



- Notes : 1. Attempt **Eight** questions in all including Q. No.1 (one) which is compulsory.  
2. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Choose the correct alternative from the options given under each question.
- i) Austin considers ----- to be the source of law
    - a) Sovereign
    - b) Custom
    - c) Precedents
    - d) All of the above
  - ii) Kelson regards jurisprudence as a -----
    - a) Social Science
    - b) A normative science
    - c) Natural science
    - d) None of the above
  - iii) Salmond defines Jurisprudence as -----
    - a) The science of the first principles of law
    - b) The science of the first principles of civil law
    - c) The knowledge of law
    - d) None of the above
  - iv) According to Austin, liberty and right are -----
    - a) Altogether different
    - b) Correlatives
    - c) Synonymous
    - d) Quiet opposite to each other
  - v) Sociological school of Jurisprudence is also known as -----
    - a) Functional School
    - b) School of jurisprudence of interest
    - c) Both (A) & (B)
    - d) None of the above
  - vi) Material sources of law is divided into -----
    - a) Legal Material
    - b) Historical Material
    - c) Customary Material
    - d) (A) and (B) only.
  - vii) "Law is the product of the Volksgeist" is said by -----
    - a) Savigny
    - b) Henry Maine
    - c) Kant
    - d) None of the above
  - viii) "Rights are legally protected interest" says -----
    - a) Austin
    - b) Jhering
    - c) Holland
    - d) Ulpain
  - ix) 'Animus Possidendi' means an interest -----
    - a) To relinquish possession of a thing
    - b) To be in a possession of an animal
    - c) To appropriate to oneself the exclusive right of the thing possessed
    - d) None of the above

- x) Rule of Ejusdem Generis means -----
- a) The words of a statute should be understood in their context.
  - b) The words of a statute should be in strict consonance with its objectives.
  - c) The principle of equity.
  - d) None of the above.

2. Write Short Notes on **any two** of the following.

- i) Social Engineering.
- ii) Judge made law.
- iii) Prospective Overruling.
- iv) Delegated Legislation.

3. Critically examine the statement "Law as a command of the sovereign".

4. Discuss the 'Natural Law' theory.

5. Explain the various theories of punishment.

6. Explain the requirements of a valid custom.

7. Define 'Precedent'. Explain its kinds.

8. Explain the circumstances destroying or weakening the binding force of precedent?

9. Discuss the 'right' in wider sense of the term.

10. Define 'person'. Discuss the legal status of unborn and dead persons.

11. What do you mean by Property? Discuss the modes of acquiring property.

12. Explain the term 'Possession'. Discuss the elements of possession.

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