

Notes: 1) All questions are compulsory.

2) For Q.1, Q.2, Q.3, attempt any one subquestion (each 8 mks) from part (a), and any three subquestions (each 4 mks) from part (b)

3) For Q.4 Attempt any three. (each 5 mks)

Q.1 (a) Attempt any one [Each 8]

1) Prove that if $x > 0, y > 0$ then i) $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $x < ny$ ii) $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $0 < \frac{1}{n} < y$ iii) $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $n - 1 \leq x < n$.

2) State and prove Nested Interval Property for \mathbb{R}

Q.1 (b) Attempt any three. [Each 4]

1) Prove that if S is a set bounded above, it cannot have two suprema.

2) State and prove the Triangle inequality for \mathbb{R}

3) Prove that if $x \in \mathbb{R}$ then there is $n \in \mathbb{N}$ such that $x < n$.

4) Find least upper bound & greatest upper bound for S

where $S = \{x \in \mathbb{R} / x^2 - x - 6 < 0\}$

Q.2 (a) Attempt any one [Each 8]

1) State and prove Bolzano Weierstrass theorem of \mathbb{R} .

2) Define monotone increasing and monotone decreasing sequence. Also prove that every monotone increasing sequence converges to upper bound if bounded above.

Q.2 (b) Attempt any three. [Each 4]

1) When is a sequence (a_n) of \mathbb{R} ($n \in \mathbb{N}$) said to be convergent? Using ϵ - δ definition, show that $(\frac{n+1}{n+2})$ is convergent and its limit is 1.

2) Define Limit Superior and Limit inferior and \limsup and

\liminf of i) $\{\frac{1}{n}\}$ ii) $(-1)^n n$.

3) Define a Cauchy sequence in \mathbb{R} and prove that n^3 is not a Cauchy sequence in \mathbb{R} .

4) Examine whether following sequences are bounded or not?

$$i) x_n = \frac{4}{n+2} \quad ii) a_n = 3n^2 + 6.$$

Q.3 (a) Attempt any one [Each 8]

- 1) State and prove Cauchy's criterion of convergence of series $\sum a_n$
- 2) Find fourier series of $f(x) = x^2$ in $[-\pi, \pi]$.

Q.3 (b) Attempt any three. [Each 4]

- 1) Let $\sum a_n, \sum b_n$ be convergent series converging to a, b respectively then if $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$ is fixed and $c_n = \alpha a_n$ then prove that $\sum c_n$ is convergent, converging to αa .
- 2) Determine convergence of series $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{\cos n\pi}{\sqrt{n}}$.
- 3) State and prove Modified ratio test for series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$.
- 4) State Cauchy's Root test and examine the convergence of $\sum \frac{4^n}{n^2}$.

Q.4 Attempt any three [Each 5]

- 1) Prove that If x & y are real numbers with $x < y$ then there exists an irrational number z such that $x < z < y$.
- 2) State and prove that Hausdorff Property of \mathbb{R} .
- 3) State and prove Sandwich Theorem.
- 4) Examine whether following sequences are bounded or not?
i) $x_n = \frac{4}{n+2}$ ii) $a_n = 3n^2 + 6$.

5) Define the power series and the radius of convergence of power series

and find the radius of convergence for $\sum \frac{1}{n3^n} x^n$.

6) State Comparison test for convergence of series and Examine the convergence

of the series $\sum \frac{n}{n^2 - \cos^2(n)}$.