



- Notes : 1. Attempt **eight** questions in all including Q. No.1 Which is compulsory.  
2. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Choose the correct alternative from the options given below each statement.
- i) The National agricultural policy aims at agricultural growth by over ----- percent.
    - a) 3 %
    - b) 4 %
    - c) 5 %
    - d) 6 %
  - ii) The economic factor responsible for the slow economic growth of India is -----.
    - a) Problem of population explosion.
    - b) Joint family system
    - c) The law of inheritance
    - d) Caste system
  - iii) One of the step to check rapid growth of population in India is -----.
    - a) Infant mortality rate
    - b) Couple Protection rate
    - c) Emigration
    - d) All the above
  - iv) The factor responsible for low agricultural productivity is -----.
    - a) Surplus labour in agriculture
    - b) Defective land tenurial structure
    - c) Poor Inputs and techniques
    - d) All the above
  - v) The growth rate of population depends upon -----.
    - a) Birth rate
    - b) Death rate
    - c) Both birth rate and death rate
    - d) Neither birth rate or death rate
  - vi) The largest food crop of India is -----.
    - a) Maize
    - b) Rice
    - c) Wheat
    - d) Gram
  - vii) An industry is called sick when -----.
    - a) It fails to generate surplus on a continuing basis
    - b) The cash flow goes on increasing in relation to revenue commitments
    - c) The profit after meeting the expenses being less than normal
    - d) The tendency is to draw more by cheque than by cash
  - viii) The main source of finance for industries -----.
    - a) Shares and Debentures
    - b) Public Deposits
    - c) Loans from Banks
    - d) All the above
  - ix) The major cause of low rate of capital formation is -----.
    - a) High Income
    - b) Low level of saving
    - c) High cost of living
    - d) Low level of consumption
  - x) The external cause of industrial sickness are those which are -----.
    - a) Beyond the control of its management
    - b) Under control of its management
    - c) Unknown to the stake holders
    - d) Well known to the management

2. "Indian economy is said to belong to the category of developing economies" Explain.
3. Explain the demographic profile of India and its impact on economic development.
4. Explain the importance of agriculture in the economy of India.
5. Define agricultural credit. What are its different sources?
6. Define the term "Capital formation". What measures should be adopted to increase its supply?
7. What are the important sources of Industrial finance in India?
8. Give an account of the growth, significance and present position of large scale Industry in India and also mention its important problems.
9. Discuss the causes and consequences of Industrial sickness.
10. What are the important causes of low productivity in agriculture in India?
11. What are the main causes of population explosion in the country and explain the steps to control it.
12. Write short note on.
  - a) Non – institutional agro- credit.
  - b) Literacy Rate in India.

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