(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 100

1. Attempt the following in more than two sentences each :-

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- (a) Define Battery.
- (b) State the jurisdiction of State Commission.
- (c) Define 'Consumer Dispute' under Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
- (d) What is meant by 'Pigeon Hole Theory'?
- (e) What is meant by Liability by Ratification?
- (f) Define Nominal damages.
- (g) What is Legal damage?
- (h) Define malicious Prosecution.
- (i) What is Public Nuisance?
- (j) What does 'Volenti non fit injuria' mean?
- 2. Write short notes on any four of the following :-

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- (a) State Commission
- (b) False Imprisonment
- (c) Unfair Trade Practices
- (d) Actio personalis moritur cum persona
- (e) Vis Major
- (f) Donoghue V. Stevenson.
- 3. Attempt any two of the following :-

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- (a) 'A' resided in a house next to a Roman Catholic Chapel of which 'B' was the priest and the Chapel bell was rung at all hours of the day and night.
 - (i) Who is liable and what is the nature of the Tort committed here?
 - (ii) Write the judgement of the case citing reasons.
 - (iii) Write the name of the Case Law.
- (b) Luther threw a lighted squib in a market house which fell near a person who again threw it away from him. A third person did the same and it fell near Bentham, exploded and blinded one of his eyes.
 - (i) Who is liable and what is the nature of the Tort committed here?
 - (ii) Write the judgement of the case citing reasons.
 - (iii) Write the name of the Case Law.
- (c) Charulata had a daughter by caesarean delivery. She was brought in for delivery of the second child. The doctor in charge tried for labour pains, but there was no progress for 18-20 hours. Ultimately caesarean delivery was resorted to a dead child and was brought forth. The trial for labour pains was found on evidence to be justified. Charulata had another male child after it.
 - (i) Who is liable and what is the nature of the offence?
 - (ii) Write the judgement of the case stating reasons.
 - (iii) Write the name of the Case Law.
- 4. Attempt any four essay type questions from the following:-

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- (a) "Legal Damage is neither identical with actual damage, nor is it necessarily pecuniary". Discuss this in the light of two maxims with Case Laws.
- (b) What is Deceit or Fraud? Discuss in detail the essentials of tort of deceit.
- (c) Explain the ingredients of Assault and Battery citing relevant Case Laws.
- (d) Explain in detail the Central Consumer Protection Council and State Protection Consumer Council.
- (e) What is defamation? And discuss in detail absolute privilege and qualified privilege.
- (f) What is Consumer dispute? And discuss the Objectives and Provisions of Consumer Protection Act, 1986.