Q. P. Code: 52073

			[Time: Three Hours] [Marks. 1	00]
	N.B:	i)	Please check whether you have got the right question paper.  All questions are compulsory	
		ii)	Figures to the right indicate full marks	
		iii)	Draw neat and labeled diagrams whenever necessary	
0.1	A. Choos	se th	ne <b>correct option</b> from the following:	10
			ells surrounding the guard cell are called cells.	3335
	,		accessory ii) subsidiary iii) motor iii) bulliform	
	b)		is a complex permanent tissue.	A. 33.
	,		Parenchyma ii) Xylem iii) Collenchyma iv) Sclerenchyma	Ç.
	c)	Co	otton fibre is the part of tissue system.	
	,	i)	Epidermal ii) Vascular iii) Ground iv) Meristematic	
	4.			
	d)		are unicellular structures present on epidermis.	
		1) '	Glandular hairs ii) Scales iii) Ramentum iv) Dendroid hairs	
	e)		is the essential pigment for photosynthesis.	
	,		Anthocyanin ii) Carotene iii) Chlorophyll iv) Xanthophyll	
	f)		Pyruvate ii) PGA iii) RuBP iv) Glyceraldehyde	
	g)		ants during non-cyclic Photophosphorylation produce  ATP ii) NADPH iii) NADPH and ATP iv) NADH and ATP	
	h)		part of Zingiber officinale_is of medicinal importance.	
			i) Roots ii) Dried rhizome iii) Leaves iv) Entire plant	
	) (1)	\$ \$ 6	are the constituents of the basic molecular structure of the cell.	
		30	i) Primary metabolites ii) Secondary metabolites	
			iii) Alkaloids iv) Lectins	
AN EN	j)		i) Root ii) Leaf iii) Rhizome iv) Bark	
		9.9		
<b>2</b> 1.			ne following in <b>one sentence</b> :	10
			ite any two functions of parenchyma tissue.	
67			ite any two active constituents of <i>Aloe</i> .	
St. 70		) ~/: (	ame any two energy rich metabolites ow many NADPH &ATP molecules are required to fix one CO <sub>2</sub> molecule in Calvin	
			cle?	
	3 ( e)	$\wedge$	ate the functions of medullary rays.	
		200		
13. A. /	- LO 47 - 47 D	(37 A)	U . V 3 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7 A	

	Q. P. Code: 5207	3
Q.2	Answer <b>any two</b> from the following:  a) Describe T.S. of young Dicot stem. b) Explain the anatomy of monocot root. c) Explain the structure and functions of simple permanent tissues. d) Describe various epidermal appendages.	20
Q.3	<ul> <li>Answer any two from the following:</li> <li>a) Explain Calvin pathway in C<sub>3</sub> plants.</li> <li>b) Describe the process of fixation of carbon dioxide in C<sub>4</sub> plants.</li> <li>c) Describe the role of plant pigments involved in photosynthesis.</li> <li>d) Describe the process of Non-cyclic photophosphorylation.</li> </ul>	2
Q.4	<ul> <li>Answer any two from the following:</li> <li>a) What are secondary metabolites? Give types and functions of secondary metabolites?</li> <li>b) What is medicinal botany? Add a note on active constituents &amp; uses of Turmeric and Ginger.</li> <li>c) Give an account of botanical name, family, active constituents and uses of Sandalwood and Tulsi.</li> <li>d) What are the components of grandma's pouch? State the botanical name, family, source, active constituents and medicinal uses of Adulsa.</li> </ul>	20
Q.5	Write short notes on (any four):  a) Structure of Vascular bundles in monocot stem b) Phloem tissue c) Schematic representation of CAM pathway d) Active constituents of <i>Aloe</i> e) Primary metabolites f) Nature & role of light in photosynthesis	20