

- Instruction: 1) All question are compulsory.
2) Each question carry equal marks.

Q 1) Solve the following (any 4)

[20]

- a) Find the explicit formula for a given recurrence relation $a_n = 5a_{n-1} + 3$, with $a_1 = 3$ using backtracking method.
b) Solve the recurrence relation $a_n = 8a_{n-1} + 10^{n-1}$, with $a_1 = 9$, using generating function.
c) Define transitive closure.

Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$. Let R and S be two relations defined on A . Find the transitive closure of $R \cup S$,

where $M_R = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ $M_S = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

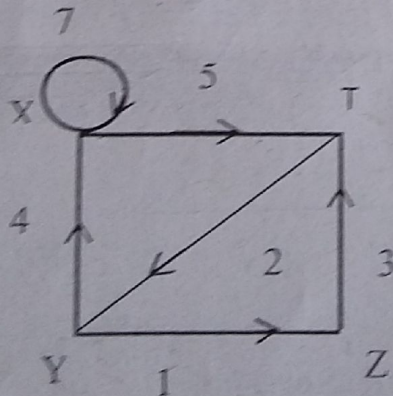
- d) Let a relation R defined on $\mathbb{Z}^+$ as aRb iff a/b then prove that $(\mathbb{Z}^+, /)$ is also poset.
e) Arrange the numbers 9, 6, 8, 10, 5 in ascending order using Bubble sorting algorithm.
f) Solve the recurrence relation $a_n = 3a_{n-1} + 4a_{n-2}$, with $a_0 = 0$, $a_1 = 5$.
g) Define the term i) Lattice ii) Distributive Lattice iii) Bounded Lattice.
h) Define the Hasse diagram. Determine the Hasse diagram of R on $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ whose

$M_R = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Q 2) Solve the following (any 4)

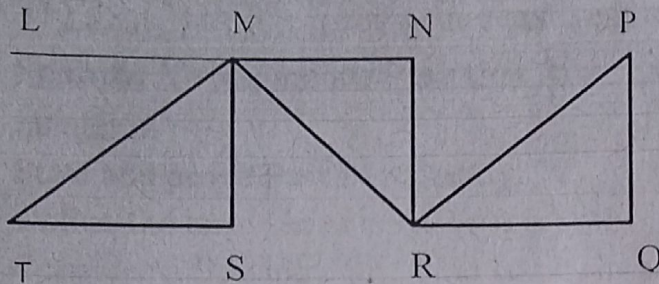
[20]

- a) Use Shortest-Path algorithm to find shortest path between the vertices of the following graph.

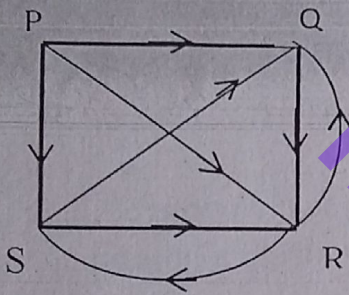


- b) Define the term i) Binary tree ii) Complete binary tree iii) Extended binary tree.

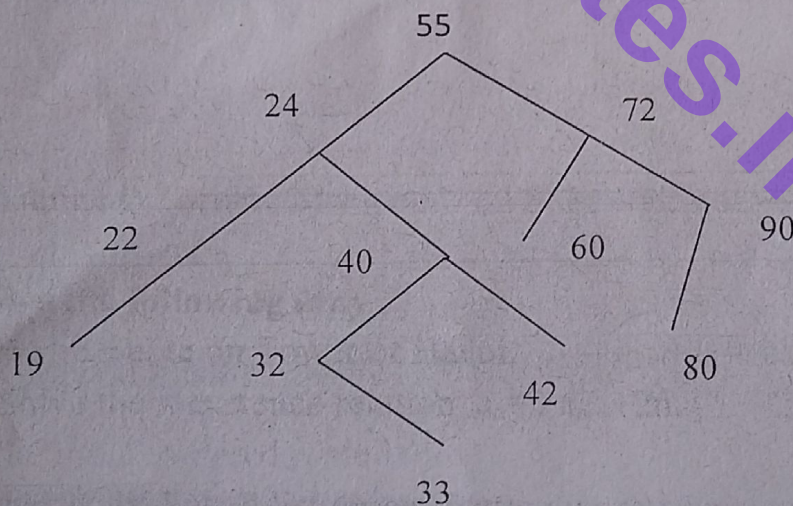
- c) i) Construct a tree of the algebraic expression $(X+(Y-(X+Y))) \times ((3 \div (2 \times 7)) \times 4)$
 ii) Give the adjacency list and adjacency matrix of complete graph of 5 vertices.
- d) Write the Depth First Search algorithm. Apply it on the following graph starting with vertex 'M'.



- e) Find the Path matrix for the following graph using Warshall's algorithm



- f) Write an algorithm on adding the value in binary search tree. Use it to add $V=36$.



- g) Write a note on Binary operations on the graph.

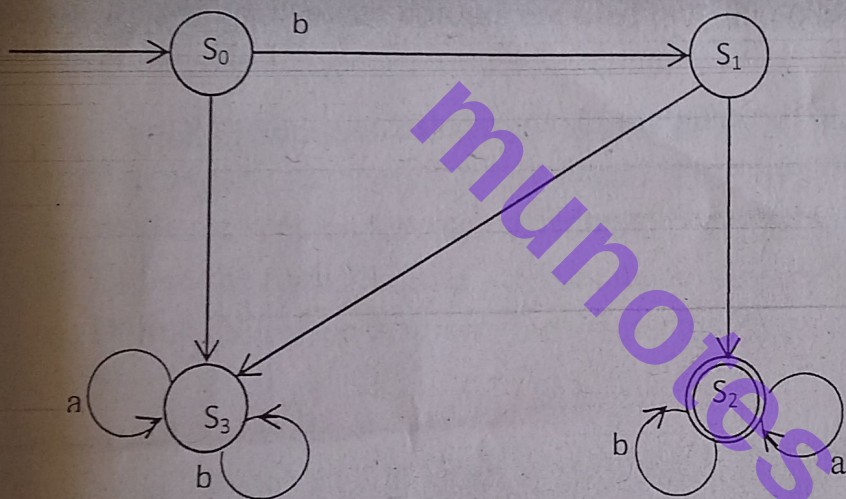
Q 3) Solve the following (any 4)

[20]

- a) State the Inclusion – exclusion principle.

How many positive integers not exceeding 100 are divisible by 3, 5 or 7?

- b) State the sum and product rule.
How many bit string are there of length 8? Also find how many of them ends with two bits 00?
- c) State the Binomial theorem . Use it to prove
i) $\sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} = 2^n$ for non-negative integer n.
ii) $\sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} 2^k = 3^n$, for non-negative integer n.
- d) State the Vandermonde's identity. Use it to prove $\binom{2n}{n} = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k}^2$ for non-negative integer n.
- e) State and prove Pascal's identity.
- f) Define the term Grammer. Write a note on the types of Grammer.
- g) Consider following FSA. Find states, input letters, initial state, accepting state, $f(s_1, b)$, write it's state table



- h) Define i) Turing Machine ii) finite state automata iii) types of languages.

Q 4) Solve the following (any 3)

[15]

- a) Write a note on Tower of Hanoi.
- b) Solve the recurrence relation $a_n = 3a_{n-1} + 2n$.
- c) Define i) ordered rooted tree
ii) linked list representation using vertex and edge file.