14/05/22

VCD......FYBSC SEM II PAPER I DESCRIPTIVE STATS II 100 MARKS 3 HRS

Q1. Attempt the following. [50 MARKS] 1) If $r = 0.32$, $Cov(x, y) = 15$, $V(x) = 9$ then $S. D(y) =$
a) 15.625 b) 14.652 c) 16.625 d) 17.652 2) Let $x = 2y + 4$ and $y = kx + 6$ are regression lines x on y and y on x is the value of k if $r=0.5$
a) $\frac{1}{8}$ b) $\frac{1}{3}$ c) $\frac{1}{2}$ d) $\frac{1}{4}$ 3) The regression lines y on x and x on y are 5y-x=21 and 64x-45y= 31. Variance of x is 25. SD(y) = a) $\frac{1}{6}$ b) $\frac{45}{64}$ c) $\frac{3}{8}$ d) $\frac{8}{3}$
4) The normal equations for a straight line $y = ax + b$ are: a) $\Sigma y = a\Sigma x + nb$ and $\Sigma xy = a\Sigma x^2 + b\Sigma x$ b) $\Sigma xy = a\Sigma x + nb$ and $\Sigma y = a\Sigma x^2 + b\Sigma x$ c) $\Sigma y = a\Sigma x + nb$ and $\Sigma xy = a\Sigma x^2 + b\Sigma xy$ d) $\Sigma y = a\Sigma x + nb$ and $\Sigma x2y = a\Sigma x^2 + b\Sigma x$
5) If the values of two variables move in the opposite direction then a) The correlation is said to be linear b) The correlation is said to be non - linear c) The correlation is said to be positive d) The correlation is said to be negative 6) The value of simple correlation coefficient lies in the interval a) $[0,1]$ b) $[-1,1]$ c) $[1,\infty]$ d) $(-\infty,1)$ 7) The coefficient of correlation between two variables x and y is 0.48. The covariance is 36 and variance of x is 16. The S.D. of y is a) 10.15 b) 13.32 c) 16.5 d) 18.75 8) If the sum of squares of different of ranks of 6 candidates in 2 criteria is 21, the rank correlation coefficient is a) 0.5 b) 0.6 c) 0.4 d) 0.7 9) If n= 10, $\Sigma x=4$, $\Sigma x^2=8$, $\Sigma y=3$, $\Sigma y^2=9$, $\Sigma xy=3$, then coefficient of correlation is
a) ½ b) 7/12 c) 15/4 d) 14/3 10) Index numbers are expressed in
a) Ratios b) Squares c) Percentages d) Proportion
11) Index Numbers may be categorized in terms of? a) variables b) constants c) numbers d)Alphabet 12) Price relatives are a percentage ratio of current year price and: a) Base year quantity b) Previous year quantity c) Base year price d) Current year quantity 13) Aggregative method is further divided into many types. a) one b) two c) three d) four 14) Laspeyre's index = 100, Paasche's index = 121, then Fisher's index = a) 110 b) 108 c) 100 d) 109 15) Most commonly used index number is number. a) Volume index b) Value index c) Price index d) Simple index 16) Price Index Numbers measures the changes in a) relative changes in prices of commodities between two periods b) single variable c) Physical quantity of goods produced d)None of the Above.

