Duration: [2½ Hours] [Total Marks: 75]

- N.B. 1) All questions are compulsory.
  - 2) Figures to the right indcate full marks.
- 1. (a) Attempt any **ONE** question:

(8)

- i. Show that every planar graph is 5-vertex colorable.
- ii. State and prove Euler's fromula for planar graphs. Hence or otherwise prove that the minimum degree of a simple planar graph is  $\leq 5$ .
- (b) Attempt any **TWO** questions:

(12)

- i. Define vertex chromatic number  $\chi(G)$  of a simple finite graph G. Prove that  $\chi(G) \leq \Delta(G) + 1$  where  $\chi(G)$  represents vertex chromatic number of a graph G and  $\Delta(G)$  denotes the maximum degree of G.
- ii. If G is a planar (p,q) graph in which every face is bounded by a cycle of length at least n, then show that  $q \leq \frac{n(p-2)}{n-2}$ .
- iii. For a simple graph G of order p and size q, prove that  $\pi_k(G)$ , the chromatic polynomial of the graph G, is monic polynomial of degree p in k with integer coefficients and constant term zero.
- iv. Show that for a cycle  $C_n$  of length n, the chromatic polynomial  $\pi_k$  is given by  $\pi_k(C_n) = (k-1)^n + (-1)^n(k-1)$  for  $n \geq 3$ .
- 2. (a) Attempt any **ONE** question:

(8)

- i. State and prove Max Flow-Min Cut Theorem.
- ii. State and prove the necessary and sufficient condition for a family of n sets to have System of Distinct Representative.
- (b) Attempt any **TWO** questions:

(12)

- i. Define val(f), value of flow f. If f is flow in a network N and P is any f-incrementing path, then show that there exists a revised flow f' such that valf' > valf.
- ii. Show that the number of different system of distinct representatives for the family  $A_i = \{1, 2, ..., n\} \{i\}, 1 \le i \le n$  is  $D_n$ , the number of derangements on n symbols.
- iii. Prove that for any flow f and any cut  $(S, \overline{S})$ ,  $val(f) = f^+(S) f^-(S)$ .
- iv. If  $\{A_1, A_2, \ldots, A_n\}$  be a family of set, then prove that the largest number of sets of the family which together have a system of distinct representative equals the minimum value of expression  $|A_{i_1} \cup A_{i_2} \cup \cdots \cup A_{i_k}| + (n-k)$  for all choices of  $k=1,2,\ldots n$  and all choices of  $i_1,i_2,\ldots,i_k$  with  $1 \leq i_1 < i_2 < \cdots < i_k \leq n$ .

TURN OVER

3. (a) Attempt any **ONE** question:

(8)

- i. Derive the recurrence relation for number of ways of dividing a (n+1) sided convex polygon into triangular regions by inserting diagonals that do not intersect in the interior and prove using generating function that the solution to this recurrence relation is a Catalan Number.
- ii. Derive the recurrence relation to climb a staircase with n steps by taking 1 or 2 steps at a time and solve it using generating function.
- (b) Attempt any **TWO** questions:

(12)

- i. Let B denotes a forbidden chess board in which a special square \* has been identified. Let D denote the board obtained from the original board by deleting the row and column containing the special square and E denote the board obtained from the original board where only the special square \* is removed from the board, then prove that R(x, B) = xR(x, D) + R(x, E).
- ii. Derive the recurrence relation for the number of regions into which the plane is divided by n straight lines, no two of which are parallel and no three of which are concurrent. Furthermore using generating function, show that the solution of the above recurrence is  $\frac{n(n+1)}{2} + 1$
- iii. Solve recurrence relation  $a_n = a_{n-1} + 1$  for all  $n \ge 2$  subject to initial conditions  $a_1 = 1$  using generating function.
- iv. Show that the number of nonnegative integer solutions of the equation

$$x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_k = r$$
 is given by  $\begin{pmatrix} r+k-1 \\ r \end{pmatrix}$ 

4. Attempt any **THREE** questions:

(15)

- (a) Show that a connected graph G on n vertices is a tree if and only if the chromatic polynomial of G is  $k(k-1)^{n-1}$ .
- (b) Show that  $\chi'(G) \geq \Delta(G)$  where  $\chi'(G)$  denotes edge chromatic number and  $\Delta(G)$  denotes the maximum degree of G. Give an example of the graph for which  $\chi'(G) = \Delta(G)$ .
- (c) If f is any flow and K be any cut in a network N with val(f) = cap(K) then show that f is maximum flow and K is minimum cut.
- (d) Define System of distinct representatives for a family of sets. Let  $A = (A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4, A_5, A_6)$ , where  $A_1 = \{1, 2, 3\}, A_2 = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}, A_3 = \{1, 2\}, A_4 = \{2, 3\}, A_5 = \{1\}, A_6 = \{1, 3, 5\}.$  Does family A have an System of Distinct Representative? If not, what is the largest number of sets in the family with an System of Distinct Representative?
- (e) Prove that if B is a board of darkened squares that decomposes into the two disjoint sub boards  $B_1$  and  $B_2$  then prove that  $R(x, B) = R(x, B_1)R(x, B_2)$ , where R(x, B) is a rook polynomial for board B.
- (f) If  $h_n$  denote the number of nonnegative integral solutions of the equation  $3e_1 + 4e_2 + 2e_3 + 5e_4 = n$ , find generating function for  $h_n$ .

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