Attempt all parts of a question together, 3.
- 4. Use of scientific calculator and logarithmic table is allowed.
- Attempt any five parts. Each question carries 3 1. marks.
 - (a) Write BASIC expressions corresponding to following equations.

- i. $p = \frac{RT}{(V-b)} e^{\frac{a}{b}}$
- ii. $k = \frac{1}{t} \ln \frac{a}{(a-x)}$
- iii. $C = \sqrt{(3RT/M)}$
- (b) Write the full form the following (any three):
 - (i) BCD
 - (ii) CPU
 - (iii) IP
 - (iv) QBASIC
- (c) Differentiate between the following:
 - (i) High Level Language and Low Level Language
 - (ii) RAM and ROM
- (d) 10100010 is a Binary number. Convert it to Decimal, Octal and Hexadecimal number.
- (e) Identify and rectify errors, if any, in the following BASIC constants.
 - (i) \$ 564

(iii) 20,349

(ii) 3.786 E + 40

- (f) Name two operating systems. Also list two differences between Software and Hardware.
- (g) Differentiate between BIT, BYTE and NIBBLE.
- 2. Attempt all parts. Each part carries 4 marks.
 - (a) In a BASIC program where N\$ = "APRIL 21, 2018", make use of string library functions LEFT\$, RIGHT\$ and MID\$ to print the output as 21 APRIL 2018.
 - (b) Write BASIC statements to produce the following
 - (i) If N has a value less than 40, then transfer control to statement number 30, otherwise execute the next statement.
 - (ii) Assign 6 to a variable B.
 - (iii) Assign the value represented by the variable K to the variable N.
 - (iv) A two-dimensional array to hold 23 items of data.
 - (c) What is the use of GOSUB and DEFFN

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Commands? Explain with suitable examples. (4x3)

- 3. Attempt all parts. Each part carries 4 marks.
 - (a) Identify the errors in the following program. Write the correct program.

20 CLS: SCREEN '640*480
25 LOCATE (5, 25): PRINT IDEAL GAS ISOTHERMS
30 VIEW (-100, 100)-(500, 400), , 7
35 WINDOW 0, 30- 0.5, 400
40 FOR T = 200 TO 500 STEP 20
50 FOR V = 0.05 TO 0.5 STEP 0.0001
60 P = 0.0821 * T / V
65 PSET V, P
70 NEXT T
75 NEXT V
80 END

(b) The following program illustrates the use of looping statement

INPUT P, Q, M

FOR I = P TO Q STEP M

FACT = FACT * 1

PRINT FACT

NEXT I

END

Give three conditions under which this loop will be executed? Also explain what are nested loops?

(c) Explain Regula Falsi Method. Give one example

of its application in chemistry.

- 4. Attempt all parts. Each part carries 4 marks
 - (a) Explain briefly about the INPUT and OUTPUT devices in computers.
 - (b) Identify the valid BASIC variables. Correct the invalid ones.
 - (i) DEV8
 - (ii) CHR\$
 - (iii) "ATS"
 - (iv) MOL-WT
 - (c) Write output of the following program.

CLS

INPUT "ENTER THE NUMBER="; N

PRINT

FOR I = 1 TO 10

T = N * I

PRINT N; "*"; "="; T

NEXT I

END (4x3)

P.T.O.

- 6
- 5. Attempt all parts. Each part carries 4 marks.
 - (a) Write a program in BASIC to determine the volume of carbon dioxide gas using Newton-Raphson method at 500 K and 100 atm.

Given: a= 3.610 atm dm^6 mol⁻²; b=0.0429 dm^3/mol ; R= 0.0821 1-atm/K/mol.

The equation to be used is

$$PV^3 - (Pb + RT) V^2 + a (V - b) = 0$$

- (b) What is the resolution of Text mode and Graphics mode in BASIC? How will you convert 'screen coordinates' to 'world coordinates'?
- (c) Write a program in BASIC using READ----DATA statement to construct and print the transpose of given matrix.

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 43 & 36 \\ 14 & 19 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4x3}$$

- 6. Attempt all parts. Each part carries 4 marks.
 - (a) Name the three types of BASIC variables. Also differentiate between single and double precision form of real constants.

(b) Write a program in BASIC to calculate the change in entropy (ΔS) of a substance over a given temperature range by the method of integration using the Trapezoidal approximation. Entropy is expressed in terms of the heat capacity at constant pressure as

$$\int_{S_1}^{S_2} dS = \int_{T_1}^{T_2} \frac{c_p}{T} dT$$

The heat capacity values at various temperatures for CO are as follows

101 00					40	50	60	70
T/°C	0	10	20	30	40	30		
			20.110	20.151	29 184	29.299	29.361	29.39
C _p /J deg ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹	28.912	28.902	29.118	29.131	27.104			

Use READ----DATA statement to input these values.

- (c) What is the purpose of the following commands in BASIC? Explain with example.
 - (i) DIM
 - (ii) REM
 - (iii) RESTORE
 - (iv) LEN(A\$) (4x3)

- 7. Attempt all parts. Each part carries 4 marks.
 - (a) Explain briefly about the development of computer with respect to its GENERATIONS.
 - (b) Write a program in BASIC to calculate the mean and the standard deviation for following observations obtained in the determination of the lead content in a soil sample
 - 0.152 ppm, 0.176 ppm, 0.142 ppm, 0.161 ppm, 0.160 ppm.
 - (c) What would be the output of following program

SCREEN 1

PSET (40, 40)

FOR J = 5 TO 25 STEP 5

CIRCLE (40, 40), J

NEXT J

END

How would the output change if same program is written in SCREEN 2? How will you change colour of the circle. (4x3)