LL.B.(3Years Course)(with Credits)-Regular-Semester 2012 Sem III

LLB3-233 - Environmental Law Paper-III

Time: Three Hours

| Max. Marks: 80

GUG/W/16/3187

Notes: 1. Attempt **eight** questions in all including Q. No.1 (one) Which is compulsory.

- 2. All questions carry equal marks.
- 1. Choose the correct alternative from the options given under each question.
 - i) What is the object of the "Polluter pays principle"?
 - a) Purely deterrent effect
 - b) Retributive effect

P. Pages: 2

- c) Ensure that the victims of damage are compensated as well as that the degradation so caused to the environment is mitigated.
- d) All of the above
- ii) What is meant by doctrine of reparian rights?
 - a) Every owner has a right to get unpolluted water without material alteration in quantity and temperature.
 - b) One who pollutes the water, must bear the cost for it.
 - c) Prevention is better than cure
 - d) None of the above
- iii) Under the constitution of India who has the power to enact laws for prevention and control of water pollution?
 - a) State Legislature
 - b) Central Government
 - c) Both (A) and (B)
 - d) None of the above
- iv) Which Act provides for constitution of site appraisal committees for prevention of water pollution?
 - a) Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act, 1974
 - b) Factories Act, 1948
 - c) Both (A) and (B)
 - d) None of the above
- v) Which of the following is not included in the term "trade effluent" as defined in the water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974?
 - a) Liquid or solid substance from an operation or process
 - b) Gaseous or Solid substance from an industry.
 - c) Domestic sewage.
 - d) None of the above
- vi) Which one of the following categories of animals is not covered by the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972?
 - a) Birds
 - b) Fishes
 - c) Amphibians
 - d) All of the above

vii) What are the remedies available in case of an environmental damage arising of	
1	negligence?
8	a) Injunction – to stop the act from being continued
ł	b) Damages & Compensation
(c) All of the above
(d) None of the above
viii) The World Environmental day is celebrated on	
8	a) December 1
ł	b) June 5
(e) November 14
(d) August 15
ix)	The provisions of environmental protection in the constitution are given in
8	a) Article 5
ł	o) Article 21
(Article 48-A and Article 51-A (g)

d) All of the above

x) Which of the following appears to contribute to global cooling rather than global warming?

- a) Nitrous oxide
- b) Aerosols
- c) Methane
- d) Chlorofluorocarbons
- 2. Write short notes on any two of the following.
 - i) Kyoto Protocol, 1997
- ii) Air Pollution

iii) Noise Pollution

- iv) Right to development
- **3.** Define "Environment" and explain the importance of protection of Environment?
- **4.** What is meant by Global Warming? How does it affect on Environment?
- **5.** What is Sustainable development? Explain the salient principles of sustainable development.
- **6.** Trace the pre-independence history of forest policy and legislation in India.
- **7.** Explain the scope of writ jurisdiction regarding environmental protection with the help of decided cases.
- **8.** Explain the provisions of criminal law relating to the abatement of public nuisance.
- **9.** Discuss the significance of Rio Summit and write a note on Agenda 21.
- 10. Why wild life should be protected? What are the causes of extinction of species?
- 11. "Central government can take such measures as it deems necessary for the purpose of improving quality of environment". Discuss.
- **12.** Explain the different categories of delegated legislations under Environment Protection Act.
