Company Law - Nov. 2011 . FR-1087 Con. 5377-11. [ Total Marks: 100 20 1. Answer in not more than one or two sentences :-(a) What is constructive notice? (b) Who is promoter? (c) Define Prospectus. (d) What is Lien on Shares? (e) When the statutory meeting is required to be held? (f) What is 'Debenture' ? (g) Explain Transmission of Shares. (h) What is Amalgamation? (i) What is Floating Charge? (j) What is 'Joint Venture'? 20 2. Write short notes on any four of the following :-(a) Distinguish between Private and Public Company (b) Statement lieu of Prospectus (c) Quorum (d) Contributory (e) Official Liquidator (f) Capital Account Transaction. 12 3. Answer any two of the following: -(a) Directors of 'A and B' Co. Ltd. signed a cheque in the name of the company, stating the company's name as 'AB' Co. Ltd. Thus omitted the word 'And', from the cheque - Answer :-(i) Who will held liable, if the bank returns the cheque as unpaid? (ii) Is there any statutory provision to lift the corporate veil of company? If yes under what circumstances? (b) Articles of Association of 'Sai Chaitanya' Co. Ltd. provided for preferential shares carrying a 'Cumulative Preferential Dividend'. Later on the company altered its Article by striking out the word 'Cumulative' before preference -Answer:-(i) Does preferential share holders of the company still entitle to a Cumulative Preferential dividend? (ii) Distinguish between Cumulative and Non Cumulative Preference Shares. (c) 'Shakti' trading company is a private company and shares of the company are divided between two members who have become irreconciliable. As a result, the business can no longer be effectively carried on. Both members continues to quarrel and refuses to meet on matters of business, and there is no hope of reconciliation :-(i) Can court order winding up of such company? Is it Mandatory on court to order winding up? (ii) On what grounds, Court can order winding up of companies under Companies Act, 1956? 48 4. Answer any four of the following:-(a) Define 'Company' and discuss the advantages of incorporation, with reference to case laws. (b) Discuss the contents of 'Memorandum of Association' and explain the procedure for altering the object clause. (c) Explain the rule laid down in the case of Foss v/s Harbottle alongwith the exceptions, if any. (d) Distinguish between Fixed Charge and Floating Charge under what circumstance floating charge is converted into fixed charge? (e) What are the power of Directors? Also explain how directors can be removed. (f) What is winding up of a company? Who are entitle to file a petition to the

court for the winding up of company?

TURN OVER