P. Pages: 3

Time : Three Hours

Notes : 1. All questions carry equal marks.

- 2. Due credit will be given to neatness and adequate dimensions.
- 3. Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
- 4. Illustrate your answers wherever necessary with the help of neat sketches.
- 5. Weightage to the question is indicated in the right margin

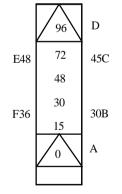
1. a) Explain following terms

- i) Indirect ranging
- ii) Base line
- iii) Off set
- b) The following bearings were observed on a closed compass traverse. calculate the interior **10** angles and correct them for observational errors.

line	Fore bearings	Back bearing
AB	191° 15'	10° 15'
BC	120° 45'	300° 45'
CD	349° 05'	169° 00'
DE	339° 35'	160° 40'
EA	296° 00'	115° 00'

OR

2. a) Plot the following cross staff survey of a field and calculate its area



- b) Explain the construction and working of prismatic compass.
- **3.** a) Explain the following terms
 - i) Bench mark.
 - ii) Change point.
 - iii) Intermediate sight.
 - iv) Height of Instrument.
 - v) Parallax.

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Max. Marks: 80

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b) Following notes refer to levelling. calculate R.L of all points by Rise and fall method prepare a page of level field book and Also apply usual cheek. R.L. of Station No. 1 (B.M) = 520.00m

Station	1	2	3	4	5	6
B.S.	2.234	1.120	1.426	0.826	0.123	-
F.S.	-	1.321	1.539	2.632	0.923	0.813

OR

- 4. a) A level is set up at a station O. The reading on the staff when held at A 360 m away from 8 O is 2.150 and 3-895 when held at B, 550 m away. find the true difference of level between A and B
 - b) State the characteristics and uses of contours.
- 5. a) Describe the procedure of measurement of horizontal angle by Repetition method. Also 8 give the observation table.
 - b) The following are the lengths and bearing of the sides of a traverse ABCD. find the error **8** of closure

Line	Length (m)	Bearing
AB	470.0	338° 22'
BC	635.0	82° 20'
CD	430.0	167° 10'
DA	563.0	259° 42'

OR

- **6.** a) Explain the following terms.
 - i) Transiting
 - ii) swinging
 - iii) Latitude
 - iv) Departure
 - v) Consecutive co-ordinates.
 - b)Write short note on "EDM"6a)Give a detailed classification of Tacheometry.6b)Two tangents intersects at a chainage of 1190m, the deflection angle being 36° if the
radius of curve is 300m, calculate.10
 - i) tangent length
 - ii) length of long chord
 - iii) length of curve
 - iv) Apex distance and
 - x) Versed sine of curve.

OR

7.

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8. a) The following notes refer to a tacheometric survey. The instrument was filted with an anallatic lens and the value of constant was 100. The following observations are recorded, the staff being held vertical.

Instrument	Height	Staff	Vertical	Staff Readings	Remark.
Station	of Axis	Station	Angle		
0	1.32	B.M.	-2° 20'	1.500,2.135, 2.765	R.L. of
0	1.32	C.P	+4° 36'	1.350, 1.820, 2.290	B.M. =
<u> </u>	1.52	0.1	11 30		225.225M
A	1.14	C.P	+5° 12'	1.200, 1.770, 2.340	

Compute the elevation of station A.

10.	a)	Define.	10
		OR	
	b)	Discuss various sources of errors during plane tabling.	6
9.	a)	State methods of plane tabe surveying and Explain radiation method with neat sketch.	10
	b)	Explain transition curve with its characteristics.	4

- i) Ecliptic
- ii) Celestial sphere
- iii) Latitude
- iv) Declination
- v) Celestial poles.
- b) Explain any one method of determination of True north of survey line known to you.

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