

M.Sc. (Computer Science)-I First Semester Old  
**1MSC1 - Discrete Mathematical Structure Paper-I**

P. Pages : 3

Time : Three Hours



**GUG/W/18/2878**

Max. Marks : 80

- Notes :
1. All the questions are compulsory & carry equal marks.
  2. Draw Neat & Labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
  3. Avoid vague answers and write answers relevant and specific to questions only.

1. Either

a) To Show

- |  |                          |
|--|--------------------------|
| 1) $A \cap A = A$                          | 2) $A \cap \phi = \phi$  |
| 3) $A \cap (B \cap C) = (A \cap B) \cap C$ | 4) $A \cup B = B \cup A$ |

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b) Let A and B be square matrices, if  $AB = BA$  then  $(AB)^n = A^n B^n$  for  $n \geq 1$ .

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**OR**

c) Construct the truth table for the following formula.

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- i)  $(\neg P \wedge (\neg Q \wedge R)) \vee (Q \wedge R) \vee (P \wedge R)$
- ii)  $\neg(P \vee (Q \wedge R)) \Leftrightarrow ((P \vee Q) \wedge (P \vee R))$

d) Show that  $R \rightarrow S$  can be derived from the premises  $P \rightarrow (Q \rightarrow S)$ ,  $\neg R \vee P$  and  $Q$ .

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2. Either

a) Determine the value of n if

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- |                                       |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1) $4 \times {}^n P_3 = {}^{n+1} P_3$ | 2) $6 \times {}^n P_3 = 3 \times {}^{n+1} P_3$ | 3) $3 \times {}^n P_4 = 7 \times {}^{n-1} P_4$ |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|

b) Let  $x = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $R = \{(1, 1), (4, 1), (1, 4), (4, 4), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 2), (3, 3)\}$ . Write Matrix of R and also its diagram.

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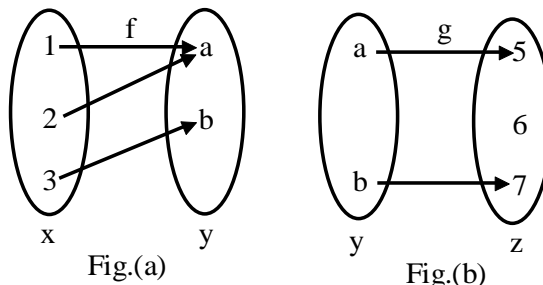
**OR**

c) Let  $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$ , Let  $R = \{(a, b), (a, c), (b, a), (b, c), (c, d), (d, a)\}$  Find the transitive closure of R.

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d) Let  $x = \{1, 2, 3\}$ ,  $y = \{a, b\}$  and  $z = \{5, 6, 7\}$ . Consider the function  $f = \{(1, a), (2, a), (3, b)\}$  and  $g = \{(a, 5), (b, 7)\}$  as in a fig. (a) and (b). Find the composition of  $g \circ f$ .

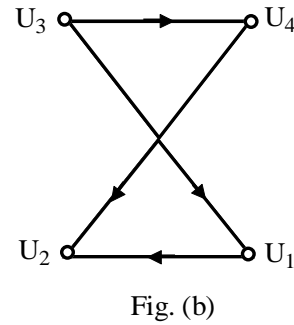
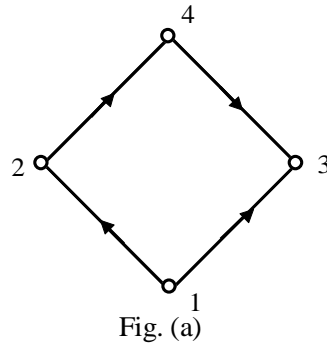
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3. Either

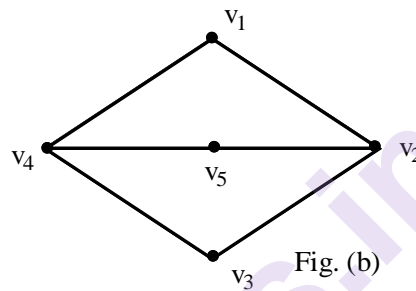
- a) Show that following graph are isomorphic.

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- b) Show that the graph of fig. (b) does not contain a Hamiltonian cycle.

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A graph with no Hamiltonian cycle

OR

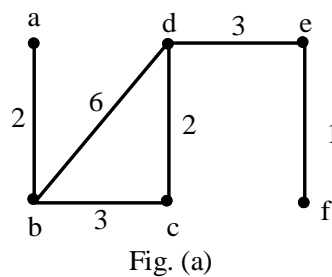
- c) What do mean by Binary Expression Trees? Construct the tree.

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- 1)  $(7 + (6 - 2)) - (x - (y - 4))$
- 2)  $((2 \times 7) + x) \div y \div (3 - 11)$

- d) Find all the spanning trees of graph G and find which is the minimal spanning tree of G show in fig. (a)

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4. Either

- a) Consider the binary operation  $*$  on  $Q$ , the set of rational number define by  $a * b = a + b - ab \forall a, b \in Q$ . Determine whether  $*$  is associative.

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- b) Let  $(A, *)$  be semigroup, show that for  $a, b, c$  in  $A$ , if  $a * c = c * a$  and  $b * c = c * b$ , then  $(a * b) * c = c * (a * b)$ .

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OR

- c) Consider the state transition table given as below:

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	a	b
S <sub>0</sub>	S <sub>0</sub>	S <sub>1</sub>
S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>0</sub>
S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>1</sub>	S <sub>2</sub>

- 1) Draw the diagram of the machine where state transition table is given above and also find finite state machine.
- 2) Find the state transition function.

- d) Let  $G = (V, S, v_0, \vdash)$

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$$V = (v_0, a, b)$$

$$S = (a, b)$$

$$\vdash: v_0 \vdash aav_0$$

$$v_0 \vdash a$$

$$v_0 \vdash b$$

Find  $L(G)$

5. Solve all question.

- a) Write a short note on SETS and SUBSETS with example.

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- b) Determine the value of following

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1)  ${}^{50}C_{45}$

2)  ${}^{20}C_{10}$

- c) Define the following term's

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1) Graph

2) Adjacent node

3) Diagraph

4) Mixed graph

- d) Define Derivation Trees & Finite state Machines.

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