VCD - 14-3-14 -FYBCOM-SEMESTER II-BUSINESS ECONOMICS I- 60 Mks-2Hrs-1800

Note: 1) All Questions are Compulsory.	
2) Figures to right indicates full marks.	
Q. 1 Answer the following (Any TWO)	
A) Short run equilibrium of a firm under differential cost	(15)
B) Long run equilibrium under monopoly	
C) Selling cost and its effect	
Q. 2 Discuss the following (Any TWO)	ingrakenedika ja
A) Conditions for price discrimination	(15)
B) Multi product pricing	· The buyes of ACL Association
C) Causes of market failure	
.3 Explain the following (Any TWO)	
A) Meaning and Importance of capital budgeting	(15)
B) Importance and difficultion of	
B) Importance and difficulties of project planning	
C) Comparison between NPV and IRP	AND AND AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE P

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stater whether the following stater	ments are True OR False with Reasons. (Any 4)
1. In oligopoly there are many sellers. 2. In perfect competition firm is a price aircl cost.	
3. Price is not less than marginal costs	ns of public goods.
5. Capital budgeting pertains to investing 6. Pay back period method is the simple	HEIR -
B) Fill in the blanks. (Any 7)	
1.Demand curve of a firm in perfect cor	npetition is
a) Horizontal	b) Vertical
c) Downward slopping	d) Upward slopping
2. For a monopoly firm	
a) AR=MR	b) AR>MR
c) AR <mr< td=""><td>d) None of the above</td></mr<>	d) None of the above
3. In oligopoly market there are	
a) Many sellers	b) Single seller
c) Two sellers	
4. Pricing of products depends upon	d) Few sellers
a) Demand and supply	
c) Form of market	b) Nature of the product
	d) All the above

5 is not a condition for price discrimination.		
a) Non-transferability of goods	b) Government's sanction	
c) Homogeneous products	d) Consumers ignorance	
6. In economics, a difference in access to relevant knowledge is called		
a) An information gap	b) A frontier gap	
c) Information asymmetry	d) Access imperfection	
7. Future value may be defined as		
a) The discounted value of future cash flows		
b) The interest rate earned on future cash flows		
c) The compounded value of future cash flow		
d) The opportunity cost of future cash flows		
8. A project is profitable if NPV is		
a) Zero	b) One	
c) Negative	d) Positive	
9. Pay back period method of capital budgeting primarily focuses on		
a) The current rate of interest		
b) The rate of profitability of assets		
c) Time period required to recover original investment		
d) The cost of acquiring capital assets.		
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