

(3 HOURS)

TOTAL MARKS: 100

**N.B.** This paper should be answered in **English** only.

**1. Do as directed:**

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- a) I was taught by him to read. (Change the voice)
- b) He was caught stealing and punished. (Change into compound sentence)
- c) Swami asked Jacky if he had heard the latest news. (Change into direct speech)
- d) Ah, what a sight was there! (Change into assertive sentence)
- e) No other exercise is as healthy as running. (Change the degree of comparison)
- f) I am not so great as him. (Change into affirmative sentence)
- g) do you really come from china said the prince (punctuate the sentence)
- h) State any two features of the law magazine, 'Law Teller'.
- i) Explain the citation:-  
Raj Bhagat v. Anita Singh, AIR 2009 SC 1523
- j) Give full forms of (i) D.M.C. (ii) Cr.L.J.

**2. Write Short Notes on the following: - (Any four)**

**20**

- a) Ubi Jus Ibi Remedium
- b) De Minimis Non Curat Lex
- c) Res Ipsa Loquitur
- d) Writs
- e) Bail
- f) Describe the search for case laws in the following instance:  
Whether a contract signed by a minor can be enforced against him?

3. Read the following and answer the questions given below: - [Any 2]

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A) THE PROTECTION OF HUMAN RIGHTS ACT, 1993  
(Act No. 10 of 1994)

[8<sup>th</sup> January, 1994]

An Act to provide for the Constitution of a National Human Rights Commission, State Human Rights Commission in States and Human Rights Courts for better protection of Human Rights and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

BE it enacted by the Parliament in the Forty-Fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. Short Title, Extent and Commencement.-

(1) This Act may be called The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993.

(2) It extends to the whole of India....

(3) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 28<sup>th</sup> day of September, 1993.

**Identify the following:**

- |                 |                           |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| (i) Short Title | (ii) Date of Commencement |
| (iii) Extent    | (iv) Enacting Formula     |

B) THE MEDICAL TERMINATION OF PREGNANCY ACT, 1971  
(Act No.34 of 1971)

[10<sup>th</sup> August, 1971]

An Act to provide for the termination of certain pregnancies by registered medical practitioners and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

BE it enacted by the Parliament in the Twenty-Second Year of the Republic of India as follows:

1. Short title, extent and commencement.-

(1) This Act may be called The Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act, 1971.

(2) It extends to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

**Identify the following:**

- |                         |                    |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| (i) Date of Assent      | (ii) Short Title   |
| (iii) Official Citation | (iv) Marginal Note |

C)

THE MATERNITY BENEFIT ACT, 1961  
(Act No. 53 of 1961)

[12<sup>th</sup> December, 1961]

An Act to regulate the employment of women in certain establishments for certain periods before and after child-birth and to provide for maternity benefit and certain other benefits.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Twelfth Year of Republic of India as follows:

1. Short Title, Extent and Commencement.-

(1) This Act may be called the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.

(2) It extends to the whole of India.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as may be notified in this behalf in the Official Gazette:-

- a) In relation to mines and to other establishment wherein such Persons are employed for the exhibition of equestrians, acrobatic and other performance, by the Central Government.
- b) In relation to other establishment in a State, by the State Government.

Identify the following:

- |                         |                       |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| (i) Long Title          | (ii) Enacting Formula |
| (iii) Official Citation | (iv) Date of Assent   |

4. Answer all the following:

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A) Write an Essay on **any one** of the following:-

Multinationals a boon or curse for the country

OR

Demonetization: Good or Evil

B) Define a Law Report. Write briefly on any two.

C) Briefly outline the facts, issues and guidelines given by the Supreme Court in

D.K.Basu v. State of West Bengal

OR

M.C. Mehta v. Union of India (Oleum Gas Leak Case)



D) Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:-

Of all the warnings about dramatic effects of climate change, fears of an ice-free Arctic Ocean in summer can become a reality if global temperature rises by more than 2 degrees Celsius over current levels. The Arctic ice cover will continue to shrink through the 21<sup>st</sup> century with rising greenhouse gas emissions. The potential reduction in Arctic ice, resultant rise in water levels and the possibilities of new sea lanes. Changes in the polar ice cap can alter life on earth for the worse with more frequent hot spells unless the annual rate of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions is halted and even reversed. There is an increasingly urgent need to set limits on cumulative GHG emissions and find a way to equitably share the finite carbon space. It is likely that hot spells will increase globally and the number of hot days will go up over the next few decades. These are the predictions and probabilistic of scientists.

- i) What according to the author is there urgent need for?
  - ii) What will the change in the polar ice cap result in?
  - iii) What is the central focus of the author highlighted in the passage about the drastic effects of climatic change?
  - iv) What are the predictions of scientists as given in the passage?
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