Q. P. Code: 33973

2 ½ Hours

Total Marks: 75

- 1) Attempt all questions.
- 2) All questions carry equal marks.
- 3) Draw **neat labelled diagrams** wherever necessary.
- 4) Use of log tables and non-programmable calculator is allowed.
- 5) For Q.2, Q.3 and Q.4 attempt A and B OR C and D.

Q.1 Do as directed (Any fifteen)

15

- 1. Give significance of molecular diagnostics.
- 2. Give significance of using mixture of phenol and chloroform in DNA isolation procedure.
- 3. State the use of proteinase K.
- 4. State the significance of polyT or polyU oligomers in mRNA isolation.
- 5. How depurination of larger fragment of DNA is is achieved during blotting?
- 6. Proteins are separated using
- 7. State true or false: Enzymatical amplification of RNA is called PCR
- 8. Give an application of Taq Pol.
- 9. What is UNG?
- 10. Who is the Inventor of PCR?
- 11. Define Forward primer.
- 12. State true or false: DNA can be found in aerosol
- 13. Give an application of thermostable DNA ligase.
- 14 State true or false: Exonuclease-I can degrade primers.
- 15. Give the full form of VNTR
- 16. State true or false: RFLPs can be used as original molecular targets for gene mapping, human identification, and parentage testing.
- 17. In sickle cell anaemia valine is inserted into the polypeptide instead of

Y - Y .		
(6/6)		
\mathbf{x}	Lionorrhan is called by the microbe	
	Gonorrhea is caused by the microbe	

- 19. State true or false: Fragile X Syndrome leads to Mental Retardation.
- 20. Define Clinical Genetics.

Paper / Subject Code: 79006 / Molecular Diagnostics

Q. P. Code: 33973

Q. 2 A	Explain restriction enzyme mapping.	08
Q. 2 B	Elaborate on DNA probes and protein probes	07
	OR ATTEMENT	
Q. 2 C	Explain the initial steps in nucleic acid isolation depending on the nature	08
	of the starting material.	
Q. 2 D	Explain in detail the DNA transfer methods from gel to membrane.	.07
Q. 3 A	Explain the process of PCR.	08
Q. 3 B	Discuss the process of synthesis of cDNA.	07
	OR	
Q. 3 C	What is Real time PCR and explain it in detail.	08
Q. 3 D	Discuss: Primer designing.	07
Q. 4 A	Discuss molecular testing for Neisseria.	08
Q. 4 B	What is an Informed Consent? Mention all the information that should	07
	be provided in an Informed Consent Form for Clinical Genetic testing.	
	OR	
Q. 4 C	Diagrammatically explain the application of RFLP in detection of Sickle cell anaemia	08
Q. 4 D	Explain the classification of Genetic testing Indications.	07
Q 5	Write Short notes on any three of the following	15
a.	Specimen requirements for HIV viral assays.	
b.	Patents relating to molecular diagnostics.	
c.	Physical methods used for control of PCR contamination.	
d.	PCR product clean-up	
e.	Any one Method used for probe labelling.	
7 01. V	CONTRACTOR STATE OF THE CONTRACTOR STATE OF THE STATE OF	

Page **2** of **2**