12

		[Time: Three Hours]	[Marks:100]			
	N.I	Please check whether you have got the right question paper. 1. All questions are compulsory. 2. Answers to the same questions must be written together. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 4. The use of log tables / non – programmable calculator is allowed.				
Q.1	A) Select the correct option and complete the following sentences					
	i)	If the rate of a reaction = $K[A]^x [B]^y [C]^z$ then the order of a reaction is (a) $\frac{x+y}{z}$ (b) xyz (c) $x+y+z$	<u> </u>			
	ii)	With increase in molecular mass of a liquid, the viscosity				
	iii)	The rate of a chemical reaction				
100 C	iv)	Insect can walk on the surface of water due to				
	v)	The element with maximum metallic character in Group 15 is (a) Nitrogen (b) Arsenic (c) Bismuth				
	vi)	Group 13 elements are block elements (a) s (b) p (c) d				

vii)	is a harmful product of photochemical smog
	(a) Peroxyacyl nitrate
	(b) CuSO ₄
	(c) FeCl ₃
	The general electronic configuration of Group 17 elements is
	a) ns^2np^1
	b) ns ² np ⁵
(c) ns ² np ⁴
,	nong the following will exhibit optical isomerism
	CH₃COCOOH
(b)	CH₃CHOHCOOH
	CH ₃
(c)	CH₃CH-COOH
x) A p	lane polarized light is obtained by passing an ordinary light through
· •	Spectrophotometer Spectrophoto
	Nicol's Prism
` /	oH. meter
. , .	
xi) The	e absolute configuration of L Glyceraldehyde is
(a)	
(b)	
(c)	
xii) T	The spatial orientation of the atoms of a molecule is called
	Constitution
5 60 6 17/	Configuration
	Composition
33 3 X	
B) <u>Sta</u>	te whether the following statements are true or false
15 2 5 C	

- i) Acid catalysed inversion of a cane sugar (sucrose) is the first order reaction.
- ii) The oxidation states exhibited by Group 15 elements are +1 and +2.
- iii) Fischer Projection formula represents molecule in staggered conformation.

03

	C)	Match the Following Columns:-		05
		Column A	Column B	
	i)	Number displays	a) second order reaction	
	ii)	Amphoteric oxide	b) 2 ⁿ isomers	
	iii)	Quick lime	c) Liquid crystals	14 14 14 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18
	iv)	$2CH_3CHO_{(g)} \rightarrow 2CH_{4(g)} + 2CO_{(g)}$	d) Al ₂ O ₃	
	v)	'n' number of asymmetric Carbon	e) CaO	S. S. Kr.
Q.2A	i)	A first order reaction is 70% complete in 180 sec. Calculate the time required for the completion of 95% reaction.		
	ii)	Explain the graphical representation	a first order reaction.	03
			OR	
A	A i) Calculate the time required for the completion of 40% and 60% of a first order reaction whose rate constant K=2.18 x 10 ⁻³ sec.			er reaction, 05
	ii)	Explain Acid catalysed inversion of a cane sugar (sucrose).		
В	i)	In the determination of surface tension of a liquid by the drop number method, it gives 53 drops while water gave 25 drops for the same volume. The densities of the liquid and water are 0.996 and 0.800 gcm ⁻³ respectively. Find the surface tension of the liquid if that of water is 72×10^{-3} Nm ⁻¹		
A POP	ii)	Give the classification of liquid Cryst	ls.	03
	1 500 1000		OR	
B	B i) The refractive index at 295.9K of ethyl alcohol for D-line is 1.3611 and its densit gcm ⁻³ . Calculate the molar refraction of ethyl alcohol. (Given:CH ₃ CH ₂ -OH C=12, H=1, O=16)			ensity is 0.7885 05
	ii)	Write any three factors which affect the viscosity of a liquid.		
	i)	Define (a) Molecularity of a read	ion (b) Half time of a reaction	02
	ii)	Define (a) Surface tension	(b) Coefficient of viscosity	02
		Pag	OR 3 of 7	
2,03,00	XXX	1 4 4 2 V		

