Subject Chemistry PII I horganic Chemistry. Inorganisc churchy. QP Code: 77173 (21/2 Hours) [Total Marks: 75 N.B.: (1) All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full marks. (2) Use of log table/non-programmable calculator is allowed. Answer any three of the following :-(A) Define crystal field stabilization energy. Calculate C.F.S.E. for weak field octahedral complexes with d4 and d6 configurations. (B) Considering only sigma bonding, draw a neat labelled molecular orbital 5 diagram of hexa aqua titanium (III) ion. Explain its magnetic property. 5 (C) Write a short note on $M \to L \pi$ interactions. 5 (D) Explain crystal field splitting in tetrahedral complexes 2 (E) (a) Define (i) term (ii) microstate (b) Calculate the number of microstates for d² configuration. 5 (F) Write a short note on 'electron spin resonance spectrum' as an evidence for covalent bonding in coordination compounds. Answer any three of the following:-(A) Explain the terms 'stepwise stability constants' and 'overall formation constants.' How are they related to each other? (B) Give the reasons for the following:-3 (a) Co²⁺ ion when treated with excess of SCN⁻ ions gives blue solution but on dilution with water it changes to pink. 2 (b) phthalocyanine complex of Cu2+ is very stable. (C) What are labile complexes? Explain the relationship between electronic 5 configuration of the metal and the lability of the complex. (D) Discuss the possible mechanism for the 'acid hydrolysis' of cobalt ammine 5 complexes, with the help of any two evidences. 5 (E) Write notes on --(a) laporte orbital selection rule (b) spin selection rule. (F) Explain the Orgel diagram for d1 octahedral complex. [TURN OVER JD-Con.3841-16.

(30)
Sullawing:
3. Answer any three of the following: (A) Discuss the metal-metal exchange reactions and carbanion halide exchange reactions for the synthesis of organometallic compounds of main elements.
(A) Discuss the metal-metal exchange of organometallic composition of the synthesis of organometallic compositions.
reactions for the synthesis of organometallic compounds of main elements. (B) Explain the following reactions of organometallic compounds of group elements:
(B) Explain the following reactions of organometalite
group elements:-
group elements:- (i) redistribution reactions. (ii) reactions with oxygen and halogens. (C) Explain quadruple bonding in [Re ₂ Cl ₈] ²⁻ (D) With reference to ferrocene, discuss the following:-
(ii) reactions with oxygen and halogens.
(C) Explain quadruple bonding in [Re ₂ Cl ₈] ²
(D) With reference to ferrocene, discuss the following:
(i) reactions between iron and cyclopentadiene
to a to a serion of
(ii) sulphonation and oxidation reactions. (E) Discuss in detail the structure and bonding in terrocene on the basis of
valence bond theory.
(F) Give an account of the following:-
(a) reactions of organometallic compounds of main group elements with
protic reagents.
(b) acylation reactions of ferrocene.
4. Answer any three of the following:-
(A) Explain the reactions of (a) Borazine (b) Benzene with the following
reagents.
(i) HCl (ii) Br ₂ (iii) H ₂ O
(B) What is 'Biological Oxygen Demand'? Explain five day BOD test.
(C) Explain the process of anaerobic degradation.
(D) Explain 'colloidal route method' for the preparation of
(F) Give an account of the following inorganic pharmaceuticals
(i) MgSO ₄ . 7H ₂ O (ii) tincture iodine
(ii) infeture lodine
(F) Give an account of the following inorganic pharmaceuticals (i) MgSO ₄ . 7H ₂ O (ii) tincture iodine
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-3-	orbitals of complex (iii) 6
Answer the following:-	· · ·
(A) Select and write the most appropriate answer.	46
(a) The number of electrons in non-bonding T ₂ g of	orbitals of complex
[Fe(CN) ₆] ⁴⁻ is	
(i) 4 (ii) 5	
(b) The value of 10Dq in the case of tetrahedral of	complex is
of octahedral complex.	(iii) less than
(i) always greater than (ii) always equal to	
(c) The total number of microstates for p ² confi	(iii) 45
(i) 15 (ii) 20	
(d) The ground state term for d ¹ configuration i	
(i) ^{2}D (ii) ^{3}F	(iįj) D
OR	4
(A) State whether the following statements are true	e or talse.
(p) The d-d electron repulsions are less in com	pilexed metal ion man mar
in a free metal ion	
(q) The value of 10 Dq decreases on descer	nding a group of transition
al amounts	
(r) For a given value of 'S the state with highe	st'L' value is the most stable.
(s) For the resultant orbital angular momentum	m quantum number $L=4$, the
state symbol is G.	
	<u>^</u>
(B) Select and write the most appropriate answer	
(a) Among the following is the	most stable complex.
(a) Among the following is the (ii) [Mg OH] ⁺	(iii) [YOH] ²⁺
72+ forms the most stable complex wi	thligand.
(i) LiOH (ii) [Mg OH] ⁺ (b) Zn ²⁺ forms the most stable complex wi (i) NH ₃ (ii) Cl ⁻	(iii) en
(i) NH ₃ (ii) 61	
(c) Geometry of the intermediate formed (i) pentagonal bipyramid (ii) trigo	in S _{N²} mechanism is
(c) Geometry of the intermed (ii) trigo	nal bipyramid
(i) pentagonal dipyrainid (ii) and	
(iii) hexagon	volve
(d). M → L charge transfer transitions in the metal (ii) reduction of the metal (ii) reduction.	action of ligand
tenticular of the	200 000
(iii) oxidation of ligand.	
OR	

