QP Code: 03294

(2½ Hours) [ **Total Marks : 75** 

**N.B.** (1) All questions are compulsory.

- (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (3) Use of logarithmic table / non-programmable calculator is allowed.

## **Physical Constants**

$$N = 6.022 \times 10^{23}$$

$$k = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ JK}^{-1}$$

$$F = 96,500 \text{ coulombs}$$

$$R = 8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

$$h = 6.625 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J. s.}$$

$$c = 3.1 \times 10^{8} \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$\frac{2.303 \text{RT}}{\text{F}} = 0.0592 \text{ at } 298 \text{ K}$$

$$\pi = 3.142$$

- 1. Attempt any **three** of the following:—
  - (a) State any three merits and two drawbacks of collision theory.

5 to 5

- (b) With the help of neat labeled diagram explain the stop flow method used to study the kinetics of fast reactions. State the advantages of this method.
- (c) Explain the low resolution NMR spectrum of methanol and ethanol. 5
- (d) Discuss the viscocity method of determining molar mass of polymers.
- (e) A polymer sample is composed of chains of three distinct molecular weights  $2 \times 10^4$ ,  $3 \times 10^4$  and  $4 \times 10^4$  in the ratio 1 : 2 : 1.

Calculate  $\overline{M}_n$  and  $\overline{M}_w$ 

(f) Explain the following terms with suitable diagrams in NMR spectroscopy:

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- (i) Flipping of a proton
- (ii) Larmor precession.
- 2. Attempt any **three** of the following:—
  - (a) Define an expression for determination of pH using quinhydrone electrode in acidic and alkaline medium.

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- (b) Define decomposition potential. Describe the experimental method for determination of decomposition potential.
- (c) (i) State any two objectives of electroplating.

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(ii) The overvoltage of hydrogen on a certain cathode is 0.44V. Calculate the minimum voltage that must be applied to evolve hydrogen on this cathode from a solution of pH = 3.6

with the 5

(d) Describe the principle, construction and working of the silicon solar cell with the help of a neat labeled diagram.

(e) The emf of the cell

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Ag | KCl (0.1m) sat- with AgCl calomel electrode

is 0.0390V at 298K. Calculate the solubility product and solubility of AgCl in pure water at 298K. ( $\gamma$  of KCl = 0.769)

(f) (i) Name the cathode and anode used in the lithium ion cell.

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(ii) State any three advantages of hydrogen as a fuel.

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3.	. ,	on and working of CM sounter	5
	<ul><li>(a) Describe the principle, construction</li><li>(b) (i) Explain secular radioactive ed</li></ul>	_	2
		n equilibrium with 1g of <sup>231</sup> Th. The half life of	
	$^{235}$ U is $6.97 \times 10^9$ years while t		
	(c) Explain the basic components of a		5
	. , .	as tracers in Friedel-Craft's reaction and ester	5
	hydrolysis.		
	The state of the s	6.569MeV. If the mass of <sup>27</sup> Al and the neutron amu respectively. Calculate the mass of the	
	(f) Explain the thermonuclear reaction	ons on earth.	5
4.	Attempt any <b>three</b> of the following :—		
••	(a) Explain any two limitations of clas	ssical mechanics.	5
	(b) (i) State and explain Heisenberg		2
	(ii) A cricket ball weighing 50g	is to be located within $0.2 \times 10^{-10}$ m What	3
	is the uncertainity in its veloci	ity?	_
		om (100), (110), (111) planes of a given crystal	
	•	ectively. What type of a lattice does the crystal	
	possess?	oin 0	5
	(d) Derive Bragg's equation $n\lambda = 2ds$ (e) Explain the following with suitable		5
	(i) Linear operator	examples.	
	(ii) Commutative operator.		
	(f) State and explain any two laws of	f crystallography.	5
			4
5.	. (A) Choose the correct answer:—		
		etermination of molecular weight requires	ı
		netic macromolecules.	
	(i) large		
	(ii) small		
	(iii) both		
	(b) is a natural polyme	er.	
	(i) cellulose		
	(ii) Melamine		
	(iii) Nylon.	ahawat ayatana and ayan numbar of nautrona	
	. ,	nber of protons and even number of neutrons	ı
	will have spin.		
	(i) zero		
	(ii) integral		
	(iii) half integral.	to the energy of activation	
	(d) The rate of the reaction is	to the energy of activation.	
	(i) directly proportional		
	(ii) inversely proportional		
	(iii) not proportional.		
	OR	I TURN OVI	$-\nu$

				3		QP Code : 032	94
(A)	(p)	Silk is a	True or False :- in example of ar ing to the activate	inorganic po	-	er. of reactions rates, the rate constant	4
		of a rea	ctions is given b	y K = $\frac{RT}{Nh}$ e	ΔG°/R	रा	
		The rati		age molecul	ar w	eight to number average molecular	
<b>(D)</b>		v	•				4
(B)		n the follo <b>clumn M</b>	wing:—			Column N	4
		ass elect	rode		(i)	Bacon	
	(b) ΔS				` '	-nFE	
	(c) ∆C	à			(iii)	ion selective electrode	
	(d) Hy	drogen d	oxygen fuel cell		(iv)	$n F \left( \frac{\partial E}{\partial T} \right)_{P}$ $\left( \frac{\partial E}{\partial T} \right)_{T}$	
					(v)	$\left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial T}\right)_{T}$	
					(vi)	Redox electrode	
<b>(D)</b>	0		OR				_
(B)			<b>True</b> or <b>False</b> :-		catio	sfactorily in highly acidic solutions.	4
			<sub>G</sub> + 0.05916 pH	carrunction	Sauc	stactority in riigitily actuic solutions.	
		_	mperature coeffi	cient is positi	ve th	ne emf of the cell decreases with rise	
	(s)			ed in the exp	erim	ental determination of overvoltage.	
(C)	Choo	se the co	rrect answer :-				4
	(a)	In a bre	eder reactor <sup>238</sup>	U is converte	d int	to	•
		(i)	<sup>238</sup> Pu				
		(ii)	<sup>238</sup> <sub>93</sub> Pu				
		(iii)	<sup>238</sup> <sub>92</sub> Pu				
	(b)			ıld have		scintillation efficiency.	
		` '	low				
		` '	high				
		` ,	medium		_	tarta a se	
	(C)		ange $^{30}_{15}P \rightarrow ^{30}_{40}$ Si	requiress the	e em	nission ot :	
		• • •	α particle positron				
		(יי)	Position				

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(iii) neutron

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	(i) (ii)	) only total char	n  Ind number of nucleons ge is conserved. harge nor number of nuc	
(C)	(p) <sup>235</sup> U is (q) Radiact (r) In artific	cial radioactivity	terial. is essentially an irrversit there are no radiactive s	ole equilibrium. eries of elements formed. e of nuclear transmutation.
(D)	(a) The war (i) (ii) (iii) (b) The exp (i) (ii) (iii)	should be finite should be disconstant should be infinite should be sho	 e, single valued and con	
(D)	(p) $\frac{1}{x}$ is not		on of the operator $\frac{d^2}{dx^2}$ belongs to a unit cell.	3