B.E. Mechanical Engineering Sixth Semester ME603 - Operations Research

P. Pages : 3 Time : Three Hours			Iours	s $GUG/W/18/1'$ Max. Marks	
	Note	es :	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	All questions carry marks as indicated. Answer Q. 1 or Q. 2, Q. 3 or Q. 4, Q. 5 or Q. 6, Q. 7 or Q. 8, Q. 9 or Q. 10 Illustrate your answers wherever necessary with the help of neat sketches. Use of non programmable calculator permitted. Use of Random No-chart and Normal std. distribution table is permitted.	
1.	a)	i)	Di	iscuss various phases of operation research and its importance.	8
		ii)	W	hat is the role of operations research in decision making?	8
				OR	
2.	a)	M		$2x_1 + 4x_2 \le 12 2x_1 + 2x_2 \le 10$	12
				$5x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 10$ $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$	
	b)	Ve	rify	the results of above LPP by graphical method.	4
2		٨	20124	any has 5 jobs to be done the following matrix shows the return in DS. Assign the	16

A company has 5 jobs to be done the following matrix shows the return in RS. Assign the five jobs to five machines so as to maximize the total expected profit.

Job M/C	1	2	3	4	5
А	5	11	10	12	4
В	2	4	6	3	5
С	3	12	5	14	6
D	6	14	4	11	7
Е	5	9	8	12	5

OR

4. Determine optimal solution to the problem given in Table 4.1. Obtain initial solution by 16 VAM.

Table 4.1									
\sim	То		Supply						
From		M ₁	M ₂	M ₃	M ₄	Supply			
Р	P ₁	6	4	9	1	40			
L A	P ₂	20	6	11	3	40			
N A	P ₃	7	1	0	14	50			
Т	P ₄	7	1	12	6	90			
Den	nand	90	30	50	30				

A small project consist of seven activities, the details are given below.

Activity	Depends	Time Estimates				
	on	to	tm	tp		
А	-	1	3	7		
В	А	2	6	14		
С	А	3	3	3		
D	B, C	4	10	22		
Е	В	3	7	15		
F	D, E	2	5	14		
G	D	4	4	4		

i) Find critical path

5.

ii) Find the probability that project is completed within 31 days

iii) Find the probability that project is completed 2 days earlier that project duration.

iv) What project duration will have 55% confidence of completion ?

OR

6. A marketing manager wants to launch a new product. The activity breakdown, normal and 16 crash durations and costs are given in table 6.1

Activity	Dependency	Normal		Crash		
		Duration	Cost	Duration	Cost	
А	-	3	50	2	100	
В	-	2	75	1	150	
С	-	6	140	4	260	
D	А	5	100	3	180	
E	A	7	115	6	145	
F	В	2	80	2	80	
G	C, D, F	4	100	2	240	

Table 6.1

If the indirect cost is Rs. 60/- per day, find the optimal project duration. Also find minimum duration and its cost.

7. A computer contain 10000 resistors, the cost of replacing a register individually is Rs. 5/- 16 only. The cost of replacing a register in group is Rs. 2/- per register. The % of registers surving at the end of n months is given below.

Month	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
% of surving at the end of the month	100	97	90	70	30	15	0

i) What is the optimum replacement plan.

ii) What should be the cost of resistor so that we prefer individual replacement policy over group replacement policy.

OR

- **8.** a) Explain the following :
 - i) ABC Analysis.
 - ii) VED Analysis.

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- b) A company requires 16000 units of raw material costing Rs. 2 per unit. The cost of placing an order is Rs. 45/- and the carrying costs are 10% per year per unit of the average inventory. Determine :
 - i) Economical order quantity.
 - ii) Cycle time.
 - iii) Total variable cost of managing the inventory.
- 9. a) A self service store employs one cashier at its counter 8 customers arrive on an average every 5 minutes while the cashier can serve 10 customers in the same time. Assuming Poisson's distribution for corrival and exponential distribution for service rate, Determine :
 - i) Average no of customers in the system.
 - ii) Average no. of customers in the Queue.
 - iii) Average time customer spends in the system.
 - iv) Probability that there are more than 2 customers in the system.
 - b) Discuss characteristics of Queuing model.

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OR

- 10. Arrivals at a public telephone booth are considered to be Poisson with an average time of 5 minutes between an arrival and the next. The length of a phone call can be assumed to be distributed exponentially with a mean of 3 minutes. Use Monte Carlo simulation technique to find out :
 - i) Average waiting time for customer.
 - ii) Probability that a customer has to wait.

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