## VC-D | 8 2 | 17SYBCOM-B.LAW - SEM III FEB 2017 75 MARKS-2 1/4 HOURS

QIA) State whether True or False with Reason (Any 4) (8mks)
1) Agency can be created without consideration. (8mks)
2) All contracts are agreements.
3) Silence when equivalent to speech amounts to fraud.
4) An indemnifier cannot sue the third party in his own name.
5) Consideration can be past, present or future.
6) Gratuitous Bailment is without consideration.
7) Agreements in restraint of trade are void.
QIB) Multiple choice question (any7)
1) In sale, is transferred. (ownership, possession) (7mks)
2) In case of destruction of goods after sale, loss is born by the
(seller, buyer)
Sales areata
(right in rem, right in personam)
# Risk prima facie passes with ( possession , ownership)
is a supulation that is
Primary b) Secondary e) Incidental d) Irrelevant
arity of an Instrument is
Date on which Instrument is created b) Date on which Instrument is Payable c) Date on Strument is signed d) None of the above.
DA bill of exchange be conditional (can come the conditional can
8) For bouncing of Cheque the maximum imprisonment can be years.
(1, 2, 3, 4,) years.
9) In case of bills in sets
a) Only one copy need to be signed and Stamped b) All Copies need to be signed & Stamped     Do Copy need to be signed and Stamped d) Only one copy requires Stamp or Signature  10) Under Sale of Goods Act. Good reference.
10) Under Sale of Goods Act, Good refers to (movable, immovable)

Q2A) Discuss briefly the position of a minor with regards to the contracts entered by I (12mks) Q2B) A's nephew was missing .He sent his servant to trace his missing nephew. When servant had left, A, announced a reward of Rs 500 to anybody who finds his missing t or gives information regarding his missing nephew. The servant discovered the missir nephew. Later when he came to know about the reward, he claimed for the same. Is the (3 mks) master liable to pay to the servant. Justify. OR (15 mks) Q2A) Write short notes (Any3) 1) Void Agreements. 2) Fraud. 3) Valid Contract. 4) Classification of contracts 5) Mistake. Q3A) Explain the various ways by which an agency may arise. (12 mks) Q3B) "A" employs "B" as a clerk on monthly salary. "C" stands surety for B's duly accounting for all sum received as a clerk. "A" and "B" subsequently change from m salary to commission without C's consent. What will be the liability of C's (3 mks OR (15 mks) Q3C) Write short notes (Any3) 1) Modes of discharge of Surety. 2) Contract of Bailment. 3) Contract of Indemnity. 4) Types of Bailment. 5) Contract of Guarantee. Q4A) Who is an unpaid seller. What are his rights. Q4B) "P" buys a hot water bottle from "L", a chemist. "P", buys the bottle on the recommendation of "L". After a few days, while using the bottle it burst and injured (3 mks) wife. Can "P" claim any damages. OR (15 mks) Q4C) Write short notes (Any3) 1) Distinguish between Sale and Agreement to Sell. Implied Condition

3) Goods and Price

- 4) Risk prima facie basses with property.
- 5) Caveat Emptor.
- Q5A) What is a Bill of Exchange? Explain its essential Chart eristic. How does a Promissory note differ from a Bill of Exchange. (12 mks)
- Q5B) Decide whether it is a Bill of Exchange or not with reason.
- "B", I shall be highly obliged if you make it convenient to pay Rs.500 to "C". (3mks)

OR

Q5C) Write short notes (Any3)

(15 mks)

- 1) Noting and Protest.
- 2) Types of Cheque
- 3) Rules of evidence in case of Negotiable Instrument.
- 4) Classification of negotiable Instrument.
- 5) Statutory Protection to bankers