Note: (i) All questions are compulsory.

- (ii) Figures to the right indicate marks.
- (iii) Illustrations, in-depth answers and diagrams will be appreciated.
- (iv) Mixing of sub-questions is not allowed.

Q.1) Attempt the following (Any Three)

(15M)

- a) Define subspace of a vector space V. Verify the set $W = \{(x,0)/x \in IR\}$ is subspace of IR^2 .
- b) Solve the non-homogenous linear equations x + y + z = 1, x + 2y + 3z = 5, 2x + 3y + 4z =
- c) Prove all five addition properties of vector space for the set $S = \{(3x, x): x, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
- d) Define linearly dependent and independent vectors. Verify $S = \{(-1,1,1),(2,1,1),(1,2,2)\}$ is linearly dependent or independent.
- e) Define linear combination of vectors in vector space V. Verify (1,2,3) as a linear combination of (1,0,0), (1,1,0) and (1,1,3).
- f) Let $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ defined by T(x, y) = (x y, 1). Show that T is not a linear Transformation.

Q.2) Attempt the following (Any Three)

(15M)

- a) Find Area of tetrahedron formed by (1,1,3),(4,3,2),(5,2,7),(6,4,8)
- b) Find distance and angle between two vectors x = (-2,1,3) and y = (4,5,1) in IR^3
- c) Use the Gram-Schmidt orthonormalization process to construct an orthonormal basis for the set $S=\{(2,1,2),(4,1,0),(3,1,-1)\}$
- d) Check whether the set $\{(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 0), (\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, 0), (0,0,1)\}$ is orthonormal.
- e) Using Crammer's rule, Solve the non-homogenous linear equations
- x + y z = 1, 8x + 3y 6z = 1, -4x y + 3z = 1
- f) Find i) volume of Parallelopiped formed by (3,2,1),(-1,3,0), (2,2,5). ii) area of a triangle formed by (-4,1),(6,2), (3,-3)

Q.3) Attempt the following (Any Three)

(15M)

- a) Show that Similar matrices have same eigen values.
- b) Solve the following differential equation using Eigen values and Eigen vectors

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 2x + 3y, \qquad \frac{dy}{dt} = 4x + y$$

- c) Prove that eigen value of A is same eigen value of A^T.
- d) Check whether the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ is diagonalizable. If yes, then non-singular matrix P such that P-1AP is diagonal matrix.
- e) Check whether the matrix $A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ is orthogonal or not.

f) Find Eigen values and Eigen vectors for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

Q.4) Attempt the following (Any Three)

(15M)

- a) Find singular value decomposition of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- b) Define norm of a matrix. Find the condition number of the positive definite matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$.
- c) Find minimum value of the given quadratic form: $P(x, y) = 4x^2 - 2xy + 3y^2 + 3x-2y$
- d) Find local maxima, local minima and saddle point of the function $f(x,y) = x^3 + 3xy^2 15y^2 15x^2 + 72x$.
- e) Check whether the following matrices are positive definite or not. $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- f) Explain the types of Quadratic forms.

Q.5) Attempt the following (Any Three)

(15M)

a) Find Optimal Solution by simplex method

Maximize
$$z = 3x_1 + 7x_2$$

Subject to constrains $2x_1 + 5x_2 \le 20$
 $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 4$
 $x_1 \ge 0, x_2 \ge 0$

b) Solve the given linear programming problem graphically.

Maximize
$$z = 13 x+15y$$

Subject to $5x+8y \le 760$
 $3x+y \le 228$
 $x \ge 0, y \ge 0$

c) Following payoff matrix refers to two player game player A and player B. Each player has four strategic options. Find optimal strategies for player A and B in the following game. Also find the value of the game.

Player A
$$\begin{bmatrix} 500 & 260 & 200 & 210 \\ -50 & -100 & -40 & 240 \\ 200 & 400 & 100 & -20 \\ 250 & 300 & 100 & 50 \end{bmatrix}$$

d) Explain Duality in L.P.P. Also Write the dual of the given problem:

Minimize
$$z = 4x_1 + 3x_2$$

Subject to $200x_1 + 100x_2 \ge 4000$
 $x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 50$
 $40x_1 + 40x_2 \ge 1400$
 $x_1 \ge 0, x_2 \ge 0$

e) Solve the given linear programming problem graphically.

Minimize z = 10 x+7ySubject to $2x+y \ge 2$ $x+3y \ge 3$ $x \ge 0, y \ge 0$

f) Two types of food i.e. A and B are available. Each contains vitamin N1 and N2. A person needs 4 gram of vitamin N1 and 12 grams vitamin N2 per day. Food packet A contain 2 gram of vitamin N1 and 4 grams of vitamin N2. Food packet B contain 1 gram of vitamin N1 and 4 grams of vitamin N2. If the food packet cost Rs.15 and Rs.10 for A and B respectively, Then Formulate the LPP to minimize the cost.