M.Tech(with Credits)-Regular-Semester 2012-Structural Engineering & Construction Sem II STC201 - Finite Element Method

P. Pages: 2 Time : Four Hours	* 3 6 5 4 *	GUG/W/16/3972	
		Max. Marks : 70	
Notes : 1.	All questions carry equal marks.		

- 2. Answer **any five** questions.
- 3. Due credit will be given to neatness and adequate dimensions.
- 4. Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
- 5. Illustrate your answers wherever necessary with the help of neat sketches.
- 6. Non programmable calculator is permitted.
- 1. a) Explain the procedure for Finite Element analysis starting from a given differential 6 equation.
 - b) Write the weighted Residual statement and construct the weak form for the following **8** differential equation.

AE
$$\frac{d^2u}{dx^2}$$
 + ax = 0
Subjected to AE $\frac{d^2u}{dx^2}$ (L)=0.

- 2. a) Distinguish between essential and natural boundary conditions in FEM.
 - b) Find the displacements and the member end forces for the beam with $EI = 4 \times 10^6 \text{ N} \text{m}^2$ **10** shown in Fig (1)



3. a) Find the shape functions of a brick element in terms of natural co-ordinates.

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b) For the quadratic, isoparametric triangular element shown in Fig (2) map the point 10 $\xi = 0.5$ and $\eta = 0.25$ on the parent element to the corresponding point on the distorted element.



4. Formulate the finite element equations for triangular torsion element shown in fig (3). 14



- 5. a) Explain Mindlin's approximations for bending of plates.
 - b) Imagine that each side of a rectangular box is modeled by a mesh of that shell elements. 8 Internal pressure is applied. Along the edges where the sides intersect what is DOF can probably be set to zero, and why ?

6

- 6. a) Discuss the stiffness formulation of anyone non confirming plate bending element. 6
 - b) Using Gauss quadrature (two points) evaluate the following integral and compare with exact 8 value.

$$I = \int_{4-2}^{6} \int_{4-2}^{2} (1-x)^2 (4-y)^2 \, dx \cdot dy \, .$$

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