ours Marks: 75
questions are compulsory subject to internal choice
gures to right indicate marks.
iple Choice Questions: (Any 8 out of 10) (8
erm refers financial investment in a highly risky and growth oriented venture
he objective of earning a high rate of return.
Venture Capital
Merchant Banking
Leasing
None of these
te equity is ainvestment fund, as its current market price be easily determined
annot be transferred for a certain period of time.
Open Ended
Close Ended
Active
None of the above
structure is generally used where domestic investors are also expected to participat
fund.
Offshore
Co-investment Co-investment
Unified
Mezzanine
trade-off is an effort to achieve a balance between the desire for the lowest
ble risk and the highest possible return.
Risk
Return
Risk Return
Dividend
is a transaction that companies use to acquire other business.
Private Equity
Corporate Finance
Venture Capital
LBO (Leverage Buy-out)
e of the portfolio company to another private equity firm, also known as a is
e equity.
Secondary sale
Buy back
IPO
Mergers & acquisitions

25107

Paper / Subject Code: 85402 / Venture Capital and Private Equity

7.		possess professional expertise and play a promotional role in organising a perfect match between the supply and demand for capital in the market.			
	(i)	Issuers	ppry and demand for	capital in the market.	
	(ii)	Investors			
	(iii)	Intermediaries			
	(iv)	Venture Capitalist			
	(11)	venture Cupiturist		2, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,	
8.		•	buy equity stakes is	n high potential companies.	
	(i)	Venture Capital			
	(ii)	Private Equity	OF CO		
	(iii)	Growth Capital			
	(iv)	Mezzanine Capital			
9.	·	is a hybrid	d of debt and equity	financing that is typically used to finance the	
	expans	sion of existing compar	nies.		
	(i)	Private Equity	4, 60		
	(ii)	Mezzanine financing			
	(iii)	Venture capital	6, 7,		
	(iv)	LBO (Leverage Buy-	out)		
10	0. When	a fund exits its investm	nent through a/an	it does so through an offering of	
		to the public.	20, 5		
	(i)	IPO	15° 15° 1		
	(ii)	Promoter Buy – back			
	(iii)	Sale to other PE	457		
	(iv)	Mergers & Acquisition	ons		
Q1) (B) Matcl	h the following: (Any	7)	(7)	
长		AT C	P. Se.	B	
a)) Start u	p Financing		1) Domestic Investments	
b)) Co-in	vestment structure		2) Combination of Offshore &	
6	G Th	D'1		Domestic Investment.	
(e)			5 . ST.	3) Human error	
$\langle \rangle$ d		h Capital		4) Sale to other PE firm	
e) f)		Piligence dary Sale		5) Repurchase of shares6) Funding for expansion	
g)		oter Buyback		7) Examination of potential	
5	Tionic	ner Buyback	4	investment	
h	Secor	nd stage Financing	V AS	8) Expansion Capital	
i)		d Structure		9) Launch Phase	
j) j)		tional Risk		10) Default in payment	
37	3		A OF	1 3	
Q2) a) Define	Venture Capital and sta	ate its features?	(8)	
		n players in private equi		(7)	
) Emplain	. prayers in private equ	OR		
02) =	20:			.:19	
	(uish between Private E	. P		
E d) Explain	the role of Venture Ca	ipital.	(7)	
Y'	_ ~ ~ ~		_		

25107 Page 2 of 3

Paper / Subject Code: 85402 / Venture Capital and Private Equity

Q3) a) Explain Legal Structure of Venture Capital/Private equity in India.	(8)
b) Explain business cycle of Private Equity.	(7)
OR OR	A E
Q3) c) Explain different types of Risk.	(8)
d) Discuss various Valuation Approaches & techniques in	
Venture Capital/Private Equity.	(7)
Q4) Explain Leveraged Buyout.	(15)
OR ST	
Q4) Explain Due Diligence in detail.	(15)
Q5) a) Explain exit strategy - Sale to other Strategic Investors	(8)
b) Explain Promoters Buyback.	(7)
OR OR	doll
Q5) Short Notes (Any Three)	(15)
a) Seed Financing	
b) Distressed Debt	Y
c) Discounted Cash flow method of Valuation	
d) Capital Risk	
e) Growth Capital	
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25107