S.Y.BSc. Semester-III Examination

Zoology Paper-III

Course Code- USZO 303

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NCD.	-2t1	10	110
	-	10	1 10

3. Parasitism is a positive interaction 4. Casein is not present in milk.

5. Digenetic parasites need only a single host to complete its life cycle

Hr. 100

CD	-23/10/19		Ouration: 3.00 H Total Marks: 10
2020.0			Total Marks. 10
Not	te: 1) All questions are compulso	ory.	
	2)Draw the diagrams whereve	er necessary.	
	3)Figure at Right indicates ma	rks.	
	4) Answer the questions in ser	ial order.	
	A) Fill in the blanks is known as father o (Douglas Spadling, Konrad L		(05)
2.	. Stimuli or response to a moth (filial imprinting, classical co		
3.	Parasites which causes severe condition is known as (endoparasite, pathogenic parasite)	damage after infection to man resulting asite, facultative parasite)	in pathological
4.	The product obtained from mi (skim milk, recombined milk,	lk by removal of water and fat is called. toned milk)	2012 1.71 (2)
5.	Anthrax is a dise (Bacterial, virus, pathogenic)		
В	B) Match the following		(05)
	Nosema disease	A) Parr(1927)	(00)
2.	Zebra finches	B) milk product	
3.	Biological vectors	() Honeybee	
4.	Schooling behavior	D) Sexual imprinting	
5.	Yogurt	E) Insects	
		*	
	True or False		(05)
1.	Ethology.	eals with study of animal behavior id kno	iwn as
2.	Ants communicate with each of	other's through pheromones.	

D) Answer in one sentence	(05)
1. What is FAP?	(05)
2. Define Chemotaxis	
3. What is warning colouration?	
4. Define Dairy science	
5. What are Non-pathogenic parasite	
Q2) Answer the following	(10)
A) Define Imprinting. Explain different types of imprinting. OR	(10)
A) Describe in detail any two aspect of non-human primate social behavior.	
Q2 B) Answer the following Answer the following (Any2)	(10)
1. Explain communication in Bees.	(10)
2. Territorial behavior.	
3. Schooling behavior in fishes.	•
4. Habit selection.	
Q3) Answer the following (Any 1)	(10)
A) Explain the life cycle of entamoeba histolytic. Add a note on its control ar	id treatment
OR	ia treatment.
A) Giving examples describe adaptations in endoparasites in detail.	**
Q3 B) Answer the following (Any 2)	(10)
 Give ant two types of parasitic adaptation in endoparasites. 	(10)
2. Explain the morphology and control measures of mite.	
Signs and symptoms of bird flu.	
4. 4) Scolex in tape worm.	
Q4) Answer the following (Any 1)	(10)
A) Explain in detail how raw milk is processed	
OR	
A) Define Apiculture. Explain modern method of Apiculture.	
Q4 B) Answer the following (Any 2)	(10)
1. Two types of bacterial disease in honey bee.	
 Epigenic earthworms Two types of milk adulterants used in India 	
of the state and the state of t	
4. Describe composition of milk. Q5) Write short Notes on (Any 4)	
Q5) Write short Notes on (Any 4) 1. Significance of ritualization	(20)
2. How is rabies transmitted?	
3. Innate behavior	
4. Chemical composition of honey	
5. Schooling behavior in fish	
6. Advantages of processing dairy products.	
7. What is mimicry?	
8. What id toxoplasmosis? Give it causes	
or that is to hopids mosts. Of ve it eauses	