

(Time: 3 hours)

Max. Marks: 80

N.B. (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

(2) Answer any three questions from Q.2 to Q.6.

(3) Figures to the right indicate full marks

Q.1 a) Find $L(t + e^t + \cos t)^2$ [5]Q.1 b) Find the Fourier series for $f(x) = x \sin x$ in $(-\pi, \pi)$ [5]

Q.1 c) Find Karl Pearson's coefficients of correlation between X and Y from the following data [5]

X	100	200	300	400	500
Y	30	40	50	60	70

Q.1 d) If $f(z) = (x^3 + axy^2 + bxy) + i(3x^2y + cx^2 + y^2 + dy^3)$ is analytic, then find a, b, c, d [5]

Q.2 a) A random variable X has the following probability function [6]

X	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
P(X=x)	k	2k	3k	k^2	k^2+k	$2k^2$	$4k^2$

Find i) k, ii) $P(X \geq 4)$, iii) $P(X < 5)$ Q.2 b) Determine the analytic function whose real part is $u = e^x \cos y$ [6]Q.2 c) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty e^{-t} \cosh t \cos 2t \, dt$. [8]Q.3 a) Obtain the Fourier series for $f(x) = \left(\frac{\pi-x}{2}\right)^2$ in the interval $(0, 2\pi)$ [6]Q.3 b) A continuous random variable X has the p.d.f. $f(x) = kx^2 e^{-x}$, $x \geq 0$ [6]Find i) k, ii) $P(1 \leq x \leq 2)$ Q.3 c) Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{s+29}{(s+4)(s^2+9)} \right]$ using partial fraction method [8]Q.4 a) Find $L[f(t)]$, where $f(t) = \cos t$, $0 < t < \pi$ and $f(t) = 0$, $t > \pi$ [6]

Q.4 b) Compute Spearman's rank correlation coefficient for the following data [6]

X	18	20	34	52	12
Y	39	23	35	18	46

Q.4 c) Obtain the Fourier series for

[8]

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ 2 - \frac{\pi}{x}, & \pi \leq x \leq 2\pi \end{cases}$$

Q.5 a) Find $L^{-1} \left[\frac{4s+13}{s^2+8s+13} \right]$

[6]

Q.5 b) Find $L[(1 + \sin 2t)^2]$

[6]

Q.5 c) Find the line of regression of Y on X for the following data

[8]

X	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Y	11	14	14	15	12	17	16

Q.6 a) Find mean and variance for the following distribution

[6]

X	8	12	16	20	24
P(X = x)	1/8	1/6	3/8	1/4	1/12

Q.6 b) Find i) $L^{-1}[\cot^{-1} 2s]$ ii) $L^{-1} \left[\log \left(1 + \frac{4}{s^2} \right) \right]$

[6]

Q.6 c) Prove that the function $f(z) = e^{2z}$ is analytic. Also, find its derivative.

[8]
