Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

[Time: 2:30 Hours]

N.B: 1. All questions are compulsory.

Q.P. Code :32312

[ Marks:75]

	2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
	3. Draw neat labeled diagram wherever necessary.	32.60
		A A
Q.1(a) State two	o applications of the following: (any one)	02
(i)	Immunofluorescence	5
(ii)	Radioimmunoassay (RIA)	
(b) Give one	e example of the following: (any one)	01
(i)	Incomplete antibody	
(ii)	Insoluble antigen	
(c) Answer	the following: (any two)	12
(i)	Give an account of working of Fluorescence-activated cell sorter and give any	7
	two of its applications.	
(ii)	Outline the general features of antigen-antibody reaction.	
(iii)	Explain indirect and sandwich ELISA.	
(iv)	Describe direct and indirect Coomb's test	
Q.2(a) Name th	e following: (any three)	03
(i)	Any one hormone produced by Zona glomerulosa	
(ii)	Disorder associated with hypothyroidism in children.	
(iii)	Hormone associated with Addison's disease.	
(iv)	Predominant hormone in the luteal phase of menstrual cycle.	
(v)	Transport protein for thyroid hormone.	
(vi)	An example of a C-18 steroid hormone of the gonads.	
(b) Answer the following: (any two)		12
(i)	Menstrual cycle is a good example of coordination among hormonal functions Elaborate.	<b>;</b> -
(ii)	Discuss the physiological and any three biochemical functions of DHT	
(iii)	Describe the effects of thyroid hormones on metabolism	
(iv)	Give an account of the biochemical functions of cortisol.	
Q.3(a) Identify	the pathway to which the following enzymes belong: (any three)	03
(i)	Acetoacetate decarboxylase	
(ii)	Enoyl ACP reductase	
(iii)	Glycerol 3 – phosphate dehydrogenase	
(iv)	PS decarboxylase	
(v)	HMG CoA synthase	
(vi)	Isopentenylpyrophosphate isomerase	
	P.T.	О.

Q.P. Code :32312 12 (b) Attempt the following questions: (any two) Schematically represent the reactions of fatty acid biosynthesis (i) (ii) Describe the reactions for biosynthesis of Triacylglycerol from DHAP. Write the flow-sheet for conversion of activated isoprene to cholesterol. (iii) Describe the cellular strategies for attaching phospholipid head group. (iv) Q.4(a) Do as directed: (any three) 03 Define positron emission. (i) Give an example of source of radiation in electron microscope. (ii) State True/false: Thermocouples are used as detectors in spectrofluorimeters. (iii) Fill in the blank:\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the commonly used unit for radioactivity. (iv) Choose the correct option: \_\_\_\_\_ stained specimens are observed in confocal (v) microscope (Flurorescent/azo dye). State true/false: Infrared spectrophotometry can be used to study protein (vi) conformation. (b) Attempt the following: (any two) 12 Describe the process of image formation in confocal microscopy. (ii) Discuss the working of liquid scintillation counter. What are basic components of spectrofluorimeter? Briefly discuss its working. (iii) (iv) Justify: Radioactive isotopes have a wide range of applications in biological science. Q.5 Write short notes on: (any three) 15 (a) Regulation of fatty acid synthesis (b) Role of β Hydroxybutyrate as a fuel (c) Specimen preparation in TEM. (d) Disorders associated with deficiency of calcitriol (e) Mechanism of action of group I hormones (f) Immunoprecipitation