Con. 1750-11.

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 100

- 1. Answer the following questions in not more than two sentences:-
 - (a) When the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 came in force?
 - (b) What is the period of limitation for setting aside the Arbitral Award?
 - (c) What is meant by 'confidentiality' in conciliation proceeding?
 - (d) Are the decisions arrived at the Lok Adalat enforceable?
 - (e) How many minimum and maximum number of Arbitrators are permitted to be appointed on an Arbitral Tribunal?
 - What do you mean by Lien on Arbitral Award?
 - (g) What is the status and effect of Settlement Agreement?
 - (h) Define the term Arbitration.
 - (i) Define the term Court?
 - (j) Arbitral Tribunal is competent to appoint an expert in certain cases.
- Write short notes on any four :-

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- (a) Arbitration Agreement and its essentials
- (b) International Commercial Arbitration
- (c) Commencement of Arbitration
- (d) Termination of Arbitral Proceedings
- (e) Costs U/s. 78
- (f) Settlement Award.
- Attempt any two out of the following situational problems:

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- (a) A Fire Insurance Company under its policy stipulated an Arbitration clause saying that all benefits under the policy shall be forfeited if neither action nor Arbitration is commenced within 3 months of the rejection of the claim.
 - (i) Whether such clause is valid?
 - (ii) Does the Limitation Act, 1963 apply to the Arbitration?
 - (iii) Whether the court has power to extend the time?
- (b) The defendant, defending his claim and counter claim did not appear on one particular date. The Arbitrator proceeded ex-parte and made an ex-parte award. The defalting party was not given any opportunity to explain the reasons for his absence on that date.
 - (i) Whether the ex-parte award be set aside Grounds?
 - (ii) Whether appeal, review or revision petition can be filed against an ex-parte award ?
 - (iii) Citation if any in support of your answer.
- Notice was given to a person to quit an agricultural holding. He relied upon Provisions of the Act requiring to arbitration, which was accordingly done. A date was fixed. He could not pay for a Solicitor to appear for him. He requested the arbitrator for a four-week postponement to enable him to arise necessary funds. The Arbitrator declined his request on the ground that fee was a personal matter between the party and solicitor. At the hearing also he asked for postponement because he was still unrepresented. The Arbitrator refused to oblige him and prepared his award.
 - (i) Is such an award maintainable in law?
 - (ii) Does the conduct of an Arbitrator amount to legal misconduct?
- 4. Answer any **four** from the following:

- (a) What is Lok Adalat? Discuss the Award, Jurisdiction and Power of Lok Adalat.
- (b) What is conciliation? State the difference between Arbitration and Conciliation.
- (c) Define Foreign Award? When the Foreign Awards can become binding and enforceable?
- (d) What are the sailent features of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996?
- (e) Discuss the Provision of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 for Constituting Arbitral Tribunal.
- (f) What are the Provisions relating to correction, Interpretation and Additional Award?

[TURN OVER