C	i)	Define (a) Order of a reaction	(b) Rate of a reaction	02	
	ii)	Define (a) Relative viscosity	(b) Liquid crystals	02	
3A	i)	Lithium behaves differently with statement.	respect to other elements of Group 1. Justify the	04	
	ii)	What are the similarities between beryllium and aluminium? 04			
			OR		
A	i)	What is allotropy? Explain any two allotropic modifications of sulfur. 0			
	ii)	What are the oxidation states exhibited by group 14 elements? Elaborate with respect to inert pair effect.			
В	i)	What are the different types of oxides formed by alkali metals? Explain the method of formation of any two types of oxides.			
	ii)	Write the general formula of hydroxides formed by Group 2 elements. Describe the variation in the basic character of the hydroxides of Group 2 elements.			
			OR		
В	i)	What are nitrides? Give complete (a) Hydrolysis of lithium nitride (b) Hydrolysis of beryllium nitride (c) Heating of magnesium nitride		04	
A A A	ii)	Give one method of preparation of two applications of the carbides.	of alkali metal and alkaline earth metal carbides? Write	04	
C	How is sodium bicarbonate prepared? Give one physical property and two applications of sodium bicarbonate.				
101.00 102.00		8, 8, 4, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8,	OR		
C	Give one	method of preparation, one chemic	al property and two applications of sodium hydroxide	04	

03

04

Q.4A i) Convert following Newman projections into Fischer Projections and identify the meso isomer.



ii) In a molecule of 1-Bromo-1-chloroethane how many stereogenic centres are there? Draw enantiomers of it. Will this molecule be optically active or inactive?

OR

- A i) Distinguish between Enantiomers and Diastereoisomers.
 - ii) Using Newman Projection Formula draw different conformations of n-butane considering $(C_2 C_3)$ bond. Comment on their relative stabilities with energy profile diagram. 05
- B i) Explain geometric isomerism in olefins and cyclic compounds with suitable example 04
 - ii) What is meant by the term Threo and Erythro? Explain with suitable example. 04

OR

B i) Label the following as diastereoisomers / enantiomers / meso isomers

1) Me
$$C=C$$
 Me and H $C=C$ H

2) CHO CHO
$$H \longrightarrow OH \qquad \text{and} \quad HO \longrightarrow H$$

$$CH_2OH \qquad CH_2OH$$

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- ii) Draw Fischer Projection Formulae of any two isomers of 2,3 dichlorobutane and convert them into Sawhorse Projections
- \mathbf{C} Assign R or S descriptors to the following molecules. Justify your answer. 04

1)
$$H_5C_2 \xrightarrow{H} C1$$
 SO_3H

$$H_5C_2$$
 H_5C_2 $C1$ CHO H $COOH$ $COOH$ $COOH$

OR

- \mathbf{C} What is conformation? Draw the most stable and least stable conformation of ethane using Newman 04 Projection and Sawhorse Projection.
- Attempt **any Four** of the following **Q.5**
 - **A.** Derive an expression for the rate constant of a second order reaction with equal initial 05 concentrations of the two reactants.
 - **B.** i) Explain Ostwald's isolation method of determination of a order of a reaction. 02 03
 - ii) Draw a neat, labelled diagram of Stalagamometer and give its use.
 - C. Describe any two sources of sulfur oxide emissions and the health hazards caused by these 05 emissions.
 - **D.** What are the different types of oxides of nitrogen which act as air pollutants? 05 Describe two control techniques of nitrogen oxide emissions.
 - E. i) Assign E/Z descriptors to the following geometrical isomers. Justify your answer 03

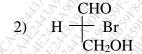
ii) What is racemic mixture? 02

F. i) Which of the following compound have stereogenic centre?

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- 1) 2 Chloro-2-methylbutane
- 2) 3 iodopentane
- 3) 2 bromobutane
- ii) Assign D and L configuration to the following compounds

02





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