B.E. Electronics Engineering / Electronics & Telecommunication / Communication Engg. Fourth Semester

EN 404 / ET 405 - Electronics Engineering Materials and Components

P. P Tim	ages : ie : Th	2 hree Hours $* 1 2 2 6 *$	GUG/W/18/1557 Max. Marks : 80
	Note	 es: 1. All questions carry marks. as indicated. 2. Due credit will be given to neatness and adequate dimensions. 3. Assume suitable data wherever necessary. 4. Illustrate your answers wherever necessary with the help of neat s 	ketches.
1.	a)	Explain magnetic hysteresis curve. Why is it called hysteresis curve? Discurse force and retentivity with the help of B-H curve.	iss coercive 8
	b)	Derive an expression for electronic polarizability.	8
		OR	
2.	a)	Assuming that the atom in a solid are surrounded cubically by other atoms $E_{i(Lorentz)} = E + \frac{P}{3 \in_0}$	show that 8
	b)	A what is electronic Polarization? Prove that relative dielectric constant of this type of polarization is given by $\in r = 1 + 4\pi NR^3$ where R is the radius and N is the number of atoms per unit volume.	a gas showing 8 of the atom
3.	a)	The following data is known for copper Density = 8.92 g/cc , Resistivity = 1.73×10^{-8} ohm-m Atomic weight = 63.5 . Calculate the mobili time of collision of the electrons in copper.	8 ty and average
	b)	Define current density, mobility, drift velocity and mean free path. How th the applied field.	ey are related to 8
		OR	
4.	a)	What do you understand by superconductivity? How is the property of sup influenced by the external magnetic field? What is critical current?	erconductivity 8
	b)	State and explain the factors affecting the resistivity of conducting materia	ls. 8
5.	a)	What is doping? Discuss intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors. Explain the minority and majority carriers.	e terms 8
	b)	What are different types of diodes? Discuss each briefly.	8
		OR	

6.	a)	A unijunction transistor used for triggering the silicon controlled rectifier has $RB_1 = 4k\Omega$ and $RB_2 = 2.5k\Omega$. Find (a) the value of intrinsic stand-off ratio and (b) the peak-point voltage if $V_{BB} = 15V$. Take the barrier potential (V _D) as 0.7 V.		
	b)	Explain the construction and working of Unijunction transistor.	6	
	c)	Explain the working of SCR. Draw its forward and reverse characteristics.	8	
7.	a)	Discuss the following steps for fabrication of ICS :-		
		i) Wafer Preparation		
		ii) Epitaxial Growth		
		iii) Photolithographic process.		
	b)	Name the materials used to make LED. Explain the working of LED in brief.	8	
		OR		
8.	 a) Explain the difference between spontaneous emission and stimulated emission. F stimulated emission produces laser light? b) Explain the construction and working of a Laser diode. What type of materials at their construction? 		8	
			8	
9.	a)	Discuss the synthesis of nanoparticles by chemical reduction method.	8	
	b)	Discuss the various steps involved in sol-gel process for the synthesis of nanoporous materials.	8	
		OR		
10.	a)	Write an account on carbon nanotubes. Explain plasma arcing method for synthesis of CNTs.	8	
	b)	Explain chemical vapour. Deposition with basic principle, precursors used, chemical reactions involved, advantages and applications.	8	
