

Duration: 2 ½ hours

Marks-75

- Note: 1) All questions are compulsory.  
 2) Working Notes should form part of your answer.  
 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

**Q.1. (A) Select the most appropriate alternatives from those given below and rewrite the statements. (Any 8) (08)**

- Chairperson of the GST council is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Union minister of state incharge of revenue
  - Union Finance Minister
  - One elected person amongst the state finance minister
  - Minister incharge of finance and taxation
- Mr. A of Gujarat supplies goods to Mr. X of Delhi, this will classify as
  - Intra state supply
  - Inter state supply
  - Export supply
  - Deemed supply
- For banking and financial services, place of supply is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Location of recipient in records of supplier
  - Location of supplier
  - Location of head office
  - Either (a) and if (a) is not available then (b)
- Every electronic commerce operator required to collect tax at source has to furnish a statement in form \_\_\_\_\_.
  - GSTR-1
  - GSTR-5
  - GSTR-7
  - GSTR-8
- Aggregate Turnover includes \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Taxable supplies
  - Inter-state supplies
  - Export of goods and services
  - All the above.
- A non resident person having \_\_\_\_\_ may take registration as a casual taxable person.
  - TAN
  - Adhar number
  - PAN
  - Both (a) and (b)
- The first 2 digits of GSTIN represent \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Entity Code
  - Country Code
  - State Code
  - Checksum character
- \_\_\_\_\_ is the time of supply of vouchers in respect of services when the supply with respect to the voucher is identifiable.
  - Date of issue of voucher
  - Date of redemption of voucher
  - Earlier of (a) and (b)
  - (a) and (b) whichever is later
- Place of supply for services by way of admission to events are \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Place where event is actually held
  - Location of recipient
  - Location of supplier
  - None of the above.



Q.2 (B) Find the time of supply of goods from the following transactions and give explanation to the answer. (07)

1. Determine the time of supply in the following cases where supply involves movement of goods.

Date of Removal	Date of invoice	Date of receipt of payment
01/10/2018	2/10/2018	15/11/2018
5/10/2018	2/10/2018	25/11/2018

2. Determine the time of supply from the following, if there is continuous supply of goods.

Date of invoice	Date of removal	Statement of accounts	Date of receipt of payment
01/12/2018	15/11/2018	5/12/2018	2/12/2018
21/01/2018	18/01/2018	5/01/2018	10/02/2018

OR

Q.2 (P) M/s Radha traders supplied certain goods worth Rs. 5, 25,000 (inclusive of GST) and Equipments worth Rs.8, 50,000 (excluding GST) to Geeta works. Compute the value of supply and also GST payable. (08)

Particulars	Goods	Equipments
Commission charges	10,000	15,000
Packing charges	7,000	2,000
Freight	7,000	8,200
Inspection Charges	570	1,350
Designing charges	2270	1350

- M/s Radha traders gave a discount of Rs.20,000 on equipments.
- Taxes other than GST charged separately by M/s Radha traders Rs.12,000 on goods and Rs.21,000 on Equipments
- GST rate applicable on Goods is 5% and Equipments 12%.

Q.2 (Q) Find the time of supply of services from the following transactions and give explanation to the answer. (07)

1. Determine time of supply of services (normal Case)

Sr.no	Date of provision of service	Date of Invoice	Date of Payment
1	16/09/2018	5/10/2018	6/10/2018
2	12/10/2018	10/11/2018	12/11/2018

## 2. Determine time of supply of services (RCM Case)

Sr.no	Date of invoice	Date of provision of service	Date of entry of Payment in books of accounts	Date of debit in Bank account
1	16/11/2018	26/11/2018	16/01/2019	11/01/2019
2	04/02/2019	03/02/2019	03/04/2019	02/04/2019

Q.3 From the following information for November,2018 calculate the value of taxable and not taxable services assuming that goods and service tax is not included in amounts. (15)

Sr.No	Particulars	Rs.
1	Rent received from Factory building	6,00,000
2	Rent received from Agricultural plot	90,000
3	House is let out to individual for residential purpose	7,00,000
4	Interest earned on loan	5,00,000
5	Sale and purchase of forward contract	10,00,000
6	Coaching to students for IIM exams	8,00,000
7	Development and design of software	1,00,000
8	Express Parcel post services	2,00,000
9	Collection of electricity Bill	1,00,000
10	Implementation of software	5,00,000

OR

Q.3 Mr. Pratik is a new dealer. From the following information find out on which day he will be liable to register under GST, give reason for your answer. (15)

Date	Taxable purchases	Tax free Purchases	Taxable Sales	Tax Free sales
02/04/18	1,00,000	15,000	1,00,000	40,000
04/04/18	-	-	5,00,000	20,000
11/04/18	2,00,000	-	3,00,000	1,00,000
20/04/18	-	-	1,00,000	4,00,000
25/04/18	4,00,000	6,00,000	2,00,000	80,000
02/05/18	-	-	5,00,000	1,50,000
11/05/18	5,000	20,000	1,00,000	3,00,000

Q.4 Ms. Dipti registered in state of Uttar Pradesh provides following details for the month of October. Calculate her net tax liability for the month of October. Closing balance in electronic credit ledger as on 30<sup>th</sup> September is IGST Rs.2, 00,000, CGST Rs.90,000 and SGST Rs.50,000. (15)

Sold goods @ 28% GST to Jagruti in Uttar Pradesh	10,00,000
Sold goods @ 18% GST to Rushikesh in Punjab	9,70,000
Provided Services @ 5% GST to Akshay in Karnataka	4,25,000
Provided Services @ 12% GST to Akash in west Bengal	8,75,000
Inward supplies @ 5% GST from Uttar Pradesh	7,80,000
Inward supplies @ 18% GST from Telangana	50,000
Inward supplies @ 12% GST from Karnataka	85,000
Inward supplies @ 28% GST from Uttar Pradesh	6,70,000

OR

Q.4 A Calculate aggregate turnover of Mrs. Sneha based on the following information (08)

- Taxable supplies Rs.4, 48,000 (including GST @ 12%)
- Exempt Supplies Rs. 85,000.
- Export of goods Rs.2, 30,000.
- Inward supplies on which tax is payable under Reverse charge Rs.50,000
- Inter-state supplies Rs.5,90,000.
- Intra state supply of goods with Nil rate Rs.8,50,000

Q.4 B Kunal who is a manufacturer in Thane provides the following information. Explain whether Kunal is eligible to opt for composition scheme in financial year. (07)

- Intra state supplies Rs.12,50,000
- Intra state supplies GST at nill rate Rs.30,50,000
- Intra state supplies which are wholly exempt Rs.34, 60,000.
- Value of inward supplies on which tax is payable under RCM Rs.5, 40,000.

Q.5 A. Explain GST and features of GST (08)

Q.5 B. Explain composite supply and Mixed supply with example. (07)

OR

Q.5 Short Notes (Any 3) (15)

- Inter and Intra state supply
- Supply with consideration
- Definition of Goods and Services under GST
- Time of supply of goods in case of Voucher.
- Casual Taxable Person.

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