VCD: 140522Class: FYBT

SUB: LIFE SCIENCES I: PHYSIOLOGY AND ECOLOGY

21/2 HOURS

**TOTAL MARKS: 75** 

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.
- 3. Use of log tables and non-programmable calculator is allowed.
- 4. For Q 2, Q 3 and Q 4 attempt A and B OR C and D.

. Se	elect the appropriate option for the following questions.  40
1.	The accepts electrons from cytochrome b6f complex and donates them to PS1. (PSII, Plastocyanin, Pheophytin, ATP Synthase).
2.	is helpful in eradication of weeds. (Gibberellins, Auxin, Cytokinin, ABA).
3.	is a common air pollutant and is also a powerful plant hormone. (Ethylene Sulphur Dioxide, CO2, CO).
4.	A major amount of incident light about 10 percent is (Reflected Transmitted, Absorbed, Adsorbed).
5.	Cyclic photophosphorylation involvessystem. (PS I & PS II, PS II, FMN PSI).
6.	The production of ATP in the membrane of the thylakoids is known as(Photoinhibition, Photophosphorylation, Photoinduction, Photoactivation).
7.	is a Hill's reagent. (Phosphate, Oxalic acid, Potassium oxalate Dichlorophenolindophenol).
8.	Breathing is also called (Pulmonary ventilation, pulmonary contraction, pulmonary relaxation, pulmonary extension).
9.	Oxygenated blood passes from the left atrium into the left ventricle guarded by a valve which is called a valve. (Sinus valve, bicuspid valve, pulmonary artery, tricuspid valve).
10	is the blood vessel which supplies blood to the kidney. (Renal tubules, rena arteries, blood vessels, renal tube).
11	In normal, quiet breathing, the primary muscle involved in inspiration is the, a dome shaped muscle that separates the thoracic cavity from the abdominal cavity. (diaphragm, sternum, carina, trachea)
12	. Which of the following prevents entry into the windpipe? (Trachea, larynx, epiglottis pharynx)
13	natural pacemaker of the heart. (sinus node, left node, parietal node, natural node)

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14. In an ecosystem, energy flows in a non-cyclic manner (unidirectional). Se	et the order of
flow of energy from (sun to carnivores to herbivores to producers to herbivores to carnivores, sun to herbivores, carnivores to so	icers Sun to
	1.60
15. The are producers or transducers which convert or transduce rainto chemical form. (Herbivore, carnivores, green plants, top predator).	adiant energy
16. The pattern of eating and being eaten forms a linear chain called Food taken, Food consumption. Food uptake)	(Food chain,
<ol> <li>is an ecosystem which is man-engineered and maintained artific (Natural ecosystem, Artificial ecosystem, Environmental ecosystem)</li> </ol>	cially by man. em, Climatic
18. Mutually beneficial relationships between species are called as commensalism, ectoparasites, decomposers).	(Mutualism,
19. Living organisms, atmosphere and earth maintain between them a circula and moisture, which is referred to as Cycle. (Carbon, Water, A	ir, Nitrogen).
<ol> <li>Degradation of nitrate is called (Denitrification, Nitrification, nitrogen formation)</li> </ol>	gen fixation,
Q.2 A. Write a note on non-cyclic photophosphorylation.	07
Q.2 B. What is Hill's reaction? Write significance of Hill's reaction.	04
Q.2 C. Give an account of C4 cycle.	07
Q. 2 D. Write a note on ethylene.	04
Q.3 A. Describe the structure of a human heart with a neat labeled diagram.	20000000
Q.3 B. write a note on Hemoglobin.	07 04
OR OR	
Q.3 C. Give a brief account on respiratory tract in humans with labeled diagrams	. 07
Q.3 D. Give a brief account on glomerular filtration.	04
Q.4 A. Elaborate on non-living and living components of an ecosystem.	1000
	07
Q.4 B. Write in brief about oxygen cycle.  OR	04
Q.4 C. Describe in detail about parasitism with suitable examples	07
Q.4 D. Describe the water cycle in detail.	
and Mater bythe in detail.	04
which of the following providing goldy into the windpipe? (Traches, Jaryns, epigle	
Q5. Do as directed (Any Two)	00
a. Correct and rewrite the statement: Ethylene is also known as' anti-	<b>02</b> -aibberellin'
nomono.	Sippor Gilli
<ul><li>b. Define ATP synthase.</li><li>c. Explain the term 'commensalism'.</li></ul>	
d. Define: Ecosystem.	