University of Mumbai

Examinations Summer 2022

Time: 2 hour 30 minutes Max. Marks: 80

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are
Q1.	compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	Kepler's second law is known as
Option A:	The Law of Orbits
Option B:	The Law of Areas
Option C:	The Law of Periods
Option D:	The Law of Gravity
	\$ 6 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
2.	The quality of space link is measured in terms ofratio.
Option A:	C/N
Option B:	S/N
Option C:	G/T
Option D:	EIRP
	\$S\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z\Z
3.	What is meant by EIRP?
Option A:	Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power
Option B:	Energy Isotropic Radiated Power
Option C:	Equivalent Isotropic Resonance Power
Option D:	Equivalent Intermodulated Radiated Power
	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
4.	The distance of a Geo synchronous satellite from Earth's surface is km.
Option A:	
Option B:	
Option C:	35900
Option D:	25 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
ور _	
5.	The satellite subsystem that monitors and controls the satellite is the
Option A:	propulsion subsystem
Option B:	power subsystem
Option C:	communications subsystem
Option D:	telemetry, tracking, and command subsystem
37 37 56 6	2 4 6 6 6 6 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
6	At the beginning of each burst, certain time slots are used to carry timing & synchronization information, these time slots are collectively known as
Option A:	Preamble
Option B:	Guard time
Option C:	Frame efficiency
Option D:	Decoding quenching
800 12 500	NWA A A A B B B C C
	The point where the orbit crosses the equatorial plane going from north to south is called
Option A:	Ascending node
Option B:	Descending node
Option C:	Line of nodes
Option D:	Line of apsides
6874	
8.5	To make antenna more directional, either its size must be increased or
Option A:	the number of its feed horns must be increased
Option B:	the frequency of its transmission must be increased
A A 10 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	

	X 07 07 07 N H H	
Option C:	its effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP) must be increased	
Option D:	its footprint must be increased	
9.	DAMA stands for	
Option A:	Data accessibility master aerial	
Option B:	Digital attenuators microwave antenna	
Option C:	Dual accessibility mode antenna	
Option D:	Demand assigned multiple access	
10.	The direct equivalence between noise factor and noise temperature:	
Option A:	$Te=(F+1) T_0$	
Option B:	$Te = (F - 10) T_0$	
Option C:	$Te=(F-1) T_0$	
Option D:	$Te = (F - 1)/T_0$	
	でるなった。 スペス・ストック・ストック・ストック・ストック・ストック・ストック・ストック・ストッ	

Please use either of the 3 option given below while setting up the subjective/descriptive questions

Q2	Solve any Four out of Six 5 mai	rks each
A	Explain different orbital parameters.	
В	Define and explain reliability in satellite.	
С	Explain design considerations of Earth Station.	
D	What is EIRP and [G/T] ratio. For a satellite circuit the carrier-to-noise ratios are uplink 23dB, downlink 20dB, intermodulation 24 dB. Calculate the overall carrier-to-noise ratio in decibels.	
Е	Compare: TDMA & FDMA.	
F	Explain GPS.	

Q3	Solve any Two Questions out of Three	10 marks each
A	Explain SPADE system.	
B	Derive satellite link budget equation.	
	Explain VSAT.	

Q4		
A	Solve any Two	5 marks each
	State and explain Kepler's laws with the help of diagram.	
	Explain input back off and output back	off.
	Explain Laser satellite system.	
P B B	Solve any One	10 mark each
	Explain TT&C system with the help of block diagram.	
TO SO SILVES	With the help of block diagram explain transmit receive type of earth station.	