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(B) State whether the following statements are true or false. (B) In thermodynamic sense complexes are termed as labile or inert. (B) In thermodynamic sense complexes are termed as lability of the complex.
32 atatements are true as labile or mert.
(B) State whether the following statements are true or false. (p) In thermodynamic sense complexes are termed as labile or inert. (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the stability of the complex. (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the stability of the complex.
(p) In thermodynamic sense configuration in the sense configuration of chelaterings lesser is the sense mechanism.
of chelate
in complexes is also canted in complexes is much faster
(p) In thermodynamic sense control (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the self-sense (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the self-sense (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the self-sense (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the self-sense (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the self-sense (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the self-sense (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the self-sense (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the self-sense (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the self-sense (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the self-sense (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the self-sense (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is the self-sense (q) Greater the number of chelate rings lesser is also called as dissociative mechanism.
 (q) Greater the number of order (r) SN¹ mechanism in complexes is also called as dissociative mechanism in complexes is also called as dissociative mechanism in complexes is much faster (s) Base hydrolysis of octahedral cobaltammine complexes is much faster (b) Base hydrolysis of octahedral cobaltammine complexes is much faster
man diez
(C) Select and Write the most appropriate answer:- bonding.
(C) Select and Write the most upp
(a) Face to face overlap of two iii) π
i) o
(b) Ferrocene is soluble in
i) water ii) benzene iii) benze
i) water ii) benzene iii) benzene iii) henzene iii) iii) benzene iii) benzene iii) benzene iii) iii) iii) iii) iii) iii) iii) iii
reaction.
Manusch iii) alkylation
(1) Metal anner metal halide when treated with diazomethane under certain
conditions insertion takes place in M — Cl bond.
metal 111) methylene
i) halide OR
(C) State whether the following statments are true or false:-
(p) The metal hydrogen exchange reaction is called transmetallation
reaction.
(q) When methyl lithium reacts with silicon tetrachloride it forms organo
silicon compound.
(r) Ferrocene molecule is paramagnetic in nature.
(s) Organometallic compounds of the first few main group elements are
pyrophobic.
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(i) H₂S (ii) CO₂ (iii) CH₄
(b) The catalyst used in determination of C.O.D. value of sample of effluent is

(i) K₂Cr₂O₇ (ii) Ag₂SO₄ (iii) Hg₂SO₄
(c) The B-N bond length in borazine is

(i) 0.139 (ii) 0.144 (D) Select and write the most appropriate answer: (D) State whether the following statements are true or false (p) Sedimentation is the process in which waste water flow is slowed down (q) In borazine the electron cloud is more concentrated on boron. (r) Antacids help to neutralize excess acid secreted in the stomach. AT ITADIO 1. A. O. O. P. M. N. P. O. S. A. S. A. A. T. T. T. P. O. S. A. T. A. T. P. O. S. A. T. A. T. P. O. S. A. T. T. P. O. S. A. T. A. T. P. O. S. A. T. P. O. S. A. T. P. T. P. O. S. A. T. P. T. P. O. S. A. T. P. T.

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