

Time Duration: 3Hr

Total Marks: 80

N.B.:1) Question no.1 is compulsory.

2) Attempt any three questions from Q.2to Q.6.

3) Use of statistical tables permitted.

4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

**Q1. a)** Evaluate  $\int_C (z - z^2)dz$ , where C is the upper half of circle  $|z| = 1$ . [5]

**b)** If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , find the Eigen values of  $A^2 - 2A + I$ . [5]

**c)** State whether the following statement is true or false with reasoning: "The line of regression between x and y are parallel to the line of regression between 2x and 2y." [5]

**d)** Find the dual of the following L.P.P. [5]  
 Maximize  $z = 3x_1 + 17x_2 + 9x_3$   
 Subject to  $x_1 - x_2 + x_3 \geq 3$   
 $-3x_1 + 2x_3 \leq 1$   
 $2x_1 + x_2 - 5x_3 = 1$   
 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$

**Q2. a)** Evaluate  $\int_C \frac{1}{z^3(z+4)} dz$ , where c is the circle  $|z|=2$ . [6]

**b)** Show that the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$  is non-derogatory. [6]

**c)** For a normal variate X with mean 2.5 and standard deviation 3.5, find the probability that (i)  $2 \leq X \leq 4.5$ , (ii)  $-1.5 \leq X \leq 5.3$ . [8]

**Q3. a)** Find the expectation of number of failures preceding the first success in an infinite series of independent trials with constant probabilities p and q of success and failure respectively. [6]

**b)** Solve the following L.P.P. by simplex method [6]

Maximize  $z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$

Subject to  $x_1 + x_2 \leq 4$

$x_1 - x_2 \leq 2$

$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$

**c)** Expand  $f(z) = \frac{2-z^2}{z(1-z)(2-z)}$  about  $Z = 0$  indicating the region of convergence in each case. [8]

**Q4. a)** A biased coin is tossed n times. Prove that the probability of getting even number of heads is  $0.5[1 + (q - p)^n]$ . [6]

**b)** Calculate the coefficient of correlation between X and Y from the following data. [6]

X	100	200	300	400	500
Y	30	40	50	60	60

- c) Show that the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & 4 & 4 \\ -8 & 3 & 4 \\ -16 & 8 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$  is diagonalizable. Find the transforming matrix M and the diagonal form D. [8]

**Q5.a)** Can it be concluded that the average life-span of an Indian is more than 70 years, if a random sample of 100 Indians has an average life span of 71.8 years with standard deviation of 8.9 years? [6]

- b) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^4+1} dx$ , using Cauchy's residue theorem. [6]

- c) Using the Kuhn – Tucker conditions, solve the following N.L.P.P. [8]  
 Minimize  $z = 7x_1^2 + 5x_2^2 - 6x_1$   
 Subject to  $x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 10$   
 $x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 9$   
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$

**Q6.a)** A die was thrown 132 times and the following frequencies were observed. [6]

No. obtained	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
Frequency	15	20	25	15	29	28	132

Test the hypothesis that the die is unbiased.

- b) If two independent random samples of sizes 15 and 8 have respectively the following means and population standard deviations, [6]  
 $\bar{X}_1 = 980$   $\bar{X}_2 = 1012$   
 $\sigma_1 = 75$   $\sigma_2 = 80$   
 Test the hypothesis that  $\mu_1 = \mu_2$  at 5% level of significance.

- b) Using Penalty (Big-M) method solve the following L.P.P. [8]  
 Maximise  $z = 3x_1 - x_2$   
 Subject to  $2x_1 + x_2 \leq 2$   
 $x_1 + 3x_2 \geq 3$   
 $x_2 \leq 4$   
 $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$