

**VCD/7/05/2022/FYBMS SEM-II/BUSINESS MATHS/ 2 ½ Hrs 75 M**

1. Figure to the right indicate full marks.
2. Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.

**Q.1) All Questions Compulsory ( 2 Mark each)**

**(40M)**

- 1) In how many year will Rs.6500 amount to Rs.7867 at 7% p. a simple interest?  
a)  $n=4$  b)  $n=2$  c)  $n=3$  d)  $n=5$
- 2) A \_\_\_\_\_ is an arrangement of all part of a set objects in definite Order.  
a) Permutation b) Function c) Combination d) Factorial
- 3) In EMI calculation ,the rate of interest is compound  
a) Quarterly b) Yearly c) Monthly d) Six Monthly
- 4) A variable whose value depend on some other variable .  
a) Independent variable b) Variable cost c) Fixed cost d) Dependent variable
- 5) Two task which cannot be done at the same time.  
a) Complementary b) Permutation c) Mutually Exclusive task d) Fundamental Theorem
- 6) Solve the linear equation  $X^2 + 3 = 12$   
a) 3 b) 2 c) 1 d) 0
- 7) A matrix of order  $n \times 1$  is called as \_\_\_\_\_ matrix  
a) unit b) column c) row d) square
- 8) A particular matrix defined in order to find the inverse of matrix .  
a) Triangular matrix b) Row matrix c) Symmetric matrix d) Adjoint of matrix
- 9) The matrix all the value zero is called \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Identity matrix b) Null matrix c) Transpose matrix d) unit matrix The product of price and demand is known as
- 10) The product of price and demand is known as  
a) Marginal revenue b) Total revenue c) Average revenue
- 11) The derivative of a function w.r.t.  $x$  measures  
a) rate of change of  $y$  w.r.t  $x$  b) change in  $y$  c) change in  $x$  d) rate of change of  $x$  w.r.t  $y$
- 12) The point at which the demand quantity equal the supply quantity is called \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Equilibrium point b) Break-even point c) Cost function d) Profit function

13) A contingent annuity that in which the payments continue as long as a certain person is alive

- a) Life Annuity b) Annuity Due c) Variable Annuity d) Perpetuity Annuity

14) The initial amount borrowed or lent is called

- a) Present value b) Rate of Interest c) Sum Due d) Principal amount

15) The derivative of a derivative is called \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Anti-derivative b) Second order derivative c) Secondary derivative d) Super derivative

16)  $(uv)$  is differentiable at  $p$

- a)  $(u+v)'(p) = u'(p) + v'(p)$  b)  $(cu)'(p) = c u'(p)$  c)  $(uv)'(p) = u'(p) v(p) + v'(p) u(p)$

d)  $(u/v)'(p) = \frac{u'(p) v(p) - v'(p) u(p)}{[v(p)]^2}$

17) If third order difference of  $y$  are zero,  $y$  is a

- a) linear function of  $x$  b) cubic function of  $x$  c) quadratic function of  $x$  d) original function of  $x$

18) Taking  $h = 1$  as interval of differencing, find  $\Delta f(2)$  where  $f(x) = 4x^3 - 3x + 2$

- a) 34 b) 30 c) 73 d) 56

19) In how many ways can 10 examination papers be arranged so that the best and the worst paper never come together

- a)  $8 \cdot 9!$  b)  $8 \cdot 8!$  c)  $8 \cdot 7!$  d)  $9 \cdot 8!$

20) On solving  $2p - 3q - 4r + 6r - 2q + p$ , the answer will be

- a)  $8q - 5r$  b)  $10p + 3q - 5$  c)  $3r - 5q + 2r$  d)  $7p + 5r$

**Q.2) Solve (Attempt any one)**

**(10M)**

- a) Find the present value of Rs.40,00,000 required 4 years from now if the Compound interest rate is 5%

**(OR)**

b) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 & 0.3 \\ 0.4 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$  is technology matrix and  $D = \begin{bmatrix} 200 \\ 800 \end{bmatrix}$  is final demand vector then find the total output matrix

**Q.3) Solve (Attempt any one)**

**(10M)**

- a) Examine the Following Function for maxima and minima.  $f(x) = 2x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x + 5$

**(OR)**

b) The Sales of company are given for some years. Estimate the sales for the year 2009, using Newton's backward integration formula.

X	2004	2006	2008	2010	2012
F(x)	40	43	48	52	57

**Q.4) Write Short Notes (Attempt any Three)**

**(15M)**

- Distinguish between Permutation and Combination
- EMI using reduction balance method
- Type of Matrices with examples.
- Write a note on elasticity of demand
- Explain the application of Derivatives in business management.