		(3 Hours) Total Marks: 80	
N.B:	(2) (3)	Question No. 1 is compulsory Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five questions Figures to the right indicate full marks Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary with proper justifications	
Q1	A B C	What is Hashing? Explain Hash collision with example. Explain types of Double Ended Queue with example. Differentiate between arrays and linked list.	[05] [05] [05]
	D	List different data structures along with one application.	[05]
Q2	A	Construct Binary Search Tree by inserting the following elements in sequence 45, 28, 34, 63, 87, 76, 31, 11, 50, 17.	[10]
	В	Write a program in C to implement Queue using singly linked list.	[10]
Q3	A	Write a program to perform the following operations on doubly linked list: i) Insert a node at the front of the list ii) Delete a node from the front of the list iii) Count the number of nodes in the list	[10]
	В	iv) Display the list Define Graph. Show the adjacency matrix and adjacency list representation for the following graph	[05]
		2 3	
ST	C	Explain stack overflow and underflow conditions with example.	[05]
Q4	A B	Write an algorithm to check the well-formedness of parenthesis. Show the result of inserting the elements 16, 18, 5, 19, 11, 10, 13, 21, 8, 14 one at a time into an initially empty AVL tree.	[10] [10]
Q5	A B	Define tree traversal. Explain binary tree traversal techniques with example. A hash table of size 10 uses linear probing to resolve collisions. The key values are integers and the hash function used is key% 10. Draw the table that results after inserting in the given order the following values: 28, 55, 71, 38, 67, 11, 10, 90, 44, 9	[10] [10]
Q6	A	Explain Depth First Search and Breadth First Search traversal of a graph with example.	[10]
	В	Construct Huffman tree and determine the code for each symbol in the string "PROGRAMMING".	[10]

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