2 1/2 Hours

TOTAL MARKS: 75

1.	Attem	nt all	dupet	inne
١.	Allem	plan	quest	10115

- 2. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
- Use of log tables and non-programmable calculator is allowed.
 For Q 2, Q 3 and Q 4 attempt A and B OR C and D.

Q 1	Select the appropriate option for the following questions: 40
1.	The term enzyme was coined by
	(Fredrick W.Kuhne, Eduard Buchner, James Summner, Louis Pasteur)
2.	Which of the following enzymes was first isolated and crystallized by James
	Sumner?
	(Lipase, Cellulase, Urease, Amylase)
3.	A complete catalytically active enzyme together with a bound coenzyme and
	metal ion is called a (Apoenzyme, Proenzyme, Zymogen,
	Holoenzyme)
4.	According to the international enzyme classification system all known enzymes
_	are divided intoclasses. (Four, Five, Six, Seven)
5.	According tothe active site of an enzyme is a rigid and pre shaped
	template where only a specific substrate can bind.
	(Substrate strain theory, Koshland's model, Fischer's template theory,
6.	Hidden Markov Model.) is the most frequently found amino acid at the active site of enzymes.
0.	(Proline, Methionine, Serine, Phenylalanine)
7.	When the effect of temperature on enzyme activity is studied curve is
١.	observed.
	(Bell shaped, Straight line, Sigmoid, L-shaped.)
8.	Vaccine produced by weakening a pathogen is known as vaccine.
	(Attenuated, Intensified, Dispersed, Killed)
9.	provides the first line of defence against infection.
	(Adaptive Immune response, Specific Immunity, Innate Immunity, Acquired
	Immunity)
10.	The ability of the immune system to distinguish self from nonself is known as
	recognition)
11.	The ingestion of extracellular particulate material happens by
	(Phagocytosis, Lysosome, Chemotaxis, Pinocytosis)
12.	is produced within the host cell itself.
40	(Exogenous antigen, Endogenous antigen, Foreign antigen, Carcinogens)
13.	One of the most sensitive techniques for detecting antigen or antibody
	is(Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent Assay, Western Blotting, Northern Blotting,
	Radioimmunoassay)
14.	In the chance of a susceptible individual contacting an
17.	infected individual is low.
	(Adaptive Immunity, Herd Immunity, Innate Immunity, Non Specific Immunity)
15.	Which measure of central tendency includes the magnitude of scores?
	(Mean, Mode, Median, Range)
16.	Which of the following diagrams is used to find the value of mode graphically?
	(Pie chart Bar graph Histogram None of the above)

The mean of 9 observations is 16. One more observation is included and the new 17. mean becomes 17. The 10th observation is (18, 26, 30, 7)18. The numerical value of a standard deviation can never be (Negative, Zero, Larger than the variance, Same as central tendency) The type of variable which can take fixed integer values is classified as 19. (flowchart variable, discrete variable, continuous variable, measuring variable) In statistical analysis, the sample size is considered large if 20. (n>or =30, n<or =30, n>or =50, n<or =50) With a neat labelled diagram explain the effect of substrate concentration Q. 2 A 07 on enzyme activity. Write a short note on enzyme specificity. Q. 2 B 04 OR Q. 2 C Enlist the factors affecting enzyme activity. Explain in detail the effect of 07 any one factor on enzyme activity. Write a short note on double reciprocal plot. Q. 2 D 04 Write a note on Anatomic Barriers. Q. 3 A 07 Explain Radial immunodiffusion technique. Draw a neat labelled diagram. Q. 3 B 04 OR In brief, explain types of Enzyme linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA). Q. 3 C 07 Write a short note on antigen-presenting cells. Q. 3 D 04 State and explain Range. What are its merits, demerits and uses? Q. 4 A 07 Grain lengths of rice are given below. Calculate the mean, and standard Q. 4 B 04 error. Grain length (mm) No. of grain 9-11 12-14 5 15-17 9 18-20 3 OR Find the mean, median and mode of the following data given below: Q. 4 C 07 Class 15 - 2525-35 35-45 55-65 45-55 65-75 boundarie Frequency 11 19 14 2 Q. 4 D Merits and Demerits of Arithmetic Mean. 04 02 Q. 5 Do as directed (Any Two) Define the active site of an enzyme. a. Name cardinal events of inflammation. b. C. What is an equivalence zone? Advantages of graphical representation of data. d.