17) (Consumer	price inc	dex nu	imbers ar	e obtaine	d by		formula.				
/ .	oville	avelage III	letiloa	isher idea , we canno d periods	of find the	trend val	mor of co	100.0				1
19) A	An orderly	y set of da	ata arı	anged in	accordan	ce with t	ds d) Be heir time	tween ex	treme pe	eriod		,
-										carred		
a) A	runmetic	series	b) Ha	rmonic se	ries c) G	eometric	series	d) Time	eseries			
21) T	a) Two The metho	b) T od of mov	hree ing av	componer c) F verage is a nal variat	our used to fi	d) Five nd the /clical va	 riation	d) Irregu	ılar varis	ation		
22) I	n a straig	ht line eq	uation	a Y = a +	bX; b is t	he		,8-	THE VIEW			
				Slope				d) Tren	d			
23) If value	years fron	1998 to	2001,	the sales a	are 200, 10	00, 300,40	00 respec			y trend		
		а) 300	b) 200	c) 400	d) 100		al 5)				
24) T	he secula	r trend is	meas	ured by th	ne method	d of semi	-average	s when:				
a) Tir	me series	based year	arly v	alues b) Time seri	Time ser	ies consi	ete of av	on numb	er of va	lues		
				patients in								
				r variation					ical vari	ation		
				ve any Thr				d) Cycl	icai vari	ation		
i.Dei	ine scatte	r diagran	n. Also	define s	trong pos	itive. we	ak nega	tive and i	nerfect r	ositivo		
001101	ation with	me neib	OI SC	atter diag	ram.		ga	are and p	ochect p	JOSILIVE		
2. Pro	ve that C	ov(x-a/c	, y-b/	d) = (1/cd)	Cov(x,y)							
3. FIN	d the regr	ession co	peffici	ent and e	equation of	of regres	sion line	s from th	e follow	ing data	. Also	
obtaii	y when >	X=10 and X	x whe	en y=15 Y							edjuži je	
	Mean	25		20								
	S.D.	04		03	Correl	ation Co	efficient	is 0.5				
4. Find	d the spea	arman's r	ank c	orrelation	from the	following	data.	0.0				¥0
X	48	33	40	ing agov o	y 11 Bas	firmap zi	27, 24,01	ratis (ut.)	Jerusay	mb(r)	all to	
Y	13	13	24	9	16	16	65	24	16	57	Page 121	
	1 -0	2.5	24	0	15	4	20	9	6	19	12/12/27 74	

- 5) Find the point of intersection from the following equation of regression lines. 5y- 4x-15=0, 3y-5x-18=0
- Q 3. Attempt the following. Solve any Three. [15 MARKS]
 - 1. Define Time-series. Discuss its main components.
 - 2. Write note on measurement of seasonal variation.

3. Calculate 4 yearly moving average for the following data:

Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Sale	35	38	42	45	42	41	50	48

^{4.} The given table shows trend free figures of quarterly sales (in crs) made by a mega mall. Find the seasonal indices.

Quarterly Values

Year	1	ab grider of salt is	III	IV
2008	152	157	162	135
2009	157	148	165	150
,2010	154	157	153	154
2011	158	156	148	152

5. Find a linear trend by the method of least squares to the following data and estimate the trend value for 2008.

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Sale	265	270	280	290	300	320	310

Q4. Attempt the following. Solve any Three. [15 MARKS]

1. Explain briefly various steps involved in construction of Index number.

2. What are the uses of Index number.

3. The cost of living index number for industrial workers is 215. Obtain group index for the group D.

Group	Group index	Weights
А	254	45
. В	174	15
C	160	12
D	X	18
E	211	8

4. For the following data, calculate price index number using (i) Dorbish-Bowly method,

Marshall Edgeworth method

Commodit y	Price	es in Rs.	Quantity		
es index =	Base Year	Current Year	Base Year	Current Year	
A	20	30	50	55	
В	40	60	12	15	
C	10	30	10	14	
D	30	50	25	30	

5. Calculate Chain base indices for the following data.

Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Index no.	100	114	126	137	143

Q5. Attempt the following. Solve any One. [05 MARKS]

1. Find the correlation coefficient for the following data.

X	2	4	6	8	10	12
Υ	4	8	16	14	20	10

2. Calculate 3 yearly moving average for the following data

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Productio n	1050	1070	1090	1120	1140	1160	1180

3. For the following data index number calculated by weighted aggregative method

X	2	4	6	8	10	12
Υ	4	8	16	14	20	10