History of Cours

Q.P. Code: 304802

(3 Hours)

Marks: 80

## N.B.: 1) All questions are compulsory.

1. Answer the following is not more than two sentences :-

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- (a) What was the role of Choultry Courts in 1639?
- (b) What was the purpose of the Government of India Act, 1935?
- (c) Why is the Supreme Court considered the Apex Court of India?
- (d) What is the purpose of Law Reporting in India?
- (e) What is the theory on which the concept of rule of Law is based?
- (f) What is the contribution of the first Law Commission in India?
- (g) What is 'Lex-Loci'?
- (h) What is the object of writ of "Quo-Warranto"?
- (i) Why is independence of judiciary necessary in the administration of justice?
- (j) Who is empowered to punish the Advocates for mis-conduct?
- 2. Write short notes on any four of the following:

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- (a) Dyarchy in India.
- (b) Principles of Natural Justice.
- (c) Conditions for becoming an Advocate under the Bar Council of India.
- (d) Importance of Mayor's Court.
- (e) Major Reforms made by Cornwallis code.
- (f) Working of the Supreme Court at Calcutta.
- 3. Attempt any two of the following:-

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- (1) The conflict between the Supreme Court and the Supreme Council reached a climax in this case. The Supreme Court claimed its jurisdiction over the whole native population while the Supreme Council opposed it. The Parliament passed the Act of Settlement, 1781 on the basis of the detailed report presented by the Committee appointed for this purpose.
  - (a) Identify the case and give the facts of the case.
  - (b) Describe the main conflict in this case.

- (2) The judgement of the Supreme Court in this case provoked the members of the Council. It increased the conflict and also created panic among the local population of Calcutta. In this case, the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and right of the Court to try action against the judicial officers of the company for an act done in their official capacity was questioned.
  - (a) What was the main issue in this case?
  - (b) What were the effects of the decision held by the Supreme Court in this case?
- (3) Raja Nand Kumar's trial was a very decisive event which led to the growing enemity between the Supreme Court and the Governor in Council. The judges insisted on the independence of judiciary and in spite of interferance of the Council, the Supreme Court began to exercise the administration of justice in India in its own way.
  - (a) Describe the facts of the case.
  - (b) Give reasons for the charges framed against him.
- 4. Attempt any four of the following:
  - (a) What are the salient features of the Government of India Act, 1935?
  - (b) Describe the role of Law Commission in modem India and explain its contributions towards law reforms.
  - (c) Explain the dual system of Courts prevailing in India between 1834 to 1861?
  - (d) Explain the concept of Writ jurisdiction under the Constitution of India. Elucidate the same?
  - (e) Explain the provisions of Advocates Act, 1961 with special reference to its disciplinary powers over Advocates.
  - (f) Discuss the working of the Mayor's Court with special reference to the conflict between Mayor's Court and Governor-in-Council.
  - (h) Explain the growth of legal profession in India and how it necessitated the enactment of the Advocates Act, 1961?

HOL Sem III.

Q. P. Code: 33752 Mary

History of Courts 2018

[Marks: 100] ATKT

[Time: Three Hours]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

1. All questions are compulsory.

2. Figures in the right shows full marks.

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Q.1	nswer the following briefly in not more than two sentences:-	20
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	i) Why did the Mayor's Court in Madras cease to exit in 1746?	of say tour of the
	What was the reason for the enactment of the Advocates Act of 1901?	
	iii) Define Writ of Prohibition under Constitution of India?	Describe the days
	iv) Why is codification important?	To talk since who is
7	or 1: - Tri-h County Act of 1861	
-	a 1:1 the concept of Rule of law based!	an russify all-points
	vii) What was the objection taken by Raja Nand Kumar regarding the jurisdict	
	where Independence of Indiciary considered as one of the pillars of delike	ocracy?
	. I am attend the corneration in the Wixvoi & Coulcul	der the 12.23752
	ix) Name the people who constituted the corporation in the Mayer's	T. Carre one con
	charter of 1688.	
	x) State the principles of Natural Justice? [Figure: Three Hours]	Marks: 100
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Q.2	Write short notes on any four of the following: not the right question paper	20
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	I) Doctrine of precedentie right shows full marks.	
	II) Working of the Supreme Court at Calcutta.	
	III) Separation of Powers.	EMER .
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Q.1	Writ of Mandamus.	
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-	Attempt any two of the following: a under Constitution of India?	12
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2	1) What was the main issue involved in this case?	
	2) Describe the facts of the case by considered as one of the pillars of demo	eracy?
	ix) Name the people who constituted the corporation in the Mayor's County in	derale
	b) He was a surety responsible for the payment of revenue of the company from	Dacca. The
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	of revenues of the Dacca provincial division. He was found in default to the	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
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	2) What was the decision taken by the Supreme Court:	
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- d) The trial of Raja Nand Kumar was the first decisive event which led to the growing enemity between the Supreme Court and Governer-in Council. The Judges insisted on the independence of judiciary and inspite of interference of the council, the Supreme Court began to exercise the administration of justice in India in its own way.
  - 1) Write in detail the facts of the case?
  - 2) Why is it called as the 'Judicial Murder of Raja Nand Kumar'?

## Q.4 Answer any four of the following.

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- a) Describe the development of Legal profession beginning from Company's courts to advocates Act of 1961.
- b) Discuss the working of the Mayor's court with special reference to the conflict between the Mayor's Court and the Governer in Council.
- c) Discuss the concept of the Rule of law and its impact on Indian judiciary.
- d) Describe the role of Law Commissions in Modern India towards the Law reforms.
- e) Describe the salient features of the Government of India Act 1935 with special reference to the administration of justice.
- f) Explain the provisions of the Advocates Act, 1961, especially those pertaining for punishing an advocate for misconduct.