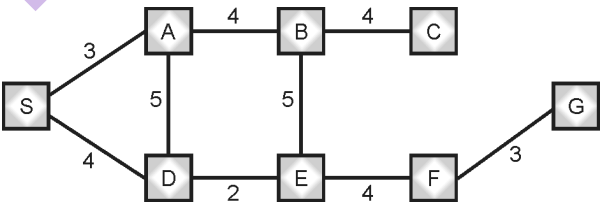


Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	The computer program that simulates the thought process of humans is known as:
Option A:	Expert reason
Option B:	Personal information
Option C:	Expert system
Option D:	Human logic
2.	_____ is the heuristic function of greedy best-first search and _____ is heuristic function of A* Algorithmic search.
Option A:	$F(n) \neq h(n)$ and $f(n) = h(n) + g(n)$
Option B:	$F(n) = h(n)$ and $f(n) = h(n) + g(n)$
Option C:	$F(n) > h(n)$ and $f(n) = h(n) g(n)$
Option D:	$F(n) < h(n)$ and $f(n) = h(n) + g(n)$
3.	The search strategy that uses a problem specific knowledge is known as
Option A:	Heuristic Search
Option B:	Informed Search
Option C:	Best-first Search
Option D:	All of the above Search
4.	In which agent does the problem generator is present?
Option A:	Learning agent
Option B:	Simple-reflex agent
Option C:	Goal based agent
Option D:	Utility based agent

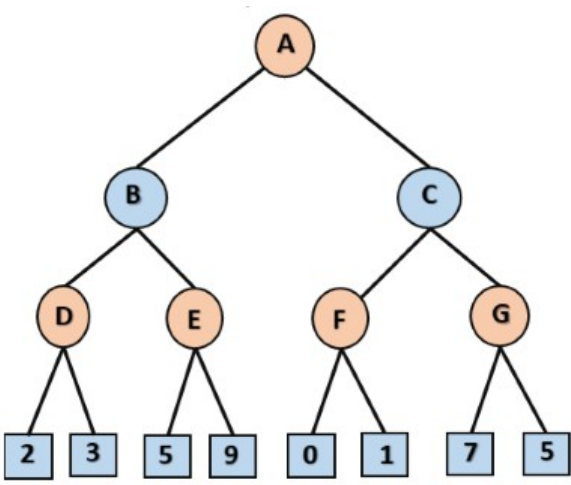
5.	_____ is the field that investigates the mechanics of human intelligence.
Option A:	Sociology
Option B:	Nurology
Option C:	Cognitive science
Option D:	Psychology
6.	What is present in empty plan?
Option A:	Start
Option B:	Finish
Option C:	Modest
Option D:	Both Start and Finish
7.	Which is the most straightforward approach for planning?
Option A:	Best first search
Option B:	Hill climbing search
Option C:	Depth first search
Option D:	State space search
8.	What are you predicating by the logic $\forall x : \exists y : \text{loyal_to}(x,y)$?
Option A:	Everyone to loyal to all
Option B:	Everyone is loyal to someone
Option C:	Everyone is not loyal to someone
Option D:	Everyone is loyal
9.	Which of the following is not a stage of knowledge engineering?
Option A:	Assemble the relevant knowledge
Option B:	Encode general knowledge about the domain.
Option C:	Identify the task.
Option D:	Fixing a problem.
10.	The father of AI is
Option A:	Alan Turing

Option B:	John McCarthy
Option C:	Russel Stuart
Option D:	Andrew Ng

Q2. (20 Marks)	Solve any Four out of Six 5 marks each
A	Explain WUMPUS world environment giving its PEAS description. Explain how percept sequence is generated.
B	Write a short note on conditional probability and its role in AI.
C	What are the limitations of Hill Climbing Search and how that can be overcome?
D	Explain the concept of Supervised Learning.
E	Convert the following statements into predicate logic <ol style="list-style-type: none"> All kings are persons. Every city in Maharashtra has temple. An Apple a day keeps doctor away. Anything anyone eats and is not killed by is food. Square of 3 is 9.
F	Explain the steps involved in Natural Language Processing.

Q3. (20 Marks)	Solve any Two Questions out of Three 10 marks each
A	Consider the following facts: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Steve only likes easy courses. Science courses are hard. All the courses in the basket weaving department are easy. BK301 is a basket_weaving course. Find by resolution that “What course would steve like?”
B	List down all agent types. Explain each with block diagram.
C	Apply A* algorithm on the following graph. Heuristic values are $h(S) = 15$, $h(A) = 14$, $h(D) = 12$, $h(B) = 10$, $h(E) = 10$, $h(C) = 8$, $h(F) = 10$, $h(G) = 0$. S is the start node and G is the goal node. 

Q4. (20 Marks)	
A	Solve any Two 5 marks each
i.	Give types of parsing and generate the parse tree for a sentence “ <i>The cat ate the fish</i> ”.
ii.	Explain Simulated Annealing with suitable example.
iii.	Differentiate between Informed search and uninformed search Algorithms.
B	Solve any One 10 marks each

i.	What is planning? List types of planning and describe in detail Partial order planning.
ii.	<p>Apply the alpha beta pruning on following example by considering the root node a max.</p>  <pre> graph TD A((A)) --- B((B)) A --- C((C)) B --- D((D)) B --- E((E)) C --- F((F)) C --- G((G)) D --- D2[2] D --- D3[3] E --- E5[5] E --- E9[9] F --- F0[0] F --- F1[1] G --- G7[7] G --- G5[5] </pre>

munotes.in