Note	:-	* All questions are compulsory.  PG-2 80  PG-2 80
Q. 1	A)	Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
2. 1	1)	Explain the following terms. (any four)
	2)	GILSP
	3)	Fed batch fermentation
	4) 5)	Impeller Roll - Rottle 41
- 1	6)	Roll - Bottle technique Innoculum development
	7)	Solid state fermentation
	8)	Pitch
	B)	Answer (any two) of the following.
	1)	Describe the operations carried out to paking.
No.	-	Describe the operations carried out to achieve aseptic conditions during fermentations.  Describe the operations carried out to achieve aseptic conditions during fermentations.
	2)	Describe the different types of
	4)	The control of the co
	٦)	and distribution.
. 2	-A)	Define the following terms (on the second
	1)	and growth rate constant
	2)	pH Allester to
	3)	Alkalophile
	4)	Hyperthermophile
	B)	State whether the following statements are true or false and if false, correct
_		and oraclement. (ally two).
	1)	Exponential phase is a unbalanced growth.
	2)	In turbidostat, the essential nutrient is in limiting quantities.
	3)	The enzyme, catalase, catalyzes the destruction of superovide radicals
146	4)	Gamma rays and X-rays are non-ionizing radiations.
	C)	Answer (any two) of the following.
	1)	Why do shift-up and shift-down experiments cause cells to enter unbalanced growth?
	2)	Briefly describe technique by which missabial associations and attended growth?
	3)	Briefly describe technique by which microbial population mass may be determined.
3	0)	What metabolic and structural adaptations for extreme temperatures do psychrophiles
		and thermophiles have?
	4)	How do microorganisms protect themselves against damage from U.V. and visible light
3	A)	Fill in the blanks. (any four)
	1)	Ions bound electrostatically to exchanger are referred to as
	.,,	
	<b>~</b>	(Cations, anions, counterions, nascent ions)
	2)	First detailed description of chromatography is credited to
		(Rosalind Franklin, Michael Tswett, Albert Einstein, Karry Millis)
	3)	imparts colour to the compound.
		(Auxochrome, Monochrome, Polychrome, Chromophore)

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A beam in which all	Lenguage as
(Polychromatic, Monochromatic, Chromatic, U.V.)  Packet of energy	The second state of the second
	Quanta, Power packs, Neutrinos)
6) hold the sample in spectroscopy.	
(Containers, Test tubes, Cuvettes, Suspension tubes)	nes)
7) When a solvent is used as an eluent du	uring development, it is known as isocratic
seperation. (double, single, Triple, Multiple)	ming development,
8) Gel permeation allows almost % so	lute recovery, (90%, 25%, 99%, 100%)
B) Define the following terms. (any two)	interesovery, (e-
1) Partition Co-efficient	
2) Diffraction pattern	is a secretary think of the solution
3) Auxochrome	POPULATION CONTRACTOR
4) Flow rate	Jene 1 Dio sto 1 ont
C) Answer (any two) of the following.	The Description of Fluresco
1) Ion exchange chromatography for counter ion exc	changing.
2) Gel permeation chromatography.	where Condition are even a stable of a
3) Instrumentation of U.V Visible spectrophotomet	
4) State Beer-Lambert's law and elaborate with an e	xample.
Write a note on (any three) of the following.	
1) Solid state fermentation	
2) Medium sterilisation	Stance Silbertail
B) Effect of pressure on microorganisms	
) Measurement of cell growth using the Petroff-Hau	
Absorption spectrum	A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
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