Q.P. Code : 13805

[Time : 2 Hours]

[Marks : 60]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- **N.B:** 1. All questions are **compulsory**, each question has an **internal option**.
 - 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks
 - 3. Use of simple calculator is allowed.
 - 4. Working notes should form part of the answer.
- 1. With the help of following information is supplied by M/S XYZ Ltd. Complete the 15 following Balance Sheet given below :

Liabilities	₹	Assets
Equity Shares Capital	?^	Fixed Assets ?
Reserves and Surplus	?	Current Assets
20% Debentures	5,00,000	Stock
Current Liabilities		Debtors ?
Sundry Creditors		Cash and Bank Balance ?
Provision for Tax		
(Current Year)		
Total	667-22	Total ?

Following information is available :

- a) Gross profit ratio is 25% and which is ₹12,00,000.
- b) Operating expenses (including Debenture interest) ₹8,00,000.
- c) Rate of Income Tax is 50 %.
- d) Purchases and Sales are on credit basis.
- e) Debtors Turnover Ratio (Sales / Debtors) = 12 times.
- f) Creditors Turnover Ratio (Cost of Sales / Creditors) = 12 times.
- g) Earning Per Share ₹20.
- h) Stock Turnover Ratio = 10 times.
- i) Debt Equity Ratio 0.25 : 1.
- j) Current Ratio 2 : 1.

OR

Given below are income statements of Three firms A, B and C.

Particulars	A (₹)	B (₹)	C (₹)
Sales Sa	12,00,000	15,00,000	18,00,000
() Variable expenses	?	?	?
Contribution	8,40,000	10,50,000	12,60,000
() Fixed Cost	1,40,000	1,50,000	2,60,000
Earnings before Interest and Tax	7,00,000	9,00,000	10,00,000
() Interest	1,80,000	2,50,000	2,10,000
Earning before Tax	?	?	?
() Tax 30%	1,56,000	1,95,000	2,37,000
Profit after Tax	?	?	?

2)

Calculate :

4.

1) Operating Leverage

Financial Leverages

3) Combined Leverages of A, B and C Ltd.

15

2. Ultra Ltd. has the following capital structure :

Particulars	₹ in	Lakhs
Equity Share		2.75
10% Preference Shares	ALS S	40
10% Debentures		65 - 5
Total		180

The market of companies Equity share is ₹70. It is expected that the company would next year pay a dividend of ₹8.40 per share on the face value of ₹10. The company's Growth Prospects are 5%; P.a. assuming corporate taxation @ 35%. You are required to :

- 1) Compute weighted average cost of capital based on the existing capital structure.
- 2) Compute the new composite weighted average cost of capital if the company raises additional capital of ₹60 Lakhs as under :

Particulars	₹ in Lakhs
Equity Share	30
12% Preference Shares	10
9% Debentures	20
Total	60

This would result in increasing the expected Dividend to $\gtrless 9.10$ per Equity Share and Leave the Growth rate unchanged at 5 % and the anticipated market price of the Equity shares would fall to $\gtrless 75$.

OR

Aditi Ltd. has Equity share capital of ₹3,00,000 divided in to shares of ₹100 each. It
 wishes to raise further ₹1,00,000 for Expansion cum moderation scheme.

The company plans the following alternatives :

- 1) By issuing Equity shares only.
- 2) ₹20,000 by issuing equity shares and ₹80,000 through debentures or term loan
 @ 10% p.a.
- 3) By raising term loan only at 10% p.a.
- 4) ₹40,000 by issuing Equity shares and ₹60,000 by issuing 8% Preference Shares.

You are required to suggest the best alternative giving your comments assuming the estimated 'Earnings Before Interest and Taxes (EBIT) after expansion is ₹50,000 and cooperate rate of tax is 35%.

15

Q.P. Code : 13805

Venus and Paradise co. gives you the following information. Prepare Trading and Profit 15 & Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2017 and Balance Sheet as on that date in as much as possible :

	~ & & S & & A & S & S & S & S &
Opening Stock	₹ 90,000
Stock Turnover Ratio	10 times
Net Profit Ratio on Turnover	15%
Gross Profit Ratio on Turnover	20%
Current Ratio	
Long Term Loan	₹ 2,00,000
Depreciation on Fixed Assets @ 10%	₹ 20,000
Closing Stock	₹ 1,02,000
Credit period allowed by the suppliers	1 month
Average Debt Collection Period	2 months

On 31st March, 2017 Current Assets consisted of Stock, Debtors and Cash only. There was no bank overdraft. All purchases were made on credit. Cash sales were 1/3 of credit sales.

OR

- a) Find out the compound value of an annuity of ₹1 for 5 years at 5% (Invested at 8 the beginning of the year).
 - b) Following is the Capital Structure of a firm :

7

		Proportion
Equity Capital	4,50,000	45%
Retained Earnings	1,50,000	15%
Preference Share Capital	1,00,000	10%
Debts	3,00,000	30%
Total 7 7 7 7 7	10,00,000	100%

The firm's after Tax component cost of various sources of finance are as follows:

Sources	Cost
Equity capital	14 %
Retained earnings	13 %
Preference capital	10 %
Debts	4.5 %

Calculate weighted average cost of the firm.

- 4. a) State whether the following statements are true or false :
 - 1) Dividend on preference shares is fixed.
 - 2) Compounding technique shows present value.
 - 3) Equity funds includes Debentures.
 - 4) Current ratio is also known as Acid Test Ratio.
 - 5) MM approach is essentially Net operating income approach.
 - 6) Trading on equity is used to increase EPS.
 - 7) Liquidity is convertibility of investment in to cash.
 - 8) Combined Leverages should be as low as possible.
- 4. b) Match the following :

Group 'A'	Group 'B'
• Finance	• To get doubling period
• Rule of 72	Operating Profitability
Life Insurance	Life blood of Business organization
Composite Cost	Protection Scheme
• Liquidity	Giltedged Securities
Net Operating Profit Ratio	Convertibility into Cash
Government Securities	Risk of loss
	• Weighted average cost of capital

OR

Write Short notes on (Any 3) :

4

- a) Functions of Financial Management.
- b) Balance Sheet Ratios
- c) Types of Leverages.
- d) Forms of Investments
- e) Classification of Cost of Capital.

15

